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UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ITS POSSESSIONS

Volume VIII—Number 3

THIRD QUARTERLY BULLETIN, 1937

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(II)

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

**J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.**

Volume 8 **October 1937** **Number 3**

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Classification of Offenses.

The term "offenses known to the police" is designed to include those crimes designated as part I classes of the uniform classification occurring within the police jurisdiction, whether they become known to the police through reports of police officers, of citizens, of prosecuting or court officials, or otherwise. They are confined to the following group of seven classes of grave offenses, shown by experience to be those most generally and completely reported to the police: Criminal homicide, including (*a*) murder, nonnegligent manslaughter, and (*b*) manslaughter by negligence; rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary—breaking or entering; larceny—theft; and auto theft. The figures contained herein include also the number of attempted crimes of the designated classes. Attempted murders, however, are reported as aggravated assaults. In other words, an attempted burglary or robbery, for example, is reported in the bulletin in the same manner as if the crime had been completed.

"Offenses known to the police" include, therefore, all of the above offenses, including attempts, which are reported by the police departments of contributing cities and not merely arrests or cleared cases. Complaints which upon investigation are learned to be groundless are not included in the tabulations which follow.

In order to indicate more clearly the types of offenses included in each group, there follows a brief definition of each classification:

1. *Criminal homicide.*—(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter—includes all felonious homicides except those caused by negligence. Does not include attempts to kill, assaults to kill, justifiable homicides, suicides, or accidental deaths. (*b*) Manslaughter by negligence—includes only those cases in which death is caused by culpable negligence which is so clearly evident that if the person responsible for the death were apprehended he would be prosecuted for manslaughter.

2. *Rape.*—Includes forcible rape, statutory rape, assault to rape, and attempted rape.

3. *Robbery.*—Includes stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as highway robbery, stick-ups, robbery armed. Includes assault to rob and attempt to rob.

4. *Aggravated assault.*—Includes assault with intent to kill; assault by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by use of acids. Does not include simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. *Burglary—breaking or entering.*—Includes burglary, housebreaking, safe-cracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or theft. Includes attempted burglary and assault to commit a burglary. Burglary followed by a larceny is entered here and is not counted again under larceny.

6. *Larceny—theft (except auto theft).*—(*a*) Fifty dollars and over in value. (*b*) Under $50 in value—includes in one of the above subclassifications, depending upon the value of the property stolen, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, or any stealing of property or thing of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, passing worthless checks, etc.

7. *Auto theft.*—Includes all cases where a motor vehicle is stolen or driven away and abandoned, including the so-called "joy-riding" thefts. Does not include taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker, or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

In publishing the data sent in by chiefs of police in different cities, the F B I does not vouch for their accuracy. They are given out as current information which may throw some light on problems of crime and criminal-law enforcement.

In compiling the tables, returns which were apparently incomplete or otherwise defective were excluded.

Extent of Reporting Area.

In the table which follows there is shown the number of police departments from which one or more crime reports have been received during the first 9 months of 1937. Information is presented for the cities divided according to size. The population figures employed are estimates as of July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census for cities with population in excess of 10,000. No estimates were available, however, for those with a smaller number of inhabitants and, accordingly, for them the figures listed in the 1930 decennial census were used.

The growth in the crime-reporting area is evidenced by the following figures for the first 9 months of 1932–37:

Year	Cities	Population	Year	Cities	Population
1932	1,546	52,802,362	1935	2,050	64,012,959
1933	1,638	62,041,342	1936	2,271	65,319,548
1934	1,727	62,391,056	1937	2,358	65,811,861

The foregoing comparison shows that during the first 9 months of 1937 there was an increase of 87 cities as compared with the corre-

sponding period of 1936, the population represented for those cities being 492,313.

In addition to the 2,358 city and village police departments which submitted crime reports during 1937, one or more reports were received during that period from 1,182 sheriffs and State police organizations and from 8 agencies in possessions of the United States. This makes a grand total of 3,548 agencies contributing crime reports during 1937.

Population group	Total number of cities or towns	Cities filing returns		Total population	Population represented in returns	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Total	983	887	90.2	60,281,688	58,314,632	96.7
1. Cities over 250,000	37	37	100.0	29,695,500	29,695,500	100.0
2. Cities 100,000 to 250,000	57	57	100.0	7,850,312	7,850,312	100.0
3. Cities 50,000 to 100,000	104	101	97.1	6,980,407	6,773,170	97.0
4. Cities 25,000 to 50,000	191	173	90.6	6,638,544	5,986,591	90.2
5. Cities 10,000 to 25,000	594	519	87.4	9,116,925	8,009,059	87.8

NOTE.—The above table does not include 1,471 cities and rural townships aggregating a total population of 7,497,229. The cities included in this figure are those of less than 10,000 population filing returns whereas the rural townships are of varying population groups.

MONTHLY RETURNS

Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Population.

There is presented in table 59 the number of offenses reported as committed during the first 9 months of 1937 by police departments in 1,759 cities with an aggregate population of 59,420,889. The data are also presented in the form of crime rates for cities divided according to size, in order that interested individuals may readily compare the crime rates of their communities with the average figures for cities of approximately the same size.

The compilation shows generally that there is a tendency for the larger cities to report higher crime rates than the smaller communities. This tendency is in line with the data published for prior years. For offenses of robbery and auto theft, the crime rates vary directly in accordance with the size of city.

More than one-half (53.6 percent) of the crimes reported were larcenies, while other offenses against property, consisting of 41.6 percent of the total crimes reported, were as follows: Burglary, 22.7 percent; auto theft, 15.1 percent; and robbery, 3.8 percent. It should be noted that although robberies represented only 3.8 percent of the total, there were 23,766 such crimes reported by contributing police departments. The remaining 4.8 percent of crimes consisted of felonious assaults, rapes, negligent manslaughters, and murders. The amount of each type of crime is indicated in the following percentage distribution:

Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent	Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent
Total	1,045.9	100.0	Robbery	40.0	3.8
			Aggravated assault	35.5	3.4
Larceny	559.9	53.6	Rape	6.5	.6
Burglary	237.4	22.7	Murder	4.6	.4
Auto theft	157.9	15.1	Manslaughter	4.1	.4

More detailed information concerning the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission and value of property stolen may be found in tables 67, 68, and 69.

Most of the police departments forwarding crime reports to the F B I divided offenses of larceny into two groups, those in which the value of property stolen was $50 or more and those in which the value was less than $50. Of the cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants, 84 reported larceny data classified in accordance with the foregoing, and a separate compilation of that information is presented below:

Population group	Larceny—theft	
	$50 and over in value	Under $50 in value
31 cities over 250,000; total population, 19,505,100:		
Number of offenses known	15,308	99,782
Rate per 100,000	78.5	511.6
53 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,315,212:		
Number of offenses known	5,191	43,705
Rate per 100,000	71.0	597.5

Of the 163,986 larcenies classified according to the value of property stolen, 20,499 (12.5 percent) were cases in which the value of the property exceeded $50.

TABLE 59.—*Offenses known to the police, January to September, inclusive, 1937; number and rates per 100,000, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I								
35 cities over 250,000; total population, 28,558,500:								
Number of offenses known	1,438	[1] 1,434	2,194	15,381	10,101	[2] 54,672	[2] 130,066	[2] 41,353
Rate per 100,000	5.0	5.3	7.7	53.9	35.4	255.4	607.7	193.2
GROUP II								
56 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,702,312:								
Number of offenses known	384	[3] 371	412	2,956	[4] 3,642	22,947	51,380	13,859
Rate per 100,000	5.0	4.9	5.3	38.4	48.8	297.9	667.1	179.9
GROUP III								
87 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 5,891,123:								
Number of offenses known	339	180	347	2,055	3,032	15,491	35,975	9,465
Rate per 100,000	5.8	3.1	5.9	34.9	51.5	263.0	610.7	160.7
GROUP IV								
149 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 5,168,124:								
Number of offenses known	164	107	289	1,184	1,517	12,067	30,131	7,288
Rate per 100,000	3.2	2.1	5.6	22.9	29.4	233.5	583.0	141.0
GROUP V								
439 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 6,811,861:								
Number of offenses known	212	137	325	1,243	1,670	11,155	29,823	6,922
Rate per 100,000	3.1	2.0	4.8	18.2	24.5	163.8	437.8	101.6
GROUP VI								
993 cities under 10,000; total population, 5,288,969:								
Number of offenses known	175	111	289	947	1,055	7,736	15,290	3,644
Rate per 100,000	3.3	2.1	5.5	17.9	19.9	146.3	289.1	68.9
Total 1,759 cities; total population, 59,420,889:								
Number of offenses known	2,712	[5] 2,340	3,856	23,766	[6] 21,017	[7] 124,068	[7] 292,665	[7] 82,531
Rate per 100,000	4.6	4.1	6.5	40.0	35.5	237.4	559.9	157.9

[1] The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 33 cities with a total population of 26,830,300.

[2] The number of offenses and rate for burglary, larceny and auto theft are based on reports of 34 cities with a total population of 21,404,200.

[3] The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 55 cities with a total population of 7,578,812.

[4] The number of offenses and rate for aggravated assault are based on reports of 54 cities with a total population of 7,468,212.

[5] The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 1,756 cities with a total population of 57,569,189.

[6] The number of offenses and rate for aggravated assault are based on reports of 1,757 cities with a total population of 59,186,789.

[7] The number of offenses and rate for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on reports of 1,758 cities with a total population of 52,266,589.

Daily Average, Offenses Known to the Police, 1937.

In table 60 there are presented data on the number of offenses committed during the first 9 months of 1937. The table includes 91 cities having a total population of 36,260,812. The data are presented in the form of daily averages. The compilation discloses that murder and aggravated assault were most frequently committed in the third quarter of the year. For offenses against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft), the opposite trend was shown. The highest number of offenses for those classifications occurred during the first quarter of the year.

TABLE 60.—*Daily average, offenses known to the police, 91 cities over 100,000, January to September, inclusive, 1937*

[Total population, 36,260,812, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Month	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
January	5.9	[1] 7.5	8.0	79.8	[2] 45.0	[3] 301.6	[3] 658.2	[3] 212.2
February	6.8	7.4	8.6	81.7	41.8	305.0	683.5	221.5
March	7.0	7.0	10.2	75.2	43.1	318.8	677.5	214.5
April	6.0	6.9	10.5	64.8	47.3	289.3	684.2	211.1
May	6.8	5.8	10.2	55.9	51.4	264.6	643.1	194.1
June	6.6	5.9	10.7	58.5	52.6	262.1	638.1	192.1
July	7.0	6.1	8.9	61.7	58.2	267.9	650.6	184.1
August	7.0	6.0	8.8	64.4	59.5	278.7	673.3	192.0
September	7.0	6.9	10.0	63.5	53.6	271.9	675.2	200.5
January to March	6.5	7.3	8.9	78.8	43.3	308.6	672.7	215.9
April to June	6.5	6.2	10.4	59.7	50.4	271.9	655.0	199.0
July to September	7.0	6.3	9.2	63.2	57.1	272.8	666.3	192.1
January to September	6.7	6.6	9.5	67.2	50.3	284.3	664.6	202.2

[1] Daily averages for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 88 cities with a total population of 34,409,112.

[2] Daily averages for aggravated assault are based on reports of 89 cities with a total population of 36,026,712.

[3] Daily averages for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on reports of 90 cities with a total population of 29,106,512.

Daily Average, Offenses Known to the Police, 1931–37.

Table 61 is presented in order to make available information on the annual variation in the amount of crime committed. The compilation is based on reports from 68 cities representing a total population of 19,126,702 and includes reports for the first 9 months of the calendar years 1931–37.

The compilation discloses an increase in the number of offenses committed during 1937 as compared with the number reported for 1936. This is particularly true with reference to offenses against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft). Robberies increased from 8,297 to 9,443, burglaries from 44,645 to 48,032, larcenies from 112,089 to 128,109, and auto thefts from 34,516 to 36,126.

The data included in table 61 are also presented in figure 13.

TABLE 61.—*Daily average, offenses known to the police, 68 cities over 100,000, January to September, inclusive, 1931–37*

[Total population, 19,126,702, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Year	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Number of offenses known:								
1931	1,145	1,014	908	14,649	7,752	51,400	113,040	64,435
1932	1,186	779	945	13,952	7,015	56,419	116,535	54,615
1933	1,246	879	985	13,529	8,716	57,540	122,576	51,790
1934	1,122	604	965	11,148	7,875	54,396	120,446	47,976
1935	999	561	1,219	9,513	7,491	51,811	122,872	41,604
1936	958	568	1,168	8,297	7,942	44,645	112,089	34,516
1937	976	719	1,318	9,443	7,915	48,032	128,109	36,126
Daily average:								
1931	4.2	3.7	3.3	53.7	28.4	188.3	414.1	236.0
1932	4.3	2.8	3.4	50.9	25.6	205.9	425.3	199.3
1933	4.6	3.2	3.6	49.6	31.9	210.8	449.0	189.7
1934	4.1	2.2	3.5	40.8	28.8	199.3	441.2	175.7
1935	3.7	2.1	4.5	34.8	27.4	189.8	450.1	152.4
1936	3.5	2.1	4.3	30.3	29.0	162.9	409.1	126.0
1937	3.6	2.6	4.8	34.6	29.0	175.9	469.3	132.3

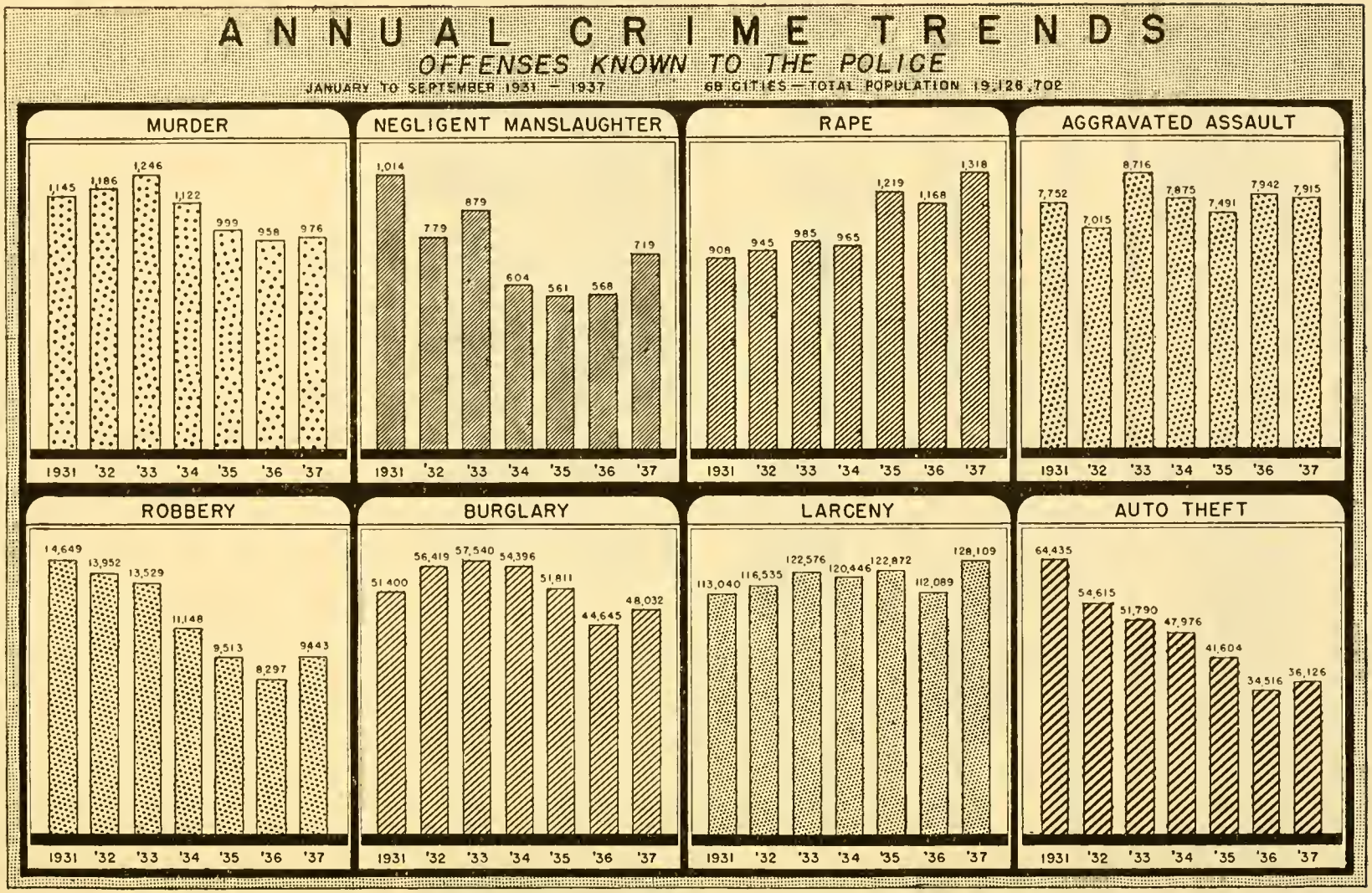
ANNUAL CRIME TRENDS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE
JANUARY TO SEPTEMBER 1931 – 1937
68 CITIES – TOTAL POPULATION 19,128,702
MURDER
1,145
1,186
1,246
1,122
999
958
976
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
1,014
779
879
604
561
568
719
RAPE
908
945
985
965
1,219
1,168
1,318
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
7,752
7,015
8,716
7,875
7,491
7,942
7,915
ROBBERY
14,649
13,952
13,529
11,148
9,513
8,297
9443
BURGLARY
51,400
56,419
57,540
54,396
51,811
44,645
48,032
LARCENY
113,040
116,535
122,576
120,446
122,872
112,089
128,109
AUTO THEFT
64,435
54,615
51,790
47,976
41,604
34,516
36,126
1931 '32 '33 '34 '35 '36 '37

FIGURE 13.

Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Location.

In table 62 there is presented information concerning the number of police departments whose reports were employed in the preparation of figures representing crime rates for the individual States. This information is included here in order to show the number of such contributors divided according to size of city, and it is believed it will be helpful in evaluating the crime data for individual States, since table 59 has indicated that there is a noticeable tendency for the large cities to report higher crime rates than the smaller communities. It should be further observed that in several instances the number of records entering into the construction of State rates is quite limited. In some cases the figures for individual States are based on reports from only four or six police departments. Obviously, the crime rates based on such a limited number of records may differ considerably from the figures which would result if reports were available from all urban communities in the State.

In table 63 there are presented the crime rates for the individual States, together with figures for nine geographic divisions of the country.

TABLE 62.—*Number of cities in each State included in the tabulation of uniform crime reports, January to September, inclusive, 1937*

Division and State	Population						Total
	Over 250,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	Less than 10,000	
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION							
New England: 165 cities; total population, 5,547,295	2	12	10	26	58	57	165
Middle Atlantic: 455 cities; total population, 18,066,623	6	11	18	23	122	275	455
East North Central: 440 cities; total population, 15,863,216	9	10	24	48	97	252	440
West North Central: 214 cities; total population, 4,938,025	4	5	7	10	50	138	214
South Atlantic: [1] 113 cities; total population, 3,440,952	2	6	12	12	24	57	113
East South Central: 56 cities; total population, 1,980,961	3	3	3	4	17	26	56
West South Central: 104 cities; total population, 3,127,752	3	4	6	8	24	59	104
Mountain: 70 cities; total population, 1,199,671	1	1	2	6	13	47	70
Pacific: 142 cities; total population, 5,256,394	5	4	5	12	34	82	142
New England:							
Maine			1	1	6	8	16
New Hampshire			1	2	4	5	12
Vermont				1	1	6	8
Massachusetts	1	8	5	11	36	30	91
Rhode Island	1		2	4	5	4	16
Connecticut		4	1	7	6	4	22
Middle Atlantic:							
New York	3	4	6	10	44	100	167
New Jersey	1	4	5	6	29	56	101
Pennsylvania	2	3	7	7	49	119	187
East North Central:							
Ohio	5	3	4	15	26	69	122
Indiana	1	4	3	9	12	29	58
Illinois	1	1	7	9	28	72	118
Michigan	1	2	8	7	19	58	95
Wisconsin	1		2	8	12	24	47
West North Central:							
Minnesota	2	1			11	52	66
Iowa		1	3	5	5	29	43
Missouri	2		2	2	8	15	29
North Dakota				1	3	5	9
South Dakota				1	5	3	9
Nebraska		1	1		6	15	23
Kansas		2	1	1	12	19	35
South Atlantic:							
Delaware		1				3	4
Maryland				2	3	4	9
Virginia		2	1	3	4	7	17
West Virginia			2	1	4	10	17
North Carolina			5	2	5	9	21
South Carolina			1	2	1	3	7
Georgia	1		3	1	3	4	12
Florida		3		1	4	17	25
East South Central:							
Kentucky	1		1	2	5	12	21
Tennessee	1	3			2	7	13
Alabama	1		1	1	4	6	13
Mississippi			1	1	6	1	9
West South Central:							
Arkansas			1	1	2	10	14
Louisiana	1		1	1	4	5	12
Oklahoma		1		2	7	23	33
Texas	2	3	4	4	11	21	45
Mountain:							
Montana				2	2	5	9
Idaho					1	7	8
Wyoming					2	3	5
Colorado	1		1	1	4	11	18
New Mexico				1	2	3	6
Arizona			1	1		5	7
Utah		1		1	1	10	13
Nevada					1	3	4
Pacific:							
Washington	1	2		2	7	10	22
Oregon	1			1	4	7	13
California	3	2	5	9	23	65	107

[1] Includes District of Columbia.

TABLE 63.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to September, inclusive, 1937, by States*

Division and State	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION						
New England	1.0	13.1	9.8	183.6	345.9	131.4
Middle Atlantic	2.9	20.5	27.4	[1] 128.8	[1] 254.6	[1] 111.2
East North Central	3.4	59.7	29.0	223.4	568.4	131.4
West North Central	3.3	32.5	12.0	198.5	576.2	134.2
South Atlantic [2]	15.3	70.4	147.6	424.0	953.5	208.0
East South Central	17.0	62.8	[3] 115.6	334.2	590.8	174.8
West South Central	11.9	41.3	63.2	321.2	877.5	136.8
Mountain	4.0	46.7	16.8	315.3	803.2	225.6
Pacific	2.9	52.3	20.2	372.0	865.1	343.2
New England:						
Maine	.4	7.4	36.7	209.4	356.5	126.5
New Hampshire	.5	2.8	5.2	101.6	210.7	45.9
Vermont	1.2	5.9	0	75.9	342.9	67.6
Massachusetts	1.0	16.3	9.0	185.3	337.7	147.3
Rhode Island	1.1	5.2	7.4	124.7	331.6	65.5
Connecticut	1.0	11.4	9.1	234.1	409.0	143.1
Middle Atlantic:						
New York	2.9	11.4	25.0	[4] 113.5	[4] 309.1	[4] 102.3
New Jersey	2.5	21.5	44.6	189.1	373.4	117.9
Pennsylvania	3.2	38.8	24.8	112.9	165.8	114.3
East North Central:						
Ohio	4.1	69.4	30.8	267.6	734.0	167.8
Indiana	4.4	45.3	36.6	232.1	635.3	168.3
Illinois	3.8	82.1	29.5	238.9	321.3	77.0
Michigan	2.1	40.6	32.0	192.4	753.1	165.2
Wisconsin	1.1	7.1	4.8	87.9	446.4	94.6
West North Central:						
Minnesota	1.0	25.5	7.7	198.5	425.6	164.9
Iowa	1.6	20.8	11.0	198.1	529.6	152.3
Missouri	5.6	49.0	14.7	194.6	708.2	114.0
North Dakota	2.9	26.6	15.2	235.6	423.8	140.6
South Dakota	0	18.0	5.4	125.9	478.6	111.5
Nebraska	2.2	20.5	9.6	95.7	313.6	129.1
Kansas	5.3	28.3	17.1	294.8	825.3	111.1
South Atlantic:						
Delaware	6.7	31.0	38.5	237.0	525.0	154.9
Maryland	2.2	25.5	21.0	159.4	458.9	127.3
Virginia	13.6	54.4	164.5	391.4	1,113.5	180.4
West Virginia	7.7	46.5	56.9	219.3	632.0	147.6
North Carolina	19.5	47.5	338.7	364.1	572.4	184.4
South Carolina	11.1	18.8	124.7	147.0	810.9	117.0
Georgia	25.6	77.9	77.7	558.0	1,108.4	201.7
Florida	17.7	89.1	182.9	611.0	1,127.5	159.4
East South Central:						
Kentucky	14.0	70.8	107.9	390.1	749.8	238.6
Tennessee	18.5	82.4	[5] 189.3	317.3	480.3	175.2
Alabama	20.3	39.1	73.9	312.8	593.2	134.0
Mississippi	11.3	17.3	45.8	269.1	495.9	62.5
West South Central:						
Arkansas	13.2	52.8	72.3	300.3	789.1	69.1
Louisiana	12.2	24.5	72.8	134.7	303.3	81.9
Oklahoma	6.6	41.3	45.2	285.5	944.6	71.6
Texas	13.2	46.7	63.9	406.5	1,090.6	184.7
Mountain:						
Montana	4.7	40.7	12.5	159.5	871.7	265.0
Idaho	0	34.3	4.9	246.5	540.2	168.1
Wyoming	4.9	44.5	3.3	145.0	823.9	128.5
Colorado	4.1	46.7	16.5	291.9	652.7	156.3
New Mexico	7.3	30.6	24.7	371.0	1,290.6	234.3
Arizona	6.0	72.4	46.6	433.8	1,027.2	425.2
Utah	2.0	48.2	10.2	425.2	770.2	247.7
Nevada	5.4	29.9	10.9	353.2	1,551.2	464.5
Pacific:						
Washington	2.3	51.0	15.5	454.0	853.4	245.8
Oregon	1.4	74.0	14.1	458.8	1,092.3	236.9
California	3.2	50.2	21.9	345.8	842.9	374.7

[1] The rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on the reports of 454 cities with a total population of 10,912,323.

[2] Includes report of District of Columbia.

[3] The rate for aggravated assault is based on the reports of 54 cities with a total population of 1,746,861.

[4] The rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on the reports of 166 cities with a total population of 3,509,066.

[5] The rate for aggravated assault is based on the reports of 12 cities with a total population of 495,513.

Data for Individual Cities With More Than 100,000 Inhabitants.

The number of offenses reported as having been committed during the third quarter of 1937 is shown in table 64. The compilation has been limited to the reports received from police departments in cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants. Such data are included here in order that interested individuals and organizations may have readily available up-to-date information concerning the amount of crime committed in their communities. Police administrators and other interested individuals will probably find it desirable to compare the crime rates of their cities with the average rates shown in table 59 of this publication. Similarly, they will doubtless desire to make comparisons with the figures for their communities for prior periods, in order to determine whether there has been an increase or a decrease in the amount of crime committed.

With reference to the possibility of comparing the amount of crime in one city with the amount of reported crime in other individual communities, it is suggested that such comparisons be made with a great deal of caution, because differences in the figures may be due to a great variety of factors. The amount of crime committed in a community is not chargeable to the police but is rather a charge against the entire community. The following is a list of some of the factors which might affect the amount of crime in a community: The composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race; the economic status and activities of the population; climate; educational, recreational, and religious facilities; the number of police employees per unit of population; the standards governing appointments to the police force; the policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts; the attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems. Comparisons between the crime rates of individual cities should not be made without giving consideration to the above-mentioned factors. It should be noted that it is more important to determine whether the figures for a given community show increases or decreases in the amount of crime committed than to ascertain whether the figures are above or below those of some other community.

In examining a compilation of crime figures for individual communities it should be borne in mind that in view of the fact that the data are compiled by different record departments operating under separate and distinct administrative systems, it is entirely possible that there may be variations in the practices employed in classifying complaints of offenses. On the other hand, the crime reporting manual has been distributed to all contributors of crime reports and the figures received are included in this bulletin only if they apparently have been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the manual, and the individual department has so indicated.

TABLE 64.—*Number of offenses known to the police, July to September, inclusive, 1937, cities over 100,000 in population*

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					$50 and over	Under $50	
Akron, Ohio	2	68	41	289	82	401	109
Albany, N. Y.	1	9	11	66	30	198	39
Atlanta, Ga.	35	98	85	722	121	931	260
Baltimore, Md.	20	198	11	550	191	656	648
Birmingham, Ala.	27	36	55	331	64	500	167
Boston, Mass.	2	100	56	331	229	708	701
Bridgeport, Conn.		4		76	52	166	99
Buffalo, N. Y.	7	24	53	131	111	522	181
Cambridge, Mass.		11	2	101	21	134	103
Camden, N. J.		4	34	22	7	69	22
Canton, Ohio		27	29	137	(1)	270	34
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12	23	(2)	74	20	300	62
Chicago, Ill.	61	1,195	438	2,967	810	3,320	744
Cincinnati, Ohio	11	166	120	640	244	1,462	305
Cleveland, Ohio	26	387	73	596	101	3,032	557
Columbus, Ohio	6	83	39	555	158	898	211
Dallas, Tex.	14	50	93	400	35	1,243	279
Dayton, Ohio	3	39	38	83	35	738	165
Denver, Colo.	3	47	10	331	129	280	124
Des Moines, Iowa		17	6	148	20	473	132
Detroit, Mich.	16	326	272	942	245	4,744	863
Duluth, Minn.	1	5	2	34	57	297	74
Elizabeth, N. J.		9	13	137	17	171	36
El Paso, Tex.	1	12	9	135	15	298	27
Erie, Pa.	1	19	12	58	21	67	49
Evansville, Ind.	4	8	4	63	17	346	83
Fall River, Mass.	1	5		113	12	121	20
Flint, Mich.	3	27	51	202	78	537	163
Fort Wayne, Ind.	1	14	4	80	24	454	62
Fort Worth, Tex.	9	12	17	247	27	599	60
Gary, Ind.	4	35	23	119	8	171	56
Grand Rapids, Mich.	1	9	6	215	27	485	75
Hartford, Conn.		9	18	182	30	374	114
Houston, Tex.	24	74	84	441	67	1,110	312
Indianapolis, Ind.	5	74	102	526	220	1,047	286
Jacksonville, Fla.	6	30	47	282	113	610	68
Kansas City, Kans.	6	31	13	213	(1)	204	23
Kansas City, Mo.	14	81	18	273	(1)	511	141
Knoxville, Tenn.	8	13	(2)	251	31	168	30
Long Beach, Calif.	1	27	7	362	91	534	163
Los Angeles, Calif.	11	272	126	1,794	803	2,547	2,101
Louisville, Ky.	13	123	138	565	138	919	315
Lowell, Mass.			1	39	22	62	44
Lynn, Mass.	1	8		122	25	240	39
Memphis, Tenn.	12	80	196	207	26	224	97
Miami, Fla.	8	45	250	336	63	279	75
Milwaukee, Wis.	1	12	11	115	53	1,152	224
Minneapolis, Minn.	1	31	17	387	154	842	321
Nashville, Tenn.	15	39	124	162	(1)	285	205
Newark, N. J.	10	30	180	265	93	902	384
New Bedford, Mass.		3	1	78	36	272	25
New Haven, Conn.	1	11	9	187	51	226	90
New Orleans, La.	26	24	83	116	60	192	93
New York, N. Y.	85	273	887	866	(2)	(2)	1,775
Norfolk, Va.	9	24	49	191	9	358	129
Oakland, Calif.	6	89	41	398	59	850	229
Oklahoma City, Okla.	3	34	58	169	67	515	55
Omaha, Nebr.	2	6	12	19	11	111	74
Paterson, N. J.	2	13	20	92	9	67	46
Peoria, Ill.	1	6	15	23	16	52	87
Philadelphia, Pa.	26	179	253	505	181	460	582
Pittsburgh, Pa.	6	408	31	371	186	392	512
Portland, Oreg.	4	95	25	524	181	1,114	262
Providence, R. I.	3	3	13	85	28	187	69
Reading, Pa.	1	12	11	67	24	137	31
Richmond, Va.	10	30	161	323	93	844	145
Rochester, N. Y.	1	10	8	134	39	457	84
St. Louis, Mo.	18	97	47	341	(1)	2,452	377
St. Paul, Minn.	1	16	4	240	51	304	117
Salt Lake City, Utah	1	26	5	212	16	294	139
San Antonio, Tex.	6	57	66	312	121	538	155
San Diego, Calif.		16	4	90	25	165	142
San Francisco, Calif.	9	75	97	497	(1)	1,735	1,090
Scranton, Pa.		9	14	124	17	99	79
Seattle, Wash.	2	49	11	716	131	771	378
Somerville, Mass.		4		31	7	44	39

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] Not reported.

TABLE 64.—*Number of offenses known to the police, July to September, inclusive, 1937, cities over 100,000 in population*—Continued

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					$50 and over	Under $50	
South Bend, Ind	1	6	1	68	22	90	45
Spokane, Wash		22	27	201	63	552	103
Springfield, Mass		1	3	76	25	267	69
Syracuse, N. Y		5	9	107	26	242	105
Tacoma, Wash	2	9		92	10	204	62
Tampa, Fla	4		23	129	23	106	21
Toledo, Ohio		54	42	331	107	899	211
Trenton, N. J	1	16	36	134	32	217	28
Tulsa, Okla	3	45	21	242	57	464	49
Utica, N. Y	1	1	2	27	20	142	59
Washington, D. C	20	211	167	768	336	1,934	677
Waterbury, Conn		3	2	55	25	54	59
Wichita, Kans	1	3	5	85	14	450	31
Wilmington, Del	2	10	15	95	37	179	61
Worcester, Mass		10	14	133	56	64	135
Yonkers, N. Y		5	16	24	3	71	52
Youngstown, Ohio	2	57	41	109	12	286	144

Offenses Known to Sheriffs, State Police, and Other Rural Officers, 1937.

In table 65 are presented data concerning the amount of crime committed in the rural portions of the United States. The compilation was prepared from reports received from 580 sheriffs, 5 State police units, and 78 police agencies in villages (places with less than 2,500 inhabitants). The following comparative tabulation indicates the percentage distribution of urban and rural crimes:

Offense	Percent		Offense	Percent	
	Urban	Rural		Urban	Rural
Total	100.0	100.0	Robbery	3.8	4.2
			Aggravated assault	3.4	6.3
Larceny	53.6	47.3	Rape	.6	2.7
Burglary	22.7	27.4	Murder	.4	1.4
Auto theft	15.1	9.4	Manslaughter	.4	1.3

The above tabulation shows the percentage of each class of offense to the total of all offenses and the data are presented separately for urban and rural communities. Comparable with prior periods, offenses against the person (homicide, rape, and aggravated assault) reflect a considerably higher percentage in rural communities than in urban. This may be due to the fact that some rural reports may be based on arrests rather than offenses. Inasmuch as offenses against the person are more generally followed by arrest, any incompleteness in reporting other types of offenses would naturally tend to increase the percentage of reported crimes against the person.

TABLE 65.—*Offenses known, January to September 1937, inclusive, as reported by 580 sheriffs, 5 State police organizations, and 78 village officers*

	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Offenses known	659	608	1,253	1,925	2,876	12,590	21,717	4,319

Offenses Known in the Possessions of the United States.

In table 66 there are shown available data concerning the number of offenses known to law-enforcement agencies in the possessions of the United States. The tabulation includes reports from Honolulu (city and county); the Canal Zone and Puerto Rico. The figures are based on both urban and rural areas and the population figures from the 1930 decennial census are indicated in the table.

With reference to the figures presented for the Canal Zone, it should be noted that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has been advised that less than one-third of the persons arrested for offenses committed in the Canal Zone are residents thereof. It appears, therefore, that a large proportion of the crime committed in the Canal Zone is attributable to transients and other nonresidents.

TABLE 66.—*Number of offenses known in United States possessions, January to September, inclusive, 1937*

[Population figures from Federal Census, Apr. 1, 1930]

	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Over $50	Under $50	
Hawaii: Honolulu, city and county, population 202,923; number of offenses known	9	7	10	10	24	736	104	1,285	178
Isthmus of Panama: Canal Zone, population, 39,367; number of offenses known	1	3	2	3	9	61	10	171	24
Puerto Rico: Population, 1,543,913; number of offenses known	195	95	56	33	1,459	648	80	2,732	36

Data From Supplementary Offense Reports.

In tables 67–69 are presented the more detailed data compiled from supplementary offense reports received from 162 police departments in cities with a combined population of 17,703,899. The tables cover the third quarter of 1937.

Table 67 reveals that more than one-half of the rapes reported were forcible in nature. The data for robbery disclose that 59 percent (1,897) of such crimes were committed on city highways and that 26 percent (828) were robberies of various types of commercial establishments.

The cities represented in table 67 reported 14,986 burglaries, approximately one-half of which were committed in residences. Of the total burglaries reported, 76 percent (11,461) were committed at night, and 24 percent during the day. However, the compilation shows that 36 percent of the residence burglaries occurred during the daytime.

The larcenies reported numbered 34,748. There were 4,114 (11.8 percent) in which the value of the property stolen was $50 or more; 22,055 (63.5 percent) involving property valued at $5 to $50; and 8,579 (24.7 percent) in which the value of the property stolen was less than $5 per offense. With reference to the type of theft committed, the compilation shows that there were 594 cases of pocket-picking (1.7 percent) and 746 offenses of purse-snatching (2.1 percent).

TABLE 67.—*Number of known offenses with divisions as to the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission, and value of property stolen, July to September, inclusive, 1937; 162 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 17,703,899, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Classification	Number of actual offenses	Classification	Number of actual offenses
Rape:		Larceny—theft (except auto theft) (grouped according to value of article stolen):	
Forcible	203	Over $50	4,114
Statutory	169	$5 to $50	22,055
Total	372	Under $5	8,579
Robbery:		Total	34,748
Highway	1,897	Larceny—theft (grouped as to type of offense):	
Commercial house	507	Pocket-picking	594
Oil station	265	Purse-snatching	746
Chain store	54	All other	33,408
Residence	201	Total	34,748
Bank	2		
Miscellaneous	243		
Total	3,169		
Burglary—breaking or entering:			
Residence (dwelling):			
Committed during night	4,800		
Committed during day	2,737		
All other (store, office, etc.):			
Committed during night	6,661		
Committed during day	788		
Total	14,986		

The police departments of 162 cities reported thefts of 8,087 automobiles during the third quarter of 1937. As indicated in table 68, 7,526 (93.1 percent) of the automobiles were recovered.

TABLE 68.—*Recoveries of stolen automobiles, July to September, inclusive, 1937; 162 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 17,703,899, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Number of automobiles stolen	8,087
Number of automobiles recovered	7,526
Percentage recovered	93.1

The value of property stolen in connection with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft is shown in table 69 as amounting to $5,154,049.20. Recoveries totaled $3,143,889.11, which is 61 percent of the amount stolen. More than one-half of the value of stolen property consisted of automobiles. Exclusive of automobiles, the value of stolen property was $2,283,323.79 and the value of recovered property was $501,298.36 (22 percent).

The data in table 69 are also shown in figure 14.

TABLE 69.—*Value of property stolen and value of property recovered with divisions as to type of property involved, July to September, inclusive, 1937; 162 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 17,703,899, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Type of property	Value of property stolen	Value of property recovered	Percent recovered
Currency, notes, etc	$675,126.87	$104,277.14	15.4
Jewelry and precious metals	536,024.62	103,192.68	19.3
Furs	44,770.25	3,827.70	8.5
Clothing	236,204.46	45,747.39	19.4
Locally stolen automobiles	2,870,725.41	2,642,590.75	92.1
Miscellaneous	791,197.59	244,253.45	30.9
Total	5,154,049.20	3,143,889.11	61.0

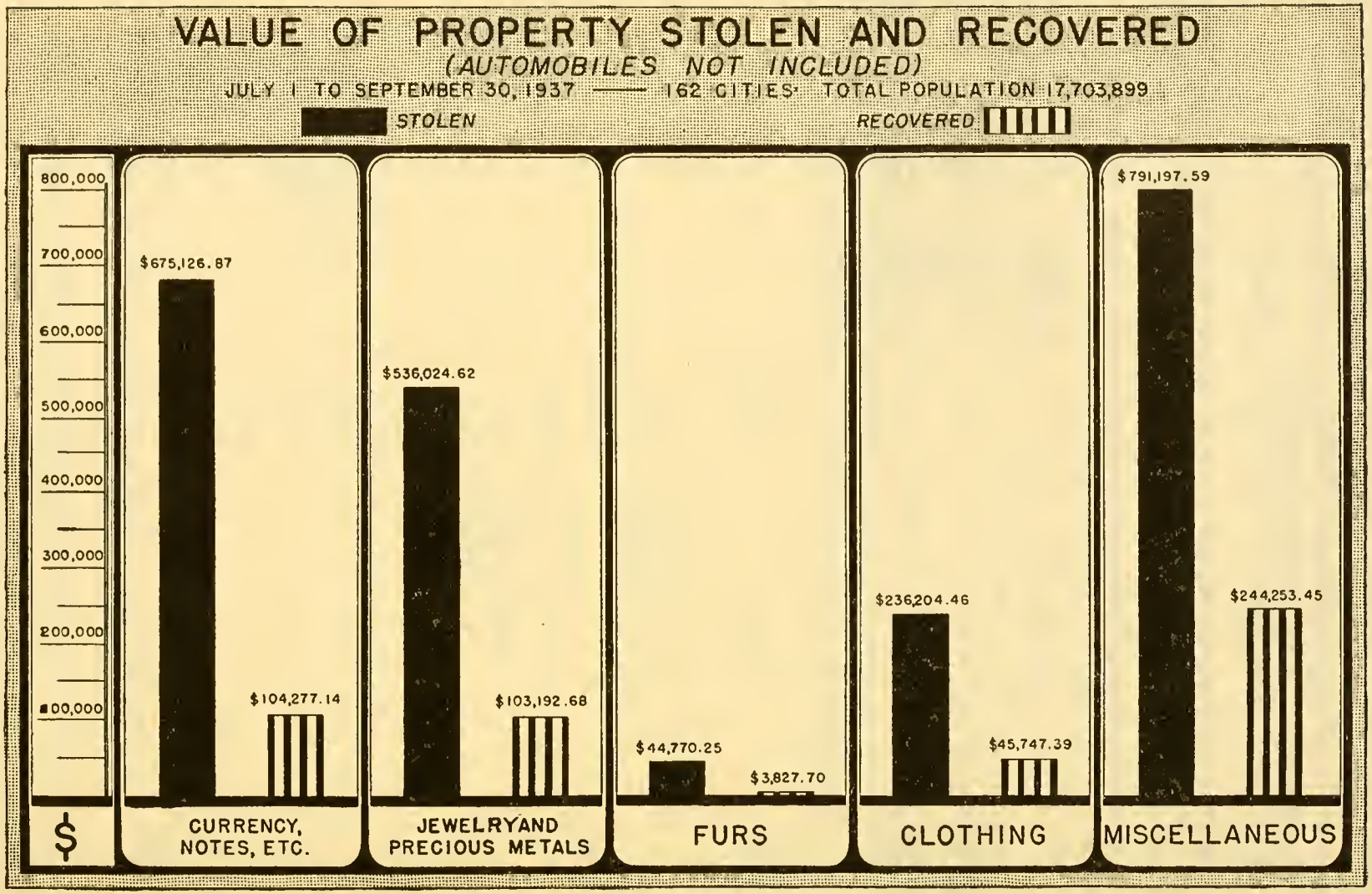
VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
(AUTOMOBILES NOT INCLUDED)
JULY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1937 —— 162 CITIES· TOTAL POPULATION 17,703,899
STOLEN
RECOVERED
800,000
700,000
600,000
500,000
400,000
300,000
200,000
100,000
$
$675,126.87
$104,277.14
$536,024.62
$103,192.68
$44,770.25
$3,827.70
$236,204.46
$45,747.39
$791,197.59
$244,253.45
CURRENCY, NOTES, ETC.
JEWELRY AND PRECIOUS METALS
FURS
CLOTHING
MISCELLANEOUS

FIGURE 14.

Offenses Known to the Police, 1930–35, Cities 25,000 to 100,000 in Population.

Crime data for 1936 for individual cities with from 25,000 to 100,000 inhabitants were included in volume VII, No. 4, of this publication. However, such data for 1930–35 have not heretofore been published. In order that figures for all years may be readily available to interested individuals and agencies, figures for those cities for 1930–35 are presented in table 70. Similar figures for cities with population in excess of 100,000 have been included in previous issues of this bulletin.

The information presented in table 70 should be considered as subject to the comment which precedes table 64.

Some of the reports received from local police agencies are not represented in the following tabulation because they were either obviously or apparently incomplete or otherwise deficient. In all instances in which figures for certain years are not listed reference is made to a footnote indicating that the data were not reported. This footnote refers to cases in which reports on file were not published due to some apparent deficiency, as well as to cases in which reports were not received.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*

[Cities 25,000 to 100,000 in population]

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Abilene, Tex.:							
1930	----------	16	8	186	10	349	104
1931	5	10	10	148	16	458	81
1932	2	21	11	223	6	494	65
1933	7	20	11	184	(1)	505	46
1934	7	15	14	185	4	358	35
1935	5	6	21	126	14	253	32
Alameda, Calif.:							
1930	1	10	8	150	21	352	90
1931	5	11	2	118	11	285	61
1932	----------	7	----------	108	20	344	17
1933	----------	12	7	88	3	306	36
1934	1	3	5	66	10	222	20
1935	----------	2	2	52	12	250	34
Albuquerque, N. Mex.:							
1930	1	13	7	(2)	(1)	404	152
1931	6	10	4	87	36	275	108
1932	----------	14	5	136	32	343	73
1933	1	13	----------	139	31	336	77
1934	3	18	2	157	38	373	104
1935	2	15	1	125	27	420	93
Alhambra, Calif.:							
1930	5	14	----------	116	18	137	31
1931	1	13	----------	117	4	181	8
1932	----------	11	----------	179	11	234	35
1933	1	6	----------	108	8	210	76
1934	1	11	----------	201	4	192	56
1935	----------	12	----------	181	8	192	41
Aliquippa, Pa.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	2	7	21	14	3	14	10
1933	2	----------	14	25	5	36	12
1934	1	2	23	16	11	29	19
1935	4	11	26	48	6	26	15
Allentown, Pa.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----------	37	7	287	82	152	160
1932	----------	13	9	221	65	240	311
1933	----------	19	6	217	70	183	216
1934	----------	23	5	215	91	376	257
1935	2	31	----------	303	68	344	176

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Alton, Ill.:							
1930	8	84	54	79	27	149	110
1931	4	110	23	106	(1)	180	129
1932	2	47	63	123	15	182	95
1933	4	74	65	129	24	187	74
1934	----	49	104	94	22	161	116
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Altoona, Pa.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	7	9	67	24	116	63
1932	----	5	5	146	16	160	114
1933	----	4	11	108	15	129	63
1934	1	24	4	146	15	139	137
1935	3	8	7	138	8	100	103
Amarillo, Tex.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	5	44	12	62	25	117	51
1932	2	53	13	261	23	69	55
1933	2	30	28	162	21	54	45
1934	6	26	49	151	14	122	61
1935	3	9	57	97	18	84	67
Amsterdam, N. Y.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	----	10	2	113	63	141	62
1933	----	15	6	75	34	98	34
1934	----	7	8	66	14	150	59
1935	1	3	2	34	6	108	20
Anderson, Ind.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	5	12	18	124	42	105	106
1934	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	3	32	2	98	47	90	138
Ann Arbor, Mich.:							
1930	----	10	2	57	29	46	26
1931	----	1	1	15	22	19	8
1932	----	1	3	30	29	38	11
1933	1	2	3	48	38	44	8
1934	----	5	----	35	28	76	4
1935	1	2	2	14	36	62	3
Appleton, Wis.:							
1930	----	----	----	25	6	28	16
1931	1	3	----	23	10	17	4
1932	----	1	1	40	8	23	8
1933	----	6	----	19	4	17	19
1934–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Arlington, Mass.:							
1930	1	1	----	74	(1)	198	35
1931	----	13	(2)	57	(1)	106	45
1932	----	4	2	131	14	198	29
1933	----	2	1	126	(1)	228	33
1934	----	8	----	79	(1)	85	21
1935	----	1	----	109	9	123	18
Asheville, N. C.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	6	36	590	395	64	600	208
1934	7	39	460	350	29	684	177
1935	7	39	237	195	(1)	673	156
Atlantic City, N. J.:							
1930	5	54	107	575	(1)	1,439	447
1931	13	98	164	498	687	1,124	459
1932	5	73	141	427	514	1,084	269
1933	6	47	117	460	616	1,246	296
1934	2	59	130	681	551	1,206	271
1935	12	68	105	654	343	1,117	231
Auburn, N. Y.:							
1930	1	3	30	38	(1)	96	59
1931	----	3	46	78	22	138	39
1932	----	1	6	87	5	220	24
1933	1	----	1	42	5	177	17
1934	1	2	2	33	1	161	22
1935	----	----	1	35	5	108	21
Augusta, Ga.:							
1930	18	58	69	103	23	202	170
1931	16	27	79	147	15	207	162
1932	14	45	73	196	11	216	93
1933–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Aurora, Ill.:							
1930	1	47	2	103	38	140	161
1931	2	30	3	105	27	205	157
1932	----	36	6	102	23	190	121
1933	----	35	3	82	30	217	80
1934	----	35	1	101	25	132	73
1935	1	37	3	102	41	123	64
Austin, Tex.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	5	23	32	445	234	1,971	266
1935	11	31	25	577	116	1,900	199
Bakersfield, Calif.:							
1930	1	19	3	139	(1)	505	129
1931	5	17	3	175	(1)	402	147
1932	----	13	13	104	22	258	97
1933	1	12	2	138	59	388	129
1934	2	27	11	190	15	448	128
1935	3	14	15	176	18	566	211
Bangor, Maine:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	----	1	6	62	18	253	72
1933	1	5	8	81	14	276	90
1934	----	1	1	66	14	352	78
1935	----	3	4	106	17	328	119
Barberton, Ohio:							
1930	2	17	----	73	4	20	26
1931	----	17	1	53	7	22	16
1932	2	8	----	48	2	20	20
1933	1	5	----	32	1	13	26
1934	1	6	1	30	3	16	18
1935	2	12	1	20	4	21	10
Baton Rouge, La.:							
1930	4	8	7	113	(1)	247	50
1931	6	27	7	172	46	227	72
1932	5	28	23	252	29	288	79
1933	1	20	22	218	16	274	65
1934	2	20	21	220	29	287	44
1935	5	16	29	167	27	257	46
Battle Creek, Mich.:							
1930	----	49	20	67	(2)	(2)	358
1931	----	66	12	231	39	412	389
1932	1	40	4	180	38	511	261
1933	2	28	11	158	38	465	160
1934	----	32	15	201	31	435	156
1935	5	20	6	123	22	513	111
Bay City, Mich.:							
1930	----	15	2	78	(2)	(2)	113
1931	----	11	2	155	82	597	134
1932	2	8	3	165	14	646	147
1933	----	10	3	210	11	792	129
1934	----	6	4	147	17	632	120
1935	----	7	----	68	13	457	113
Beaumont, Tex.:							
1930	7	40	59	262	(1)	652	232
1931	3	31	65	236	98	599	200
1932	8	37	73	226	72	594	121
1933	6	41	81	213	27	339	97
1934	6	12	117	187	33	241	132
1935	7	15	89	198	24	174	110
Bethlehem, Pa.:							
1930	----	26	7	8	(1)	65	65
1931	2	88	10	35	41	65	112
1932	----	75	15	62	33	70	120
1933	3	76	15	45	52	79	59
1934	2	89	23	61	41	58	97
1935	----	74	22	51	34	49	81
Belleville, Ill.:							
1930–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	----	17	1	83	13	12	29
Bellingham, Wash.:							
1930	----	20	18	178	(1)	186	90
1931	1	14	----	180	19	236	111
1932	----	7	----	122	7	160	89
1933	1	9	----	118	16	218	55
1934	----	4	----	114	29	275	61
1935	1	4	13	115	----	237	30

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Berkeley, Calif.:							
1930	----------	39	11	314	(1)	650	115
1931	----------	50	4	359	46	718	149
1932	2	30	11	326	33	827	149
1933	1	48	14	265	21	862	88
1934	1	15	14	205	21	814	69
1935	----------	3	9	247	23	787	62
Berwyn, Ill.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	64	1	85	34	74	86
1932	2	69	----------	105	49	74	91
1933	2	63	----------	76	13	55	43
1934	----------	54	4	95	5	147	62
1935	2	25	1	55	12	99	25
Beverly, Mass.:							
1930	----------	1	7	35	24	128	6
1931	----------	2	30	11	24	96	38
1932	----------	2	1	17	8	91	19
1933	1	2	1	24	13	84	7
1934	----------	3	1	15	6	76	14
1935	----------	4	1	39	9	75	10
Binghamton, N. Y.:							
1930	2	13	7	159	(1)	437	151
1931	2	15	7	165	42	512	193
1932	1	13	4	183	52	568	202
1933	----------	14	7	254	26	575	202
1934	3	10	4	130	33	629	155
1935	----------	6	3	136	33	266	169
Bloomfield, N. J.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	1	16	1	168	26	201	72
1935	1	9	----------	165	16	166	38
Bloomington, Ill.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	114	35	189	110	137	202
1932	----------	62	9	112	33	66	260
1933	1	55	8	173	29	178	175
1934	1	61	41	120	62	203	201
1935	----------	59	11	171	46	291	198
Bristol, Conn.:							
1930	1	2	----------	5	6	10	5
1931	----------	3	----------	11	5	9	1
1932	----------	3	----------	3	----------	23	2
1933	1	----------	----------	15	5	64	2
1934	----------	1	1	17	20	56	2
1935	----------	----------	----------	35	3	47	6
Brockton, Mass.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----------	20	4	168	121	546	130
1935	----------	16	8	107	49	401	97
Brookline, Mass.:							
1930	1	3	----------	187	(1)	336	259
1931	1	18	17	198	122	133	236
1932	----------	8	3	217	51	55	315
1933	----------	11	5	246	(1)	173	247
1934	1	17	1	222	46	133	165
1935	----------	5	----------	286	41	111	167
Brownsville, Tex.:							
1930	1	4	----------	45	(2)	(2)	30
1931	2	1	4	47	10	99	4
1932	1	----------	2	81	8	109	8
1933	1	2	2	51	12	76	6
1934	----------	3	1	67	3	100	12
1935	1	1	2	71	1	138	2
Burlington, Iowa:							
1930	1	4	14	(2)	(2)	(2)	48
1931	----------	2	18	(2)	(2)	(2)	51
1932	----------	9	3	26	12	98	57
1933	1	10	2	20	4	134	47
1934	2	5	----------	46	6	86	44
1935	----------	6	----------	47	3	90	30
Burlington, Vt.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----------	3	3	23	6	48	76
1932	----------	4	----------	48	18	83	37
1933	----------	3	----------	37	7	131	36
1934	----------	----------	2	41	9	95	35
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Cedar Rapids, Iowa:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	24	5	125	15	214	157
1932	----	33	----	178	9	240	120
1933	----	21	----	177	11	301	130
1934	1	30	1	167	26	414	74
1935	3	19	5	117	60	277	125
Central Falls, R. I.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	15	17	55	39	113	40
1932	----	4	1	43	4	101	26
1933	1	1	1	45	6	97	19
1934	----	5	----	39	3	79	16
1935	----	1	3	32	5	109	30
Charleston, S. C.:							
1930	13	52	107	211	(1)	1,056	65
1931	7	23	130	155	(1)	1,563	61
1932	6	16	88	185	325	1,201	44
1933	5	33	79	157	195	1,118	41
1934	11	49	76	234	245	1,397	71
1935	8	40	61	152	202	1,457	40
Charleston, W. Va.:							
1930–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	8	22	154	155	(1)	556	303
Charlotte, N. C.:							
1930	27	78	190	507	129	265	571
1931	29	85	114	381	64	348	359
1932	24	93	215	481	94	294	421
1933	41	123	257	575	122	330	383
1934	65	137	242	687	89	368	375
1935	29	118	248	680	120	438	365
Chelsea, Mass.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	20	7	273	50	275	280
1932	4	43	30	320	69	226	268
1933	1	66	16	322	65	173	323
1934	3	37	19	416	48	378	209
1935	1	48	26	444	34	327	217
Chester, Pa.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	5	(2)	(2)	141	57	155	102
1932	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	5	32	35	222	22	225	156
1934	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	11	35	53	218	40	156	167
Chicopee, Mass.:							
1930	----	5	5	28	(1)	62	8
1931	----	7	11	26	6	28	30
1932	----	6	9	41	4	46	12
1933	----	4	13	27	3	46	6
1934	----	3	----	51	4	35	25
1935	1	2	1	65	14	62	38
Cicero, Ill.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	182	45	222	2	36	287
1932	----	59	5	112	3	38	158
1933	7	93	5	100	----	43	111
1934	4	75	2	93	1	46	76
1935	----	80	3	111	8	30	49
Clarksburg, W. Va.:							
1930	3	5	----	10	(1)	14	124
1931	7	3	1	14	4	15	109
1932	----	2	----	15	6	49	63
1933	----	16	1	33	1	58	15
1934	----	7	----	20	7	53	4
1935	3	5	6	60	29	130	47
Cleveland Heights, Ohio:							
1930	----	43	3	175	(1)	233	62
1931	----	64	----	133	29	350	49
1932	1	63	----	164	23	321	48
1933	1	46	----	149	23	432	41
1934	1	56	----	192	18	431	46
1935	----	41	1	236	26	340	55

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Clifton, N. J.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	5	74	15	100	63	96	10
1932	4	108	1	146	90	162	55
1933	----------	76	3	98	68	100	40
1934	----------	40	4	77	40	105	14
1935	----------	10	4	54	20	101	10
Clinton, Iowa:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----------	18	14	40	52	98	42
1935	----------	27	8	89	99	125	23
Colorado Springs, Colo.:							
1930	1	11	2	74	(1)	491	93
1931	3	18	----------	59	44	590	92
1932	4	15	----------	52	33	734	104
1933	2	12	----------	76	26	692	103
1934	----------	7	----------	89	19	628	91
1935	----------	8	2	102	22	540	78
Columbia, S. C.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	7	8	141	33	63	478	81
1932	6	8	146	62	34	659	63
1933–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	10	14	148	18	61	573	37
Columbus, Ga.:							
1930	8	21	23	163	(1)	285	90
1931	14	22	43	165	24	391	88
1932	5	39	33	389	11	437	96
1933	7	30	35	200	18	420	93
1934	10	44	85	231	64	459	91
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Corpus Christi, Tex.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	6	14	19	224	25	361	114
1933–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	2	8	20	132	17	233	100
Council Bluffs, Iowa:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----------	28	----------	104	26	364	25
1935	----------	15	3	60	(1)	270	24
Covington, Ky.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	13	129	72	162	(1)	283	170
1933	13	217	112	167	(1)	355	133
1934	4	199	137	300	(1)	521	130
1935	3	231	110	279	(1)	426	103
Cranston, R. I.:							
1930	3	----------	12	63	71	86	32
1931	1	10	4	74	65	79	28
1932	----------	5	3	57	93	154	17
1933	----------	----------	3	63	42	217	14
1934	----------	----------	5	55	38	211	15
1935	1	5	5	62	47	236	8
Cumberland, Md.:							
1930	----------	7	1	40	28	91	72
1931	1	5	2	69	55	137	78
1932	----------	3	----------	40	21	117	30
1933	----------	3	1	37	44	125	51
1934	1	5	6	38	36	169	40
1935	----------	----------	2	47	34	276	62
Danville, Ill.:							
1930	6	160	3	299	(1)	332	206
1931	8	89	19	153	9	344	214
1932	4	58	18	226	4	293	146
1933	6	64	18	197	----------	277	134
1934	----------	54	1	189	1	389	103
1935	----------	45	----------	137	1	350	81
Davenport, Iowa:							
1930	2	37	1	108	(1)	355	84
1931	----------	32	6	147	18	510	158
1932	2	30	6	225	18	417	195
1933	2	18	3	307	33	547	120
1934	1	22	3	269	12	652	121
1935	4	14	2	283	23	692	109

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Dearborn, Mich.:							
1930	2	40	10	197	(1)	233	(2)
1931		25	9	154	37	289	159
1932	2	26	13	190	31	533	129
1933		23	8	271	31	533	78
1934		19	9	164	35	373	163
1935	6	25	6	138	19	365	215
Decatur, Ill.:							
1930	3	102	23	392	(1)	372	419
1931	3	102	23	345	23	258	446
1932	3	85	21	360	97	348	173
1933	3	138	21	304	74	398	259
1934	1	91	16	248	80	327	215
1935	4	67	19	231	(1)	287	120
Dubuque, Iowa:							
1930	4	11	7	49	41	273	73
1931		8		56	16	168	54
1932		7	1	41	27	224	52
1933		8	2	85	22	159	37
1934		2		51	19	281	40
1935	1	4	1	62	15	263	29
East Chicago, Ind.:							
1930	12	23	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	167
1931	9	37	(2)	(2)	(1)	346	125
1932	2	47	(2)	113	(1)	454	123
1933	2	55	(2)	108	(1)	461	119
1934	7	30	57	101	24	159	70
1935	9	26	56	63	19	134	52
East Cleveland, Ohio:							
1930		31	6	80	(1)	177	47
1931	2	52	1	183	20	237	47
1932		34	7	101	6	267	42
1933	2	29	5	212	12	362	38
1934		42	2	235	7	316	40
1935		42	1	245	10	296	46
Easton, Pa.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932		11	1	24	15	20	37
1933	2	5	1	22	14	63	25
1934	1	5	2	22	30	97	21
1935		1	4	29	17	78	16
East Orange, N. J.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	4	20	40	308	134	204	89
1932–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	1	17	3	288	43	127	110
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
East Providence, R. I.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931		4		87	21	132	3
1932		3		67	13	153	20
1933		4	2	98	29	163	16
1934		3	2	120	9	216	19
1935		5	1	118	10	193	14
Eau Claire, Wis.:							
1930		3	1	46	(1)	11	92
1931		12	2	27	2	31	125
1932	1	3	1	45	6	27	98
1933		4	3	9	6	21	71
1934		3		23	2	36	73
1935		10	6	21	7	27	51
Elgin, Ill.:							
1930	1	14	4	73	7	(2)	77
1931		13	3	94	17	(2)	77
1932	3	15	15	56	9	(2)	60
1933	1	23	8	74	12	239	31
1934	1	14	13	54	5	191	37
1935		18	3	64	5	273	46
Elmira, N. Y.:							
1930		2	20	19	(2)	(2)	61
1931	1	2	24	44	50	144	81
1932		3	20	50	39	298	45
1933		1	9	55	67	288	62
1934	1	1	10	72	35	302	67
1935	2	5	1	71	35	229	55

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Elyria, Ohio:							
1930	----------	21	7	38	(1)	165	90
1931	1	13	4	69	6	180	64
1932	2	13	6	62	7	190	21
1933	2	7	3	65	3	184	31
1934	----------	13	6	54	4	164	28
1935	----------	2	1	59	2	155	30
Enid, Okla.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----------	25	3	152	20	386	92
1932	----------	14	7	75	65	402	50
1933	----------	15	1	161	16	341	54
1934	----------	7	----------	153	7	335	58
1935	----------	3	1	101	13	456	42
Evanston, Ill.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	3	57	43	202	202	397	194
1932	4	43	39	202	80	303	127
1933	----------	47	41	154	75	276	70
1934	2	40	30	192	88	443	38
1935	3	29	23	164	88	311	35
Everett, Mass.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	2	27	3	(2)	35	106	219
1933	----------	48	13	282	51	273	181
1934	1	46	3	260	54	354	110
1935	1	44	6	310	24	216	94
Everett, Wash.:							
1930	----------	26	----------	85	(1)	370	421
1931	1	30	----------	101	66	331	299
1932	----------	27	1	246	36	529	128
1933	1	24	----------	157	32	506	109
1934	1	16	----------	166	21	619	131
1935	----------	5	----------	109	20	525	116
Fargo, N. Dak.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	2	18	1	241	68	196	87
1934	----------	61	4	280	83	190	131
1935	1	73	2	220	(1)	388	84
Fitchburg, Mass.:							
1930	----------	3	----------	67	(1)	131	29
1931	----------	----------	----------	112	17	93	38
1932	----------	1	2	156	8	210	55
1933	----------	----------	3	89	8	195	61
1934	1	3	3	69	7	270	54
1935	----------	2	1	121	12	186	29
Fond du Lac, Wis.:							
1930	----------	3	----------	16	8	15	36
1931	1	1	2	19	12	31	52
1932	----------	9	----------	21	9	35	11
1933	1	10	5	37	8	61	33
1934	----------	5	----------	37	6	88	40
1935	----------	6	3	35	6	116	20
Fort Smith, Ark.:							
1930	2	33	15	81	(2)	(2)	88
1931	7	25	5	61	30	110	99
1932	5	46	14	120	6	75	106
1933	6	41	14	120	----------	96	107
1934	6	25	2	75	----------	132	134
1935	7	19	5	72	75	150	117
Fresno, Calif.:							
1930	8	61	30	496	184	892	513
1931	5	55	27	542	147	1,189	516
1932	2	55	15	528	125	1,152	555
1933	6	52	19	436	101	1,103	381
1934	8	68	20	488	89	936	407
1935	1	98	25	433	111	949	521
Gadsden, Ala.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	6	19	49	96	48	156	158
1935	3	11	26	60	85	127	121
Galesburg, Ill.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	----------	18	11	40	4	51	149
1933	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----------	47	2	87	7	155	73
1935	----------	5	5	95	5	86	69

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Garfield, N. J.:							
1930	7	20	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	29
1931	----	20	18	75	23	104	32
1932	3	18	19	106	10	104	48
1933	----	18	15	74	11	172	41
1934	----	15	13	88	19	179	27
1935	----	15	9	102	10	136	20
Glendale, Calif.:							
1930	----	38	1	208	63	401	183
1931	2	63	4	246	77	612	191
1932	----	55	2	271	74	1,108	183
1933	1	49	5	333	80	1,120	197
1934	----	31	5	353	46	920	187
1935	1	16	1	272	32	769	235
Green Bay, Wis.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----	20	1	141	17	225	171
1932	1	29	4	185	18	240	130
1933	1	15	2	175	18	324	103
1934	----	10	1	108	15	301	89
1935	----	8	----	56	7	243	112
Greensboro, N. C.:							
1930	20	60	(2)	95	(1)	358	348
1931	11	69	124	90	(1)	292	278
1932	15	20	44	117	(1)	226	229
1933	10	28	52	151	(1)	178	218
1934	13	26	35	116	(1)	135	177
1935	8	23	20	85	(1)	126	159
Greenville, S. C.:							
1930	2	39	1	61	98	278	238
1931	6	51	2	38	1	308	239
1932–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	12	10	4	137	13	414	106
1935	5	4	11	96	15	436	104
Hackensack, N. J.:							
1930	6	19	86	83	28	117	66
1931	5	19	134	78	9	37	72
1932	1	10	24	49	17	84	50
1933	1	8	51	63	12	102	79
1934	1	5	47	72	20	88	46
1935	----	4	29	129	27	122	55
Hagerstown, Md.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	1	22	5	88	45	184	130
1933	1	12	1	62	25	197	78
1934	4	8	9	56	19	169	77
1935	4	13	----	51	10	218	61
Hamilton, Ohio:							
1930	6	70	13	174	(1)	270	351
1931	6	62	14	155	37	271	356
1932	2	24	16	83	4	252	145
1933	2	30	11	87	5	341	155
1934	5	32	9	69	12	290	140
1935	10	38	4	77	24	335	72
Hammond, Ind.:							
1930	----	63	37	253	67	197	267
1931	4	38	25	275	10	379	284
1932	2	82	20	307	37	258	208
1933	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----	38	18	196	36	275	186
1935	----	34	11	227	34	371	103
Hamtramck, Mich.:							
1930	1	62	6	123	(1)	501	254
1931	8	61	11	141	152	498	190
1932	5	69	8	202	100	627	149
1933	2	124	3	211	96	644	157
1934	5	99	17	246	92	500	199
1935	2	124	17	228	83	515	237
Harrisburg, Pa.:							
1930	3	30	37	(2)	(1)	729	336
1931	2	9	47	(2)	(2)	(2)	320
1932	9	50	98	155	203	482	254
1933	1	46	52	204	81	465	221
1934	4	45	30	309	107	561	158
1935	6	37	34	270	72	485	141

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Haverhill, Mass.:							
1930	----	1	4	178	(1)	315	133
1931	1	5	1	173	9	356	188
1932	----	----	7	71	34	133	163
1933	1	6	----	150	9	200	136
1934	----	6	1	99	36	140	144
1935	----	2	10	99	21	165	103
Highland Park, Mich.:							
1930	----	74	11	206	(1)	335	254
1931	1	73	37	272	73	292	147
1932	3	79	4	334	62	701	128
1933	3	74	5	306	54	515	159
1934	1	40	12	462	57	307	128
1935	----	64	10	412	64	313	162
High Point, N. C.:							
1930	8	16	103	226	(1)	410	168
1931	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	5	7	127	124	68	168	166
1933	3	5	114	109	24	107	76
1934	6	14	165	98	33	117	55
1935	5	13	194	125	22	148	61
Hoboken, N. J.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	3	30	46	170	21	41	58
1935	1	20	6	170	41	33	94
Huntington, W. Va.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	13	124	28	470	160	1, 063	877
1933	11	126	90	424	170	948	490
1934	16	106	111	480	133	923	392
1935	11	68	104	599	348	1, 020	290
Huntington Park, Calif.:							
1930	1	15	13	92	24	100	80
1931	1	8	8	37	9	47	126
1932	----	14	3	94	18	127	110
1933	----	23	1	180	9	276	120
1934	----	27	1	337	1	314	116
1935	1	5	1	164	28	222	81
Hutchinson, Kans.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----	39	----	160	7	243	84
1932	----	16	1	231	2	338	106
1933	----	10	----	124	1	271	86
1934	3	7	2	65	6	233	24
1935	2	14	3	56	18	377	36
Inglewood, Calif:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	14	3	81	11	148	64
1932	----	11	6	87	2	115	49
1933	1	9	3	111	9	106	49
1934	----	7	1	100	5	123	27
1935	----	6	4	82	8	182	43
Irvington, N. J.:							
1930	----	26	(2)	232	(1)	186	115
1931	2	45	2	274	65	143	91
1932	----	36	3	216	29	136	106
1933	1	36	1	203	41	168	92
1934	----	26	8	285	36	142	114
1935	----	13	1	251	63	182	102
Jackson, Mich.:							
1930	4	55	30	203	73	760	199
1931	3	36	28	209	56	786	180
1932	1	44	20	188	31	763	97
1933	----	20	22	141	23	751	56
1934	2	21	15	164	26	787	136
1935	2	20	12	247	13	740	121
Jamestown, N. Y.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	7	7	55	8	56	13
1932	----	5	12	81	24	174	57
1933	1	8	2	107	19	149	36
1934	1	8	4	78	9	100	23
1935	----	4	1	60	17	59	26

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Johnstown, Pa.:							
1930	2	4	9	49	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	17	10	84	63	139	130
1932	2	20	10	69	28	155	102
1933	----------	5	5	60	26	138	87
1934	1	4	4	59	21	127	161
1935	2	5	8	81	15	189	241
Joliet, Ill.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	72	18	100	25	90	360
1932	----------	66	29	131	16	130	204
1933	2	63	27	107	20	175	193
1934	----------	49	21	141	26	209	130
1935	2	37	14	72	13	120	105
Joplin, Mo.:							
1930	1	146	3	278	(1)	622	247
1931	7	67	4	277	68	481	409
1932	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	2	99	2	394	70	561	329
1934	----------	93	4	293	109	604	291
1935	----------	75	4	301	171	528	245
Kalamazoo, Mich.:							
1930	2	29	9	183	(1)	518	311
1931	1	14	2	290	45	696	(2)
1932	1	30	2	240	37	895	237
1933	2	37	12	299	23	861	140
1934	4	26	8	174	32	972	194
1935	3	27	2	164	46	985	173
Kearny, N. J.:							
1930	12	15	15	110	44	92	29
1931	10	16	6	91	25	79	23
1932	3	5	3	117	14	39	17
1933	3	8	2	87	17	49	16
1934	----------	10	1	89	12	34	32
1935	1	5	----------	81	9	40	23
Kenosha, Wis.:							
1930	2	29	1	107	(1)	151	32
1931	----------	7	----------	99	29	90	35
1932	----------	14	2	63	17	88	51
1933	----------	6	4	64	8	242	25
1934	1	4	6	42	7	205	19
1935	1	5	2	49	8	173	43
Kokomo, Ind.:							
1930	1	17	10	186	50	370	117
1931	----------	44	3	226	80	487	142
1932	1	13	2	81	22	297	68
1933	2	19	4	125	12	430	62
1934	----------	20	----------	158	22	447	72
1935	----------	19	1	155	24	339	59
Lackawanna, N. Y.:							
1930	2	22	42	40	(1)	164	33
1931	2	15	33	44	30	105	23
1932	----------	7	32	43	23	166	21
1933	1	5	28	58	13	100	15
1934	2	7	48	38	8	146	23
1935	3	8	32	32	8	97	6
La Crosse, Wis.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	2	13	8	96	21	242	78
1932	1	7	1	69	6	159	72
1933	----------	6	----------	92	13	193	55
1934	----------	3	----------	56	13	184	59
1935	1	6	----------	60	11	193	76
La Fayette, Ind.:							
1930	1	67	12	66	25	163	169
1931	2	45	----------	130	48	262	104
1932	1	30	2	121	23	304	60
1933	1	28	2	129	5	249	71
1934	2	11	----------	123	3	179	48
1935	1	12	----------	70	2	115	42
Lakewood, Ohio:							
1930	1	28	2	168	(1)	91	105
1931	1	29	3	157	13	88	71
1932	----------	54	2	266	24	123	62
1933	----------	34	1	192	15	67	38
1934	----------	36	2	173	25	64	38
1935	----------	35	----------	345	21	115	46

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Lancaster, Pa.:							
1930	5	18	41	107	(1)	290	185
1931	8	22	42	145	65	375	184
1932	----	9	14	110	53	352	156
1933	1	14	24	127	44	353	82
1934	2	8	32	121	53	364	114
1935	----	7	23	89	36	334	68
Lansing, Mich.:							
1930	----	55	(2)	186	66	142	318
1931	----	19	5	151	47	113	167
1932	1	20	13	131	63	258	118
1933	1	20	7	159	69	300	150
1934	----	27	15	123	110	403	196
1935	1	22	8	108	63	346	140
Lawrence, Mass.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----	22	15	194	95	183	286
1935	----	29	4	158	67	164	166
Lewiston, Maine:							
1930	----	3	----	45	16	174	50
1931–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Lexington, Ky.:							
1930	20	61	63	257	(1)	749	375
1931	15	51	101	282	64	665	517
1932	15	94	139	371	58	883	367
1933	23	94	210	437	84	1,115	223
1934	15	76	175	353	81	1,161	273
1935	15	70	224	393	69	1,317	167
Lima, Ohio:							
1930	1	35	3	166	(1)	204	204
1931	3	38	8	219	23	296	216
1932	----	21	4	232	25	390	231
1933	3	29	4	239	38	477	118
1934	----	20	4	144	19	290	122
1935	1	14	6	191	27	369	111
Lincoln, Nebr.:							
1930	3	34	9	184	(1)	572	266
1931	----	59	23	184	72	517	420
1932	3	41	16	230	56	321	372
1933	1	35	12	224	77	479	393
1934	2	23	18	195	91	802	280
1935	2	22	10	188	63	549	214
Little Rock, Ark.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	16	170	(2)	524	(1)	1,221	508
1934	29	119	119	474	(1)	976	359
1935	13	116	124	638	(1)	1,159	203
Lorain, Ohio:							
1930	6	41	20	175	(1)	380	214
1931	5	15	21	207	31	239	195
1932	5	29	22	152	22	265	102
1933	1	30	26	171	29	247	94
1934	3	35	21	161	29	273	106
1935	2	16	12	161	29	337	88
Lower Merion Township, Pa.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	2	9	5	108	34	46	55
1934	2	9	1	129	42	47	92
1935	1	5	2	110	47	50	40
Lynchburg, Va.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	12	24	48	100	30	700	210
1934	6	42	115	135	39	470	157
1935	6	30	80	105	23	446	227
Macon, Ga.:							
1930	10	17	49	154	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	10	33	26	177	10	403	195
1932	6	22	63	210	37	518	182
1933	13	16	77	179	30	652	139
1934	12	37	66	161	16	659	207
1935	18	32	71	241	43	736	210
Madison, Wis.:							
1930	1	18	3	117	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	11	5	169	55	304	288
1932	2	18	4	109	40	237	162
1933	----	17	5	90	34	263	121
1934	----	16	5	41	21	284	114
1935	----	15	5	77	51	356	114

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Malden, Mass.:							
1930	----------	11	52	27	(1)	122	21
1931	1	17	69	48	30	88	18
1932–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Manchester, N. H.:							
1930	----------	4	4	150	(1)	194	74
1931	----------	5	6	125	31	163	89
1932	1	2	3	82	20	174	59
1933	----------	6	4	115	24	210	102
1934	2	4	3	129	16	196	108
1935	----------	6	9	104	32	313	39
Mansfield, Ohio:							
1930	1	32	24	97	(1)	295	105
1931	2	54	14	155	22	305	83
1932–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	----------	15	1	142	29	259	59
Marion, Ohio:							
1930	2	14	----------	42	(1)	119	162
1931	1	11	----------	62	15	116	103
1932	4	17	----------	58	10	308	117
1933	2	19	----------	48	5	349	83
1934	4	10	----------	49	13	255	76
1935	1	10	----------	128	15	274	69
Massillon, Ohio:							
1930	5	8	15	41	(1)	48	83
1931	2	15	3	41	5	58	107
1932	2	2	----------	18	41	127	100
1933	6	18	10	31	28	71	44
1934	1	13	7	73	21	97	42
1935	----------	19	8	80	12	95	34
Maywood, Ill.:							
1930	----------	26	41	53	20	31	25
1931	1	26	11	71	8	77	42
1932	1	33	4	77	6	78	45
1933	1	33	4	67	11	95	79
1934	1	28	5	131	18	123	40
1935	1	20	3	76	12	75	17
McKeesport, Pa.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	3	62	33	82	59	89	140
1932	4	57	50	97	68	146	115
1933	----------	50	50	95	47	125	114
1934	2	55	63	73	55	112	105
1935	----------	54	85	87	66	104	107
Medford, Mass.:							
1930	----------	18	(2)	141	(1)	271	102
1931	----------	22	(2)	174	(1)	253	97
1932	----------	29	3	193	21	259	88
1933	----------	14	----------	160	19	249	123
1934	1	25	----------	220	22	257	69
1935	----------	5	----------	285	12	244	27
Meriden, Conn.:							
1930	----------	12	26	95	12	174	62
1931	1	13	8	117	28	150	44
1932	----------	20	5	230	10	235	53
1933	----------	5	2	174	12	204	30
1934	----------	5	3	198	27	197	45
1935	----------	4	4	200	16	207	36
Meridian, Miss.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	7	32	(2)	279	41	286	39
1934	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	5	23	1	304	49	375	30
Michigan City, Ind.:							
1930	3	28	(2)	74	(2)	(2)	67
1931	----------	21	----------	88	28	150	41
1932	----------	17	----------	42	16	193	40
1933	----------	9	----------	47	27	105	40
1934	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	----------	47	15	58	10	72	61
Middletown, Conn.:							
1930	(2)	1	27	8	(1)	31	14
1931	----------	5	37	4	12	32	41
1932	----------	5	37	3	8	33	41
1933	----------	4	5	17	4	42	15
1934	----------	9	1	27	5	26	42
1935	----------	4	----------	23	5	24	10

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Middletown, Ohio:							
1930	6	40	2	109	(1)	299	124
1931	3	33	1	117	24	407	141
1932	1	31	11	183	23	489	66
1933	2	15	13	124	22	508	64
1934	6	17	10	123	32	571	91
1935	3	9	16	109	15	516	74
Mishawaka, Ind.:							
1930	----	19	----	40	(1)	213	180
1931	----	28	5	45	40	72	102
1932	----	62	----	58	14	108	50
1933	----	22	2	74	24	150	65
1934	1	17	4	70	15	128	53
1935	----	3	----	63	12	157	96
Mobile, Ala.:							
1930	7	44	135	376	(1)	589	300
1931	18	45	150	523	108	529	300
1932	24	81	125	282	120	451	234
1933	17	101	132	307	108	549	226
1934	21	86	167	259	92	553	195
1935	22	68	153	255	66	316	166
Moline, Ill.:							
1930	----	28	21	79	(1)	253	95
1931	1	26	6	77	29	227	106
1932	----	26	6	108	25	279	84
1933	----	13	5	63	20	190	73
1934	1	12	12	58	20	199	61
1935	2	18	15	58	23	262	86
Monroe, La.:							
1930	5	61	23	(2)	(1)	166	107
1931	10	53	25	238	25	294	152
1932	8	50	11	240	17	299	84
1933	4	47	19	178	19	235	48
1934	2	38	5	132	8	277	41
1935	4	55	3	161	24	282	51
Mount, Vernon, N. Y.:							
1930	----	11	9	188	(1)	453	96
1931	----	19	10	91	19	167	100
1932	5	12	20	102	13	139	78
1933	1	9	6	68	9	186	73
1934	2	3	6	73	11	190	54
1935	1	2	6	73	8	142	61
Muncie, Ind.:							
1930–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	1	13	100	51	20	138	177
Muskegon, Mich.:							
1930	1	19	10	120	34	253	177
1931	1	23	3	140	22	372	115
1932	2	5	2	92	26	246	126
1933	----	12	4	115	13	262	52
1934	2	15	3	157	31	227	111
1935	----	8	7	144	25	264	133
Muskogee, Okla.:							
1930	9	20	6	117	26	234	109
1931	1	33	1	169	17	306	111
1932	2	70	9	270	2	498	95
1933	3	93	7	321	2	542	128
1934	6	61	16	357	2	568	108
1935	3	54	22	327	13	670	78
Nashua, N. H.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----	2	3	69	22	244	27
1932	----	5	----	72	11	201	24
1933	----	3	2	82	9	136	18
1934	----	5	----	78	13	175	15
1935	----	1	----	90	11	146	16
New Albany, Ind.:							
1930–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	3	19	62	75	21	267	42

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Newark, Ohio:							
1930	1	12	3	80	(1)	261	88
1931	2	2	7	80	7	206	91
1932	1	12	5	78	7	166	56
1933	2	11	14	72	15	290	35
1934	----	17	11	50	15	153	70
1935	1	9	17	77	12	317	56
New Britain, Conn.:							
1930	3	15	26	(2)	----	221	(2)
1931	1	6	----	(2)	9	164	(2)
1932	----	14	5	166	38	319	89
1933	----	11	9	270	26	413	114
1934	2	23	5	358	31	410	105
1935	----	26	5	119	25	431	135
New Brunswick, N. J.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	7	15	7	61	(2)	(2)	143
1933	----	15	17	64	(2)	(2)	122
1934	1	15	13	99	39	183	162
1935	----	12	19	86	23	218	273
Newburgh, N. Y.:							
1930	----	3	4	43	21	75	48
1931	1	5	4	46	15	102	54
1932	----	4	10	87	13	137	47
1933	----	3	10	82	11	106	25
1934	----	7	3	50	12	130	26
1935	----	3	6	69	13	133	46
New Castle, Pa.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	5	11	3	172	46	134	64
1934	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	2	38	8	181	9	147	114
New London, Conn.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	5	7	68	35	126	77
1932	1	4	11	87	28	142	52
1933	----	1	21	115	18	194	36
1934	----	7	9	115	9	157	81
1935	1	1	12	74	12	119	40
Newport, Ky.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	3	93	44	147	41	136	126
1933	5	54	58	164	15	147	64
1934	4	77	53	90	57	206	53
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Newport, R. I.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----	7	5	63	34	160	54
1932	----	5	3	69	28	163	47
1933	----	4	8	48	26	164	25
1934	----	4	5	46	22	177	37
1935	1	----	----	79	22	134	23
Newport News, Va.:							
1930	13	24	82	187	(1)	156	141
1931	3	21	69	191	42	131	96
1932	8	22	52	186	24	99	48
1933	4	25	89	166	29	147	52
1934	10	22	90	229	34	166	71
1935	6	24	93	258	36	151	94
New Rochelle, N. Y.:							
1930	5	12	25	78	(1)	244	87
1931	7	26	43	97	68	270	103
1932	5	18	72	145	70	211	88
1933	1	9	52	79	35	141	113
1934	1	9	59	65	35	89	70
1935	2	4	45	82	23	52	78
Newton, Mass.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	2	8	1	223	(1)	221	97
1933	1	6	1	173	(1)	298	116
1934	----	11	1	172	(1)	305	102
1935	----	7	----	253	(1)	303	109

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Niagara Falls, N. Y.:							
1930	3	60	40	198	(1)	280	247
1931	3	40	41	253	54	357	305
1932	5	54	24	364	50	370	282
1933	----------	31	25	314	49	399	178
1934	3	34	45	269	29	403	261
1935	2	31	22	287	36	350	200
Norristown, Pa.:							
1930	1	13	23	(2)	(2)	(2)	168
1931	6	21	14	(2)	(2)	(2)	104
1932	----------	12	10	(2)	(2)	(2)	88
1933	----------	8	15	40	(2)	(2)	116
1934	----------	8	18	35	(2)	(2)	56
1935	----------	11	13	31	(2)	(2)	56
North Bergen Township, N. J.:							
1930	3	8	4	82	(1)	121	44
1931	1	12	1	136	12	81	57
1932	1	9	1	88	19	49	39
1933	----------	6	1	69	11	49	41
1934	2	7	1	68	(2)	(2)	69
1935	1	5	----------	71	(2)	(2)	38
Norwalk, Conn.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	9	4	14	(2)	7	(2)	26
1932	8	10	4	123	5	178	14
1933–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Norwood, Ohio:							
1930	----------	43	11	68	9	42	52
1931	----------	18	2	50	11	100	34
1932	2	12	6	51	1	92	20
1933	----------	18	2	104	6	148	19
1934	----------	22	2	67	13	155	48
1935	1	17	----------	104	9	132	25
Oak Park, Ill.:							
1930	1	119	3	(2)	56	(2)	(2)
1931	1	163	1	322	58	326	170
1932	3	180	2	319	73	399	234
1933	----------	175	1	314	54	545	227
1934	2	124	2	282	45	438	132
1935	----------	100	1	256	48	433	63
Ogden, Utah:							
1930	3	32	10	127	(1)	304	(2)
1931	----------	35	----------	289	87	793	434
1932	----------	61	1	260	73	695	289
1933	----------	38	1	249	31	611	155
1934	----------	35	3	285	47	692	274
1935	3	56	4	234	64	575	180
Orange, N. J.:							
1930	4	26	51	89	(1)	107	47
1931	2	23	44	141	15	72	83
1932	4	24	35	148	12	49	68
1933–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	5	26	46	135	14	159	79
Orlando, Fla.:							
1930	4	2	13	184	42	252	105
1931	1	1	12	132	24	236	93
1932	1	16	9	124	20	582	65
1933	1	10	16	208	10	536	58
1934	----------	19	----------	232	6	454	53
1935	4	4	24	106	74	171	92
Oshkosh, Wis.:							
1930	----------	10	2	(2)	(2)	(2)	96
1931	----------	4	9	42	(2)	(2)	22
1932	----------	4	2	57	11	129	29
1933	----------	7	----------	88	9	124	48
1934	----------	6	----------	75	12	171	62
1935	----------	4	----------	74	12	190	25
Ottumwa, Iowa:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	1	23	13	(2)	11	56	83
1932	1	23	8	123	7	69	21
1933	1	19	17	146	15	92	34
1934	1	31	30	186	16	150	41
1935	----------	18	29	167	19	142	24
Paducah, Ky.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	15	34	30	176	20	233	173
1935	12	33	30	149	(1)	363	191

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Pasadena, Calif.:							
1930	4	29	3	175	(1)	599	183
1931	1	32	4	225	44	657	254
1932	3	37	6	303	21	446	188
1933	2	38	7	234	22	400	142
1934	2	20	10	258	17	1,197	152
1935	3	12	13	225	21	967	146
Parkersburg, W. Va.:							
1930	2	8	6	80	(1)	140	24
1931		7	6	63	19	184	150
1932	3	10	15	46	20	181	58
1933	5	6	5	46	34	140	30
1934	1	8	22	63	48	160	48
1935	2	5	12	115	71	147	78
Passaic, N. J.:							
1930		31	8	349	(1)	346	310
1931	2	50	18	243	29	185	251
1932–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	1	27	40	362	39	336	231
Pawtucket, R. I.:							
1930		9	17	98	(1)	456	236
1931		24	1	84	(1)	535	271
1932		33		96	(1)	803	230
1933		9	6	118	(1)	838	194
1934	1	8	20	79	(1)	875	112
1935	1	4	2	94	(1)	837	113
Perth Amboy, N. J.:							
1930	5	8	(2)	112	57	70	40
1931	8	28	34	(2)	29	101	89
1932		9	26	224	(1)	199	109
1933–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	1	5	20	144	(1)	279	112
Petersburg, Va.:							
1930	2	21	(2)	(2)	(1)	638	11
1931	7	29	(2)	(2)	89	444	27
1932	4	14	59	75	109	460	27
1933	7	9	64	121	15	372	13
1934	9	2	81	110	21	559	21
1935	3	4	71	121	26	638	22
Phoenix, Ariz.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	14	78	34	406	130	1,031	553
1934	10	121	32	429	85	1,223	694
1935	15	71	34	444	108	944	711
Pittsfield, Mass.:							
1930		4	21	121	20	187	60
1931		4	2	112	11	133	119
1932		6	1	139	11	182	156
1933		6	4	173	12	209	123
1934		5	2	164	13	168	141
1935	1	3	3	130	8	186	85
Plainfield, N. J.:							
1930–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	2	15	32	105	42	143	94
Pontiac, Mich.:							
1930	2	71	56	213	(1)	521	410
1931	2	53	37	245	74	491	232
1932	4	49	23	301	56	473	155
1933	3	28	20	354	66	558	142
1934	2	32	16	307	82	530	93
1935	1	22	7	248	56	421	179
Port Arthur, Tex.:							
1930	15	24	11	(2)	(1)	76	108
1931	11	13	13	167	17	50	72
1932	5	12	19	186	38	88	53
1933	7	11	21	126	14	121	62
1934	5	8	21	89	10	94	86
1935	5	10	30	94	24	162	72
Port Huron, Mich.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	1	13	4	69	24	146	28
1934	1	5	11	52	16	153	61
1935	1	1	4	52	5	253	35
Portland, Maine:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934		11	84	296	(1)	308	271
1935		13	11	417	(1)	439	303

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Portsmouth, Ohio:							
1930	3	24	14	101	(1)	195	107
1931	2	13	24	128	44	359	71
1932	2	20	15	125	31	346	66
1933	3	25	28	135	39	470	40
1934	3	20	39	225	64	677	70
1935	4	19	30	156	49	585	73
Portsmouth, Va.:							
1930	1	15	93	126	36	(2)	134
1931	22	40	76	214	125	514	188
1932	13	61	76	406	86	613	135
1933	12	32	96	328	55	618	77
1934	15	26	115	203	55	539	88
1935	11	61	152	280	41	723	67
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.:							
1930	----------	21	11	43	(1)	220	59
1931	1	6	12	84	54	339	46
1932	----------	10	21	165	28	370	44
1933	----------	----------	11	136	18	321	55
1934	----------	3	14	69	11	376	62
1935	1	5	14	85	11	255	38
Pueblo, Colo.:							
1930	(2)	74	11	288	(1)	500	242
1931	4	53	12	371	50	587	201
1932	5	57	10	301	33	638	205
1933	1	63	12	339	36	712	181
1934	6	52	7	349	23	501	176
1935	3	37	8	259	24	451	124
Quincy, Ill.:							
1930–34	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	----------	23	12	163	7	135	87
Quincy, Mass.:							
1930	----------	18	106	179	100	330	148
1931	----------	21	100	236	42	316	151
1932	----------	24	111	141	41	404	162
1933	2	13	89	216	32	437	145
1934	----------	18	118	222	31	382	138
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Racine, Wis.:							
1930	4	9	11	33	(2)	(2)	190
1931	----------	32	9	100	54	416	226
1932	1	24	5	134	64	411	237
1933	2	14	7	144	21	408	155
1934	1	9	6	188	29	449	165
1935	----------	13	8	99	18	330	82
Raleigh, N. C.:							
1930	4	5	(2)	(2)	(1)	211	212
1931	8	26	(2)	(2)	63	200	206
1932	6	8	78	144	62	191	184
1933–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Revere, Mass.:							
1930	1	27	9	177	25	226	(2)
1931	3	24	10	166	43	280	196
1932	1	41	6	274	26	263	274
1933	5	26	17	257	30	230	210
1934	2	37	15	235	24	260	167
1935	----------	17	6	216	22	220	152
Richmond, Ind.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	3	31	10	162	46	362	114
1933	2	45	5	119	10	298	91
1934	2	20	5	96	21	303	62
1935	----------	27	2	142	14	385	65
Riverside, Calif.:							
1930	2	30	9	116	(1)	267	159
1931	5	28	16	183	26	406	206
1932	----------	8	11	139	10	454	84
1933	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	----------	5	4	121	(2)	(2)	56
1935	----------	4	7	121	17	226	68
Roanoke, Va.:							
1930	8	17	63	(2)	(2)	(2)	273
1931	8	13	62	(2)	(2)	(2)	252
1932	8	26	68	142	111	605	196
1933	4	32	67	105	122	573	201
1934	11	24	46	85	120	551	224
1935	13	44	51	78	76	632	174

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Rockford, Ill.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	2	136	9	150	51	148	258
1933	3	60	12	112	23	142	312
1934	----------	44	7	147	32	258	221
1935	3	47	5	122	50	287	143
Rock Island, Ill.:							
1930	4	51	6	58	19	264	123
1931	----------	58	1	84	16	298	116
1932	3	66	6	115	6	244	89
1933	----------	43	4	103	6	237	71
1934	1	22	4	89	5	262	95
1935	1	34	3	123	14	274	116
Rome, N. Y.:							
1930	----------	8	9	64	(1)	201	68
1931	1	3	7	59	60	126	43
1932	----------	2	4	28	67	116	47
1933	1	----------	3	27	23	186	43
1934	----------	1	7	25	18	267	45
1935	1	----------	4	59	4	232	53
Royal Oak, Mich.:							
1930	----------	10	----------	16	17	64	79
1931	----------	10	----------	36	18	152	41
1932	----------	7	----------	49	16	130	34
1933	----------	11	----------	65	12	141	22
1934	----------	1	2	72	10	229	32
1935	----------	2	----------	49	20	140	36
Sacramento, Calif.:							
1930	1	244	96	597	(1)	1,377	824
1931	7	296	128	1,024	156	1,455	945
1932	6	252	25	1,319	246	1,775	884
1933	7	240	37	1,260	231	1,790	661
1934	7	148	73	750	231	1,602	801
1935	5	147	94	777	194	1,358	696
Saginaw, Mich.:							
1930	6	93	51	357	87	672	463
1931	6	36	42	165	112	740	373
1932	6	42	18	518	77	1,339	249
1933	3	57	20	294	96	1,391	190
1934	6	48	35	479	75	1,435	257
1935	4	23	35	303	101	1,169	208
St. Joseph, Mo.:							
1930	1	268	3	616	190	769	432
1931	1	215	3	676	123	591	472
1932	1	106	9	669	64	671	356
1933	8	118	12	617	73	1,252	322
1934	6	126	41	544	127	1,212	328
1935	3	111	37	689	166	1,150	297
St. Petersburg, Fla.:							
1930	4	14	12	270	(1)	394	112
1931	3	13	21	208	181	374	81
1932	7	50	24	272	57	441	103
1933	6	48	26	285	47	609	168
1934	8	21	19	244	49	554	72
1935	2	16	15	256	47	504	51
Salem, Mass.:							
1930–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	----------	6	22	141	57	359	160
1934	----------	10	17	116	49	350	114
1935	----------	3	6	108	37	246	109
Salem, Oreg.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	3	8	----------	74	37	169	72
1933	----------	3	----------	103	59	195	104
1934	----------	13	----------	97	23	262	120
1935	----------	9	3	126	13	151	150
San Angelo, Tex.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	9	16	19	85	45	61	35
1932	4	12	9	91	26	184	54
1933	1	----------	----------	26	5	43	62
1934	6	9	7	69	4	96	45
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
San Bernardino, Calif.:							
1930	2	5	7	296	(2)	(2)	429
1931	1	32	23	191	(1)	196	549
1932	----	42	57	223	(1)	199	468
1933	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	1	27	7	168	(1)	293	267
1935	2	15	13	132	(1)	536	137
San Jose, Calif.:							
1930	2	34	3	243	37	618	414
1931	2	25	4	302	39	804	300
1932	3	23	2	275	29	902	289
1933	5	41	6	248	27	935	296
1934	2	16	8	235	27	901	258
1935	1	24	7	224	25	1,053	226
Santa Ana, Calif.:							
1930	1	83	----	120	(2)	(2)	105
1931	1	63	4	145	7	107	188
1932	1	12	2	150	2	232	112
1933	1	15	3	156	12	272	111
1934	----	7	4	179	17	226	87
1935	1	6	3	122	6	234	80
Santa Barbara, Calif.:							
1930	----	27	11	166	(1)	602	157
1931	1	15	8	167	35	301	200
1932	1	36	11	168	44	463	121
1933	----	40	16	142	90	468	137
1934	3	11	17	187	49	681	144
1935	----	23	16	186	56	600	175
Santa Monica, Calif.:							
1930	4	77	22	449	68	371	171
1931	1	68	35	347	100	698	284
1932	2	72	30	286	68	889	278
1933	----	79	25	244	63	978	266
1934–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Savannah, Ga.:							
1930	(2)	43	39	224	(1)	1,348	200
1931	8	40	24	307	257	1,596	218
1932	30	52	28	369	91	2,132	316
1933	10	38	19	345	145	2,513	178
1934	14	24	23	393	127	1,984	167
1935	12	12	8	379	52	2,211	115
Schenectady, N. Y.:							
1930	4	32	57	196	(1)	494	199
1931	3	19	22	371	51	111	52
1932	1	18	25	322	42	110	232
1933	4	16	23	244	128	308	140
1934	----	11	29	236	108	324	199
1935	----	13	16	307	111	322	157
Sharon, Pa.:							
1930	1	----	----	31	17	105	61
1931	----	1	1	27	10	99	64
1932	----	2	----	60	7	97	33
1933	----	4	2	45	5	87	32
1934	1	----	----	41	5	69	56
1935	----	4	3	29	7	67	36
Sheboygan, Wis.:							
1930	----	3	9	56	17	198	49
1931	----	10	8	61	11	235	48
1932	----	5	2	133	15	383	43
1933	----	2	----	116	16	290	43
1934	----	3	3	67	17	327	42
1935	----	4	3	54	12	346	66
Shreveport, La.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	15	94	73	586	105	935	330
1932	11	82	49	573	48	784	324
1933	12	83	104	556	90	1,066	327
1934	13	99	114	284	95	1,449	329
1935	14	74	113	366	88	1,474	237
Sioux City, Iowa:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	6	262	16	621	(2)	(2)	508
1932	4	181	24	651	(2)	(2)	312
1933	6	157	19	673	(2)	(2)	448
1934	5	102	9	448	32	710	348
1935	1	96	2	442	29	768	283

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Sioux Falls, S. Dak.:							
1930	----------	25	10	108	19	78	161
1931	2	32	10	68	20	81	196
1932	----------	28	----------	69	39	117	137
1933	----------	28	----------	66	11	145	139
1934	2	19	6	91	45	159	174
1935	1	18	4	114	41	109	130
Spartanburg, S. C.:							
1930	7	(2)	3	27	(1)	126	116
1931	3	13	2	9	20	132	110
1932–35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Springfield, Ill.:							
1930	5	110	23	492	(1)	628	499
1931	4	146	6	451	56	801	496
1932	3	99	1	524	90	710	321
1933	2	134	11	397	54	854	384
1934	5	112	7	471	23	862	368
1935	3	104	6	498	11	896	363
Springfield, Mo.:							
1930	----------	152	23	194	118	572	528
1931	6	90	12	190	96	423	550
1932	3	123	15	183	124	639	486
1933	2	122	5	451	24	675	279
1934	2	47	11	157	49	755	176
1935	4	39	8	157	53	950	125
Springfield, Ohio:							
1930	6	41	13	281	(1)	646	174
1931	4	63	17	294	33	662	289
1932	2	69	23	359	35	787	128
1933	1	25	42	172	45	738	88
1934	4	31	20	192	(1)	641	85
1935	3	19	21	216	(1)	646	114
Stamford, Conn.:							
1930	2	10	1	94	73	124	122
1931	2	9	3	140	84	173	154
1932	1	16	1	103	56	158	194
1933	1	8	----------	93	51	180	198
1934	1	4	----------	85	28	216	164
1935	1	6	2	96	39	157	101
Steubenville, Ohio:							
1930	6	41	1	91	(1)	405	182
1931	3	41	25	115	70	265	143
1932	1	33	16	152	25	235	77
1933	3	19	28	160	23	234	120
1934	8	34	11	139	15	218	112
1935	3	44	10	120	20	293	64
Stockton, Calif.:							
1930	4	86	13	438	(1)	762	403
1931	4	105	22	499	128	1,054	392
1932	4	83	31	482	124	1,041	309
1933	11	108	48	377	128	1,045	202
1934	4	56	24	338	100	1,016	225
1935	9	58	15	359	106	1,145	251
Superior, Wis.:							
1930	----------	29	----------	181	85	353	152
1931	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	1	18	----------	157	55	330	97
1933	----------	5	2	123	23	330	60
1934	----------	7	----------	111	13	347	50
1935	----------	14	7	71	(1)	256	39
Terre Haute, Ind.:							
1930–33	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1934	4	93	27	207	(1)	859	219
1935	3	48	40	223	39	503	167
Topeka, Kans.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	5	92	1	312	20	473	398
1932	3	103	6	324	11	783	476
1933	3	82	2	309	41	482	361
1934	3	40	7	482	(1)	509	420
1935	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Tucson, Ariz.:							
1930	3	15	11	76	148	271	198
1931	3	11	3	68	95	308	154
1932	2	20	1	68	128	195	78
1933	6	14	10	103	140	205	66
1934	3	12	18	64	184	295	59
1935	1	50	17	173	(1)	294	125

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Union City, N. J.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	----------	47	17	94	51	135	150
1933	2	25	5	24	51	138	123
1934	----------	15	----------	18	60	94	110
1935	1	16	----------	7	40	129	141
University City, Mo.:							
1930	----------	77	22	123	(1)	209	49
1931	2	44	19	104	41	230	52
1932	1	36	17	159	43	247	34
1933	1	41	5	155	40	303	39
1934	1	18	6	138	42	223	54
1935	----------	19	5	95	46	201	50
Upper Darby Township, Pa.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	9	16	26	86	(1)	65	147
1932	9	10	23	95	(1)	98	135
1933	11	40	44	64	(1)	89	195
1934	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1935	13	8	26	58	(1)	63	96
Waco, Tex.:							
1930	11	16	50	195	80	241	275
1931	11	36	42	267	49	509	324
1932	5	53	20	207	29	650	255
1933	9	31	25	152	26	518	188
1934	5	29	42	261	62	743	344
1935	1	16	59	230	70	618	128
Waltham, Mass.:							
1930	1	8	----------	142	(1)	285	131
1931	----------	12	5	150	44	393	154
1932	1	6	2	207	18	338	126
1933	1	7	13	151	16	285	95
1934	----------	11	----------	143	26	249	72
1935	----------	8	----------	163	30	273	139
Warren, Ohio:							
1930	2	23	92	127	21	99	128
1931	1	24	70	132	17	128	156
1932	1	28	80	124	15	121	115
1933	1	14	38	84	20	128	88
1934	3	20	44	147	31	180	138
1935	1	26	35	108	43	197	64
Washington, Pa.:							
1930	5	13	7	28	5	22	49
1931–32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	5	7	12	70	8	50	31
1934	4	21	8	68	10	74	35
1935	3	9	3	84	5	69	39
Waterloo, Iowa:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	----------	58	3	135	8	329	133
1933	----------	17	2	116	6	363	89
1934	----------	22	2	123	6	422	113
1935	----------	21	2	163	11	570	100
Watertown, Mass.:							
1930	----------	6	43	84	12	65	43
1931	----------	8	53	48	5	79	57
1932	1	7	6	59	11	98	49
1933	----------	9	3	73	6	114	35
1934	----------	7	3	69	9	108	34
1935	----------	4	5	68	8	91	31
Watertown, N. Y.:							
1930	----------	2	2	77	(1)	351	53
1931	----------	3	3	121	16	316	35
1932	----------	1	3	151	16	240	44
1933	----------	2	1	89	22	275	33
1934	----------	2	4	131	23	357	66
1935	----------	1	----------	152	24	344	83
Waukegan, Ill.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	3	20	7	103	64	211	94
1933	2	20	18	171	33	237	53
1934	3	28	23	120	45	226	63
1935	1	9	22	127	83	203	116

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
West Allis, Wis.:							
1930	----------	12	3	61	28	383	65
1931	----------	7	5	83	18	239	70
1932	1	8	2	104	18	364	61
1933	----------	15	6	55	19	519	37
1934	----------	7	4	70	19	455	30
1935	1	3	5	53	24	477	43
West Hartford, Conn.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----------	----------	----------	24	(1)	36	10
1932	1	1	----------	4	4	23	5
1933	----------	----------	----------	----------	14	58	5
1934	1	4	----------	14	17	32	10
1935	----------	1	----------	5	13	28	11
West Haven, Conn.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	----------	10	1	44	18	69	6
1932	1	8	----------	39	(2)	(2)	9
1933	----------	2	----------	38	(2)	(2)	6
1934	----------	3	----------	39	(2)	(2)	2
1935	1	4	----------	39	(2)	(2)	4
West Orange, N. J.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	8	7	22	42	35	57	37
1932	4	2	1	90	16	79	13
1933	3	10	4	55	17	133	36
1934	2	5	1	76	20	99	25
1935	2	2	1	60	16	114	31
West Palm Beach, Fla.:							
1930	6	40	(2)	188	(1)	353	122
1931	4	14	(2)	217	25	333	109
1932	10	13	6	285	29	340	76
1933	3	10	----------	249	71	685	70
1934	2	18	----------	222	76	713	88
1935	10	13	----------	189	161	654	60
Wheeling, W. Va.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	2	13	2	41	11	37	107
1933	1	20	8	99	26	66	57
1934	3	27	12	129	31	41	75
1935	5	7	7	144	27	35	61
White Plains, N. Y.:							
1930	1	13	----------	30	(1)	41	3
1931	----------	6	----------	21	28	115	----------
1932	----------	15	9	34	36	93	7
1933	3	12	18	23	31	22	3
1934	3	1	28	36	26	98	4
1935	1	4	5	35	28	133	10
Wichita Falls, Tex.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	5	41	41	246	(2)	(2)	200
1932	5	102	34	373	(2)	(2)	252
1933	3	47	62	201	(2)	(2)	133
1934	8	17	73	247	22	1,617	113
1935	5	9	42	222	39	1,380	119
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.:							
1930	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1931	3	24	3	(2)	91	174	218
1932	3	46	----------	194	88	188	258
1933	3	37	16	257	56	203	183
1934	----------	32	10	231	64	179	222
1935	2	18	25	219	74	191	258
Wilkinsburg, Pa.:							
1930–31	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1932	----------	20	7	61	21	126	57
1933	----------	16	12	112	4	139	57
1934	----------	7	13	108	9	122	57
1935	2	5	7	87	19	115	52
Wilmington, N. C.:							
1930	3	31	222	43	75	148	147
1931	5	23	272	49	64	207	273
1932	3	22	202	81	58	146	325
1933	3	37	208	81	51	136	181
1934	5	34	325	121	63	197	153
1935	4	34	284	99	60	195	67

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 70.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1930–35*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Winston-Salem, N. C.:							
1930	14	46	452	379	75	471	496
1931	16	86	692	383	80	604	349
1932	26	63	628	524	70	1,065	323
1933	23	57	824	615	55	1,297	401
1934	21	67	863	533	66	1,137	241
1935	20	52	936	670	66	1,006	260
Woodbridge Township, N. J.:							
1930	21	27	15	6	[1]	76	6
1931	----	23	34	28	50	76	11
1932	1	37	45	34	45	59	7
1933	7	28	26	36	35	128	3
1934	----	10	40	22	23	45	8
1935	4	13	20	68	13	86	9
Woonsocket, R. I.:							
1930	----	3	----	168	[1]	245	73
1931	----	3	----	213	16	222	62
1932	----	19	----	182	14	170	36
1933	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]
1934	----	6	----	150	12	206	33
1935	1	3	----	121	14	188	22
Wyandotte, Mich.:							
1930	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]	[2]
1931	5	11	----	46	24	206	62
1932	1	7	----	51	7	164	35
1933	----	12	----	34	2	174	41
1934	1	6	----	28	----	78	25
1935	1	7	1	23	----	61	18
Zanesville, Ohio:							
1930	1	9	4	128	[1]	93	129
1931	3	20	3	82	14	78	139
1932	----	22	6	74	10	81	95
1933	3	8	4	66	5	97	75
1934	2	20	10	74	18	210	97
1935	----	9	6	48	17	151	64

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] Not reported.

ANNUAL RETURNS, 1936

Several compilations based on annual crime reports for 1936 were included in volume VIII, No. 1, of this publication. Those tables presented data with the cities divided into six groups according to size, but without any subdivision as to the location of the cities represented. The information presented in tables 71–90 is based on the same reports represented in similar compilations included in volume VIII, No. 1. In this issue, however, the cities have been divided into nine groups according to location. It should be noted that the totals of the detailed figures for the United States will differ slightly from those shown in volume VIII, No. 1, because of several adjustments in individual reports since the preparation of the earlier tabulations for 1936.

For each geographic division the cities have been divided into six groups according to size, in order that comparisons can be made between the figures for a single community and the average for cities of the same size located in the same section of the United States. A further reason for the subdivision of the annual return data according to geographic subdivisions of the country lies in the fact that the only measure, based on police statistics, of the number of minor violations consists of a record of persons arrested and held for prosecution. One purpose of the information presented in the following tables is to furnish some basis for estimating the approximate amount of minor crimes in each of the nine geographic sections of the United States. It should be noted that several serious crimes are included among the violations for which only arrest data are available. In other words, under the system of uniform crime reporting information concerning the number of offenses known to have been committed is compiled only for seven general classifications, those crimes which as a matter of routine are usually reported to the police. All other types of crimes are represented only by compilations showing the number of persons arrested for such violations.

In examining the tabulations relative to the proportion of offenses cleared by arrest, it should be noted that in some of the geographic divisions the total number of cities represented is quite low. This is particularly noticeable in the tables where the cities are divided according to size within each geographic division. In some cases this results in a wide range between the highest and lowest figures. With reference to the agencies reporting the smallest proportion of offenses cleared by arrest, it is doubtless possible that this may be partially attributable to a failure to maintain a complete record of offenses cleared. On the other hand, the low figures reported by such cities may also be partially the result of inadequate personnel or other similar factors. The compilations include all offenses cleared during 1936, even though some of them were committed during prior years.

With reference to the tables showing the number of persons arrested and held for prosecution, it should again be noticed that the number of reporting units represented is in some of the subdivisions quite small. Furthermore, in some instances the figures indicate the possibility that data representing arrests for prostitution and for other sex offenses have been improperly classified. In this connection, it should also be noted that in some jurisdictions many persons arrested for prostitution are charged with disorderly conduct or vagrancy and for that reason the published figures concerning arrests of persons for prostitution and commercialized vice are probably quite conservative.

Those desiring an additional explanation concerning the types of information recorded in the annual reports for 1936 should refer to pages 23–28 of volume VIII, No. 1, of this publication.

TABLE 71.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by geographic divisions*

Geographic division	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
NEW ENGLAND STATES								
112 cities; population, 3,764,330:								
Number of offenses known	38	124	220	535	444	8,334	16,961	6,966
Number cleared by arrest	36	120	206	303	405	2,985	6,281	1,369
Percentage cleared by arrest	94.7	96.8	93.6	56.6	91.2	35.8	37.0	19.7
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES								
279 cities; population, 8,010,058:								
Number of offenses known	276	411	521	1,742	2,705	13,460	27,029	11,210
Number cleared by arrest	236	388	488	914	2,379	5,028	10,692	3,197
Percentage cleared by arrest	85.5	94.4	93.7	52.5	87.9	37.4	39.6	28.4
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES								
255 cities; population, 11,982,786:								
Number of offenses known	594	364	1,108	11,100	4,352	35,457	83,035	18,944
Number cleared by arrest	465	261	734	4,707	2,501	12,532	17,214	3,467
Percentage cleared by arrest	78.3	71.7	66.2	42.4	57.5	35.3	20.7	18.3
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES								
127 cities; population, 3,718,748:								
Number of offenses known	188	175	184	2,224	775	11,748	29,940	8,415
Number cleared by arrest	156	152	147	1,018	598	4,616	8,508	2,124
Percentage cleared by arrest	83.0	86.9	79.9	45.8	77.2	39.3	28.4	25.2
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES								
36 cities; population, 2,598,555:								
Number of offenses known	401	121	285	2,593	2,797	12,716	30,204	8,417
Number cleared by arrest	347	103	233	897	2,067	3,217	7,872	917
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.5	85.1	81.8	34.6	73.9	25.3	26.1	10.9
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES								
8 cities; population, 198,199:								
Number of offenses known	54	30	15	139	294	769	1,262	388
Number cleared by arrest	45	27	15	69	203	281	701	156
Percentage cleared by arrest	83.3	90.0	100.0	49.6	69.0	36.5	55.5	40.2
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES								
42 cities; population, 1,956,930:								
Number of offenses known	359	142	122	1,137	1,886	8,605	24,823	4,541
Number cleared by arrest	310	139	113	502	1,487	2,739	6,733	1,092
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.4	97.9	92.6	44.2	78.8	31.8	27.1	24.0
MOUNTAIN STATES								
39 cities; population, 732,927:								
Number of offenses known	57	11	60	381	163	2,668	6,691	1,851
Number cleared by arrest	48	10	56	194	134	1,249	2,225	291
Percentage cleared by arrest	84.2	90.9	93.3	50.9	82.2	46.8	33.3	15.7
PACIFIC STATES								
89 cities; population, 2,641,633:								
Number of offenses known	72	163	176	1,347	901	9,898	30,797	10,131
Number cleared by arrest	61	73	160	457	592	2,729	6,494	1,322
Percentage cleared by arrest	84.7	44.8	90.9	33.9	65.7	27.6	21.1	13.0

ns charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by geographic divisions

opulation as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	New England States	Middle Atlantic States	East North Central States	West North Central States	South Atlantic States	East South Central States	West South Central States	Mountain States	Pacific States
	112 cities; total population, 3,764,330	279 cities; total population, 8,010,058	255 cities; total population, 11,982,786	127 cities; total population, 3,718,748	36 cities; total population, 2,598,555	8 cities; total population, 198,199	42 cities; total population, 1,956,930	39 cities; total population, 732,927	89 cities; total population, 2,641,633
Criminal homicide:									
a. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:									
Number of persons charged	41	223	525	170	406	47	282	35	49
Rate per 100,000	1.1	2.8	4.4	4.6	15.6	23.7	14.4	4.8	1.9
b. Manslaughter by negligence:									
Number of persons charged	186	383	436	143	235	27	105	12	110
Rate per 100,000	4.9	4.8	3.6	3.8	9.0	13.6	5.4	1.6	4.2
Robbery:									
Number of persons charged	507	1,095	2,613	777	1,726	73	598	123	535
Rate per 100,000	13.5	13.7	21.8	20.9	66.4	36.8	30.6	16.8	20.3
Aggravated assault:									
Number of persons charged	425	2,349	2,551	520	2,762	221	1,506	159	584
Rate per 100,000	11.3	29.3	21.3	14.0	106.3	111.5	77.0	21.7	22.1
Other assaults:									
Number of persons charged	4,365	13,770	10,688	1,495	15,638	351	2,856	[12] 294	1,554
Rate per 100,000	116.0	171.9	89.2	40.2	601.8	177.1	145.9	43.1	58.8
Burglary—breaking or entering:									
Number of persons charged	2,793	4,763	4,718	2,156	4,177	262	2,365	533	1,469
Rate per 100,000	74.2	59.5	39.4	58.0	160.7	132.2	120.9	72.7	55.6
Larceny—theft:									
Number of persons charged	6,190	9,574	12,440	6,239	8,003	575	5,825	2,218	3,983
Rate per 100,000	164.4	119.5	103.8	167.8	308.0	290.1	297.7	302.6	150.8
Auto theft:									
Number of persons charged	1,326	2,192	2,369	1,113	1,410	158	963	210	943
Rate per 100,000	35.2	27.4	19.8	29.9	54.3	79.7	49.2	28.7	35.7
Embezzlement and fraud:									
Number of persons charged	533	957	3,396	1,007	1,737	26	395	129	338
Rate per 100,000	14.2	11.9	28.3	27.1	66.8	13.1	20.2	17.6	12.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:									
Number of persons charged	493	682	933	299	467	60	578	56	68
Rate per 100,000	13.1	8.5	7.8	8.0	18.0	30.3	29.5	7.6	2.6
Forgery and counterfeiting:									
Number of persons charged	201	396	622	671	422	48	361	119	622
Rate per 100,000	5.3	4.9	5.2	18.0	16.2	24.2	18.4	16.2	23.5
Rape:									
Number of persons charged	246	583	692	180	226	14	120	64	150
Rate per 100,000	6.5	7.3	5.8	4.8	8.7	7.1	6.1	8.7	5.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice:									
Number of persons charged	527	12,175	[3] 9,175	10,902	1,779	95	3,376	[13] 771	2,588
Rate per 100,000	14.0	152.0	76.9	293.2	68.5	47.9	172.5	198.5	98.0
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):									
Number of persons charged	2,256	1,836	[3] 1,886	432	794	25	791	91	481
Rate per 100,000	59.9	22.9	15.8	11.6	30.6	12.6	40.4	12.4	18.2

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 72.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by geographic divisions*—Continued

[Population as estimated, July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	New England States	Middle Atlantic States	East North Central States	West North Central States	South Atlantic States	East South Central States	West South Central States	Mountain States	Pacific States
	112 cities; total population, 3,764,330	279 cities; total population, 8,010,058	255 cities; total population, 11,982,786	127 cities; total population, 3,718,748	36 cities; total population, 2,598,555	8 cities; total population, 198,199	42 cities; total population, 1,956,930	39 cities; total population, 732,927	89 cities; total population, 2,641,633
Narcotic drug laws:									
Number of persons charged	192	128	588	238	120	12	418	112	778
Rate per 100,000	5.1	1.6	4.9	6.4	4.6	6.1	21.4	15.3	29.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:									
Number of persons charged	284	1,033	1,189	336	1,438	90	708	189	423
Rate per 100,000	7.5	12.9	9.9	9.0	55.3	45.4	36.2	25.8	16.0
Offenses against family and children:									
Number of persons charged	3,880	3,536	[3] 5,547	1,470	[6] 4,402	[7] 57	[9] 244	44	762
Rate per 100,000	103.1	44.1	46.5	39.5	171.2	44.6	17.0	6.0	28.8
Liquor laws:									
Number of persons charged	875	3,016	4,963	2,343	7,905	425	[10] 1,309	273	566
Rate per 100,000	23.2	37.7	41.4	63.0	304.2	214.4	76.4	37.2	21.4
Driving while intoxicated:									
Number of persons charged	3,572	4,505	8,796	3,556	4,646	455	1,593	1,373	6,224
Rate per 100,000	94.9	56.2	73.4	95.6	178.8	229.6	81.4	187.3	235.6
Traffic and motor-vehicle laws:									
Number of persons charged	[1] 92,601	[2] 365,354	[4] 487,691	[5] 271,674	221,503	[8] 4,239	[11] 179,790	[14] 66,696	[15] 271,179
Rate per 100,000	2,633.4	4,592.4	4,825.0	7,313.9	8,524.1	2,138.8	10,602.5	9,190.1	10,978.1
Disorderly conduct:									
Number of persons charged	3,784	29,714	30,768	14,817	42,932	[8] 1,960	12,611	[12] 5,993	7,579
Rate per 100,000	100.5	371.0	256.8	398.4	1,652.1	988.9	644.4	879.2	286.9
Drunkenness:									
Number of persons charged	90,302	107,705	118,175	39,988	78,779	[8] 6,717	52,023	14,069	91,774
Rate per 100,000	2,398.9	1,344.6	986.2	1,075.3	3,031.6	3,389.0	2,658.4	1,919.6	3,474.1
Vagrancy:									
Number of persons charged	1,180	11,933	7,231	8,349	5,410	515	12,284	[13] 2,202	21,971
Rate per 100,000	31.3	149.0	60.3	224.5	208.2	259.8	627.7	566.9	831.7
Gambling:									
Number of persons charged	3,132	7,231	10,165	1,817	6,322	744	3,807	479	6,829
Rate per 100,000	83.2	90.3	84.8	48.9	243.3	375.4	194.5	65.4	258.5
All other offenses:									
Number of persons charged	14,644	45,970	[3] 34,090	17,356	36,309	1,230	12,759	2,519	33,179
Rate per 100,000	389.0	573.9	285.6	466.7	1,397.3	620.6	652.0	343.7	1,256.0

[1–15] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 109 cities, 3,516,459 population: [2] 276 cities, 7,955,563 population; [3] 254 cities, 11,935,431 population; [4] 252 cities, 10,107,486 population; [5] 126 cities, 3,714,480 population; [6] 35 cities, 2,571,055 population; [7] 7 cities, 127,699 population; [8] 7 cities, 168,455 population; [9] 40 cities, 1,435,430 population; [10] 41 cities, 1,713,430 population; [11] 40 cities, 1,695,730 population; [12] 38 cities, 681,627 population; [13] 37 cities, 388,427 population; [14] 38 cities, 725,734 population; [15] 86 cities, 2,470,181 population.

TABLE 73.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

NEW ENGLAND STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—2 cities over 250,000; total population, 1,042,500:								
Number of offenses known	11	51	73	217	176	1,499	3,846	3,182
Number cleared by arrest	11	51	72	157	172	1,258	2,888	713
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	98.6	72.4	97.7	83.9	75.1	22.4
GROUP II.—8 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 1,065,805:								
Number of offenses known	13	23	48	122	114	3,520	6,698	2,155
Number cleared by arrest	12	21	47	57	97	774	1,484	252
Percentage cleared by arrest	92.3	91.3	97.9	46.7	85.1	22.0	22.2	11.7
GROUP III.—3 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 225,202:								
Number of offenses known	3	4	11	13	20	466	770	300
Number cleared by arrest	3	4	11	6	16	135	167	64
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	100.0	46.2	80.0	29.0	21.7	21.3
GROUP IV.—12 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 446,592:								
Number of offenses known	2	7	14	59	62	1,113	2,079	658
Number cleared by arrest	1	7	14	17	58	253	674	127
Percentage cleared by arrest	50.0	100.0	100.0	28.8	93.5	22.7	32.4	19.3
GROUP V.—45 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 717,453:								
Number of offenses known	3	20	49	80	54	1,276	2,759	539
Number cleared by arrest	3	20	40	45	44	360	679	157
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	81.6	56.3	81.5	28.2	24.6	29.1
GROUP VI.—42 cities under 10,000; total population, 266,778:								
Number of offenses known	6	19	25	44	18	460	809	132
Number cleared by arrest	6	17	22	21	18	205	389	56
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	89.5	88.0	47.7	100.0	44.6	48.1	42.4
Total, 112 cities; total population, 3,764,330:								
Number of offenses known	38	124	220	535	444	8,334	16,961	6,966
Number cleared by arrest	36	120	206	303	405	2,985	6,281	1,369
Percentage cleared by arrest	94.7	96.8	93.6	56.6	91.2	35.8	37.0	19.7

TABLE 74.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

NEW ENGLAND STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 112 cities; total population, 3,764,330
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 1,042,500	8 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 1,065,805	3 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 225,202	12 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 446,592	45 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 717,453	42 cities under 10,000; population, 266,778	
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	16	11	3	1	4	6	41
Rate per 100,000	1.5	1.0	1.3	0.2	0.6	2.2	1.1
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	114	21	4	7	24	16	186
Rate per 100,000	10.9	2.0	1.8	1.6	3.3	6.0	4.9
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	295	99	13	26	62	12	507
Rate per 100,000	28.3	9.3	5.8	5.8	8.6	4.5	13.5

TABLE 74.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

NEW ENGLAND STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	196	97	17	47	43	25	425
Rate per 100,000	18.8	9.1	7.5	10.5	6.0	9.4	11.3
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	1,668	1,121	162	381	701	332	4,365
Rate per 100,000	160.0	105.2	71.9	85.3	97.7	124.4	116.0
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	1,286	668	69	242	347	181	2,793
Rate per 100,000	123.4	62.7	30.6	54.2	48.4	67.8	74.2
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	2,801	1,540	170	563	724	392	6,190
Rate per 100,000	268.7	144.5	75.5	126.1	100.9	146.9	164.4
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	704	269	45	111	147	50	1,326
Rate per 100,000	67.5	25.2	20.0	24.9	20.5	18.7	35.2
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	316	142	6	13	44	12	533
Rate per 100,000	30.3	13.3	2.7	2.9	6.1	4.5	14.2
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	293	81	8	26	71	14	493
Rate per 100,000	28.1	7.6	3.6	5.8	9.9	5.2	13.1
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	102	46	9	13	27	4	201
Rate per 100,000	9.8	4.3	4.0	2.9	3.8	1.5	5.3
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	98	56	11	14	46	21	246
Rate per 100,000	9.4	5.3	4.9	3.1	6.4	7.9	6.5
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	256	196	1	39	27	8	527
Rate per 100,000	24.6	18.4	0.4	8.7	3.8	3.0	14.0
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	1,276	515	83	191	114	77	2,256
Rate per 100,000	122.4	48.3	36.9	42.8	15.9	28.9	59.9
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	149	40	-------	2	1	-------	192
Rate per 100,000	14.3	3.8	0	0.4	0.1	0	5.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	179	43	10	14	30	8	284
Rate per 100,000	17.2	4.0	4.4	3.1	4.2	3.0	7.5
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1,242	1,339	127	386	586	200	3,880
Rate per 100,000	119.1	125.6	56.4	86.4	81.7	75.0	103.1
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	198	355	64	73	121	64	875
Rate per 100,000	19.0	33.3	28.4	16.3	16.9	24.0	23.2
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	739	614	157	491	1,055	516	3,572
Rate per 100,000	70.9	57.6	69.7	109.9	147.0	193.4	94.9
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	25,005	[1] 49,408	2,458	4,670	[2] 8,111	2,949	[3] 92,601
Rate per 100,000	2,398.6	5,896.4	1,091.5	1,045.7	1,162.9	1,105.4	2,633.4
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	437	2,486	44	261	388	168	3,784
Rate per 100,000	41.9	233.3	19.5	58.4	54.1	63.0	100.5
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	46,463	22,316	3,926	5,640	8,655	3,302	90,302
Rate per 100,000	4,456.9	2,093.8	1,743.3	1,262.9	1,206.4	1,237.7	2,398.9
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	285	349	82	147	200	117	1,180
Rate per 100,000	27.3	32.7	36.4	32.9	27.9	43.9	31.3
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	1,703	883	67	106	244	129	3,132
Rate per 100,000	163.4	82.8	29.8	23.7	34.0	48.4	83.2
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	4,399	4,636	723	1,956	2,294	636	14,644
Rate per 100,000	422.0	435.0	321.0	438.0	319.7	238.4	389.0

[1–3] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 6 cities, 837,934 population; [2] 44 cities, 697,453 population; [3] 109 cities, 3,516,459 population.

TABLE 75.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—4 cities over 250,000; total population, 3,337,600:								
Number of offenses known	160	155	208	985	1,620	4,580	10,126	5,154
Number cleared by arrest	131	148	190	556	1,450	2,368	5,352	1,969
Percentage cleared by arrest	81.9	95.5	91.3	56.4	89.5	51.7	52.9	38.2
GROUP II.—8 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 1,107,000:								
Number of offenses known	20	85	82	204	299	2,656	4,217	2,089
Number cleared by arrest	14	80	79	100	218	844	1,195	231
Percentage cleared by arrest	70.0	94.1	96.3	49.0	72.9	31.8	28.3	11.1
GROUP III.—11 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 810,300:								
Number of offenses known	30	27	35	172	234	1,723	3,095	1,357
Number cleared by arrest	30	27	30	76	193	394	933	261
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	85.7	44.2	82.5	22.9	30.1	19.2
GROUP IV.—19 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 660,500:								
Number of offenses known	19	42	58	133	183	1,314	2,934	864
Number cleared by arrest	18	38	55	60	179	346	760	179
Percentage cleared by arrest	94.7	90.5	94.8	45.1	97.8	26.3	25.9	20.7
GROUP V.—74 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 1,214,118:								
Number of offenses known	25	73	85	158	254	1,992	4,462	1,322
Number cleared by arrest	22	72	85	78	232	633	1,554	366
Percentage cleared by arrest	88.0	98.6	100.0	49.4	91.3	31.8	34.8	27.7
GROUP VI.—163 cities under 10,000; total population, 880,540:								
Number of offenses known	22	29	53	90	115	1,195	2,195	424
Number cleared by arrest	21	23	49	44	107	443	898	191
Percentage cleared by arrest	95.5	79.3	92.5	48.9	93.0	37.1	40.9	45.0
Total 279 cities; total population, 8,010,058:								
Number of offenses known	276	411	521	1,742	2,705	13,460	27,029	11,210
Number cleared by arrest	236	388	488	914	2,379	5,028	10,692	3,197
Percentage cleared by arrest	85.5	94.4	93.7	52.5	87.9	37.4	39.6	28.4

TABLE 76.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I: 4 cities over 250,000; population, 3,337,600	Group II: 8 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 1,107,000	Group III: 11 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 810,300	Group IV: 19 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 660,500	Group V: 74 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 1,214,118	Group VI: 163 cities under 10,000; population, 880,540	Total, 279 cities; total population, 8,010,058
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	120	13	35	16	20	19	223
Rate per 100,000	3.6	1.2	4.3	2.4	1.6	2.2	2.8
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	138	84	28	41	68	24	383
Rate per 100,000	4.1	7.6	3.5	6.2	5.6	2.7	4.8
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	632	145	81	65	110	62	1,095
Rate per 100,000	18.9	13.1	10.0	9.8	9.1	7.0	13.7
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	1,299	267	203	198	256	126	2,349
Rate per 100,000	38.9	24.1	25.1	30.0	21.1	14.3	29.3

TABLE 76.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	8,091	1,335	870	1,135	1,503	836	13,770
Rate per 100,000	242.4	120.6	107.4	171.8	123.8	94.9	171.9
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	2,307	887	432	247	509	381	4,763
Rate per 100,000	69.1	80.1	53.3	37.4	41.9	43.3	59.5
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	4,054	1,235	1,093	791	1,549	852	9,574
Rate per 100,000	121.5	111.6	134.9	119.8	127.6	96.8	119.5
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	852	434	270	164	315	157	2,192
Rate per 100,000	25.5	39.2	33.3	24.8	25.9	17.8	27.4
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	345	95	71	135	185	126	957
Rate per 100,000	10.3	8.6	8.8	20.4	15.2	14.3	11.9
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	389	66	60	30	61	76	682
Rate per 100,000	11.7	6.0	7.4	4.5	5.0	8.6	8.5
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	121	34	62	31	107	41	396
Rate per 100,000	3.6	3.1	7.7	4.7	8.8	4.7	4.9
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	263	89	29	60	93	49	583
Rate per 100,000	7.9	8.0	3.6	9.1	7.7	5.6	7.3
Prostitution, commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	11,188	359	328	81	183	36	12,175
Rate per 100,000	335.2	32.4	40.5	12.3	15.1	4.1	152.0
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	1,119	76	177	100	239	125	1,836
Rate per 100,000	33.5	6.9	21.8	15.1	19.7	14.2	22.9
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	86	7	3	5	12	15	128
Rate per 100,000	2.6	0.6	0.4	0.8	1.0	1.7	1.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	618	161	86	65	72	31	1,033
Rate per 100,000	18.5	14.5	10.6	9.8	5.9	3.5	12.9
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1,788	305	405	382	466	190	3,536
Rate per 100,000	53.6	27.6	50.0	57.8	38.4	21.6	44.1
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	2,079	130	151	201	322	133	3,016
Rate per 100,000	62.3	11.7	18.6	30.4	26.5	15.1	37.7
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	1,834	432	443	386	909	501	4,505
Rate per 100,000	54.9	39.0	54.7	58.4	74.9	56.9	56.2
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	173,408	64,551	40,755	[1] 26,011	[2] 35,340	25,289	[3] 365,354
Rate per 100,000	5,195.6	5,831.2	5,029.6	4,119.6	2,972.9	2,872.0	4,592.4
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	10,993	2,917	2,917	3,114	5,980	3,763	29,714
Rate per 100,000	329.4	266.2	360.0	471.5	492.5	427.4	371.0
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	60,126	12,345	9,307	8,503	11,953	5,471	107,705
Rate per 100,000	1,801.5	1,115.2	1,148.6	1,287.4	984.5	621.3	1,344.6
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	7,521	1,151	814	522	1,137	788	11,933
Rate per 100,000	225.3	104.0	100.5	79.0	93.6	89.5	149.0
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	4,663	371	377	1,023	603	194	7,231
Rate per 100,000	139.7	33.5	46.5	154.9	49.7	22.0	90.3
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	30,100	4,266	2,820	2,763	3,787	2,234	45,970
Rate per 100,000	901.8	385.4	348.0	418.3	311.9	253.7	573.9

[1-3] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 18 cities, 631,400 population; [2] 72 cities, 1,188,723 population; [3] 276 cities, 7,955,563 population.

TABLE 77.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—6 cities over 250,000; total population, 7,099,300:								
Number of offenses known	458	237	765	9,166	3,394	23,362	52,353	11,366
Number cleared by arrest	349	160	442	4,067	1,819	8,942	10,055	1,759
Percentage cleared by arrest	76.2	67.5	57.8	44.4	53.6	38.3	19.2	15.5
GROUP II.—6 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 871,100:								
Number of offenses known	44	36	88	354	403	2,712	7,665	2,191
Number cleared by arrest	32	20	57	120	213	813	1,118	573
Percentage cleared by arrest	72.7	55.6	64.8	33.9	52.9	30.0	14.6	26.2
GROUP III.—19 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 1,219,810:								
Number of offenses known	26	47	67	722	165	3,300	8,208	2,125
Number cleared by arrest	26	43	61	212	128	860	1,825	388
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	91.5	91.0	29.4	77.6	26.1	22.2	18.3
GROUP IV.—30 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 1,052,055:								
Number of offenses known	27	18	77	343	171	2,694	7,170	1,671
Number cleared by arrest	27	17	74	128	152	924	1,981	337
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	94.4	96.1	37.3	88.9	34.3	27.6	20.2
GROUP V.—64 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 981,344:								
Number of offenses known	24	11	62	335	85	2,121	5,048	1,036
Number cleared by arrest	18	8	59	103	78	522	1,259	226
Percentage cleared by arrest	75.0	72.7	95.2	30.7	91.8	24.6	24.9	21.8
GROUP VI.—130 cities under 10,000; total population, 759,177:								
Number of offenses known	15	15	49	180	134	1,268	2,591	555
Number cleared by arrest	13	13	41	77	114	471	976	184
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.7	86.7	83.7	42.8	85.1	37.1	37.7	33.2
Total 255 cities; total population, 11,982,786:								
Number of offenses known	594	364	1,108	11,100	4,352	35,457	83,035	18,944
Number cleared by arrest	465	261	734	4,707	2,504	12,532	17,214	3,467
Percentage cleared by arrest	78.3	71.7	66.2	42.4	57.5	35.3	20.7	18.3

TABLE 78.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I: 6 cities over 250,000; population, 7,099,300	Group II: 6 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 871,100	Group III: 19 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 1,219,810	Group IV: 30 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 1,052,055	Group V: 64 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 981,344	Group VI: 130 cities under 10,000; population, 759,177	Total, 255 cities; total population, 11,982,786
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	408	31	30	25	18	13	525
Rate per 100,000	5.7	3.6	2.5	2.4	1.8	1.7	4.4
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	334	26	35	21	8	12	436
Rate per 100,000	4.7	3.0	2.9	2.0	0.8	1.6	3.6
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	2,004	123	149	129	109	99	2,613
Rate per 100,000	28.2	14.1	12.2	12.3	11.1	13.0	21.8
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	1,861	187	127	146	77	153	2,551
Rate per 100,000	26.2	21.5	10.4	13.9	7.8	20.2	21.3

TABLE 78.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	6,160	1,201	906	1,189	709	523	10,688
Rate per 100,000	86.8	137.9	74.3	113.0	72.2	68.9	89.2
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	2,620	428	391	442	416	421	4,718
Rate per 100,000	36.9	49.1	32.1	42.0	42.4	55.5	39.4
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	7,060	1,024	1,300	1,183	1,082	791	12,440
Rate per 100,000	99.4	117.6	106.6	112.4	110.3	104.2	103.8
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	1,150	296	247	279	220	177	2,369
Rate per 100,000	16.2	34.0	20.2	26.5	22.4	23.3	19.8
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	2,619	271	230	115	105	56	3,396
Rate per 100,000	36.9	31.1	18.9	10.9	10.7	7.4	28.3
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	624	53	55	77	71	53	933
Rate per 100,000	8.8	6.1	4.5	7.3	7.2	7.0	7.8
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	183	98	79	121	80	61	622
Rate per 100,000	2.6	11.3	6.5	11.5	8.2	8.0	5.2
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	405	48	62	80	55	42	692
Rate per 100,000	5.7	5.5	5.1	7.6	5.6	5.5	5.8
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	8,264	235	248	[3] 147	263	18	[5] 9,175
Rate per 100,000	116.4	27.0	20.3	14.6	26.8	2.4	76.9
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	1,025	178	310	[3] 165	141	67	[5] 1,886
Rate per 100,000	14.4	20.4	25.4	16.4	14.4	8.8	15.8
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	509	30	15	13	13	8	588
Rate per 100,000	7.2	3.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	4.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	795	72	78	104	78	62	1,189
Rate per 100,000	11.2	8.3	6.4	9.9	7.9	8.2	9.9
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	3,601	422	689	[3] 466	266	103	[5] 5,547
Rate per 100,000	50.7	48.4	56.5	46.4	27.1	13.6	46.5
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	2,867	605	375	563	334	219	4,963
Rate per 100,000	40.4	69.5	30.7	53.5	34.0	28.8	41.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	2,691	887	1,319	1,410	1,335	1,154	8,796
Rate per 100,000	37.9	101.8	108.1	134.0	136.0	152.0	73.4
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	[1] 281,379	[2] 44,774	68,185	[4] 43,786	31,515	18,052	[6] 487,691
Rate per 100,000	5,178.9	6,411.9	5,589.8	4,311.1	3,211.4	2,377.8	4,825.0
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	18,706	1,949	3,273	2,110	2,843	1,887	30,768
Rate per 100,000	263.5	223.7	268.3	200.6	289.7	248.6	256.8
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	70,856	8,567	9,987	13,730	8,930	6,105	118,175
Rate per 100,000	998.1	983.5	818.7	1,305.1	910.0	804.2	986.2
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	2,634	1,861	1,360	656	494	226	7,231
Rate per 100,000	37.1	213.6	111.5	62.4	50.3	29.8	60.3
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	6,817	1,252	912	468	575	141	10,165
Rate per 100,000	96.0	143.7	74.8	44.5	58.6	18.6	84.8
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	18,686	4,789	2,677	[3] 3,916	1,960	2,062	[5] 34,090
Rate per 100,000	263.2	549.8	219.5	389.8	199.7	271.6	285.6

[1-6] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 5 cities, 5,433,200 population; [2] 5 cities, 698,300 population; [3] 29 cities, 1,004,700 population; [4] 29 cities, 1,015,655 population; [5] 254 cities, 11,935,431 population; [6] 252 cities, 10,107,486 population.

TABLE 79.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—4 cities over 250,000; total population, 1,998,500:								
Number of offenses known	141	149	110	1,386	533	6,052	16,395	5,660
Number cleared by arrest	115	134	84	724	425	3,119	4,532	1,428
Percentage cleared by arrest	81.6	89.9	76.4	52.2	79.7	51.5	27.6	25.2
GROUP II.—4 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 488,200:								
Number of offenses known	15	14	18	358	83	2,180	3,771	1,064
Number cleared by arrest	14	7	14	101	60	403	833	192
Percentage cleared by arrest	93.3	50.0	77.8	28.2	72.3	18.5	22.1	18.0
GROUP III.—3 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 202,100:								
Number of offenses known	6	3	7	106	37	939	2,513	374
Number cleared by arrest	6	3	7	33	21	223	490	93
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	100.0	31.1	56.8	23.7	19.5	24.9
GROUP IV.—4 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 120,200:								
Number of offenses known	2	1	4	118	13	568	1,659	303
Number cleared by arrest	2	----------	3	45	12	179	689	92
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	0.0	75.0	38.1	92.3	31.5	41.5	30.4
GROUP V.—36 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 519,183:								
Number of offenses known	16	6	32	165	62	1,336	3,980	690
Number cleared by arrest	14	6	30	70	47	488	1,372	194
Percentage cleared by arrest	87.5	100.0	93.8	42.4	75.8	36.5	34.5	28.1
GROUP VI.—76 cities under 10,000: total population, 390,565:								
Number of offenses known	8	2	13	91	47	673	1,622	324
Number cleared by arrest	5	2	9	45	33	204	592	125
Percentage cleared by arrest	62.5	100.0	69.2	49.5	70.2	30.3	36.5	38.6
Total, 127 cities; total population, 3,718,748:								
Number of offenses known	188	175	184	2,224	775	11,748	29,940	8,415
Number cleared by arrest	156	152	147	1,018	598	4,616	8,508	2,124
Percentage cleared by arrest	83.0	86.9	79.9	45.8	77.2	39.3	28.4	25.2

TABLE 80.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 127 cities; total population, 3,718,748
	4 cities over 250,000; population, 1,998,500	4 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 488,200	3 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 202,100	4 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 120,200	36 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 519,183	76 cities under 10,000; population; 390,565	
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	120	24	5	2	15	4	170
Rate per 100,000	6.0	4.9	2.5	1.7	2.9	1.0	4.6
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	123	8	3	1	6	2	143
Rate per 100,000	6.2	1.6	1.5	0.8	1.2	0.5	3.8
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	497	101	16	23	90	50	777
Rate per 100,000	24.9	20.7	7.9	19.1	17.3	12.8	20.9
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	298	88	15	19	63	37	520
Rate per 100,000	14.9	18.0	7.4	15.8	12.1	9.5	14.0

TABLE 80.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	282	469	132	92	288	232	1,495
Rate per 100,000	14.1	96.1	65.3	76.5	55.5	59.4	40.2
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	1,123	356	102	62	312	201	2,156
Rate per 100,000	56.2	72.9	50.5	51.6	60.1	51.5	58.0
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	3,123	1,102	349	279	925	461	6,239
Rate per 100,000	156.3	225.7	172.7	232.1	178.2	118.0	167.8
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	632	130	41	50	151	109	1,113
Rate per 100,000	31.6	26.6	20.3	41.6	29.1	27.9	29.9
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	576	60	50	16	72	233	1,007
Rate per 100,000	28.8	12.3	24.7	13.3	13.9	59.7	27.1
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	123	33	13	13	52	65	299
Rate per 100,000	6.2	6.8	6.4	10.8	10.0	16.6	8.0
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	377	82	23	45	80	64	671
Rate per 100,000	18.9	16.8	11.4	37.4	15.4	16.4	18.0
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	112	15	7	4	32	10	180
Rate per 100,000	5.6	3.1	3.5	3.3	6.2	2.6	4.8
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	10,634	28	58	46	99	37	10,902
Rate per 100,000	532.1	5.7	28.7	38.3	19.1	9.5	293.2
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	187	121	9	25	49	41	432
Rate per 100,000	9.4	24.8	4.5	20.8	9.4	10.5	11.6
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	216	2	1	2	10	7	238
Rate per 100,000	10.8	0.4	0.5	1.7	1.9	1.8	6.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	182	80	17	9	28	20	336
Rate per 100,000	9.1	16.4	8.4	7.5	5.4	5.1	9.0
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1,141	155	66	8	47	53	1,470
Rate per 100,000	57.1	31.7	32.7	6.7	9.1	13.6	39.5
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	600	737	101	128	497	280	2,343
Rate per 100,000	30.0	151.0	50.0	106.5	95.7	71.7	63.0
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	1,327	615	108	288	772	446	3,556
Rate per 100,000	66.4	126.0	53.4	239.6	148.7	114.2	95.6
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	205,444	30,556	10,776	1,567	17,463	[1] 5,868	[2] 271,674
Rate per 100,000	10,279.9	6,258.9	5,332.0	1,303.7	3,363.6	1,519.0	7,313.9
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	10,764	904	619	439	1,321	770	14,817
Rate per 100,000	538.6	185.2	306.3	365.2	254.4	197.2	398.4
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	13,459	8,705	2,034	2,220	8,262	5,308	39,988
Rate per 100,000	673.5	1,783.1	1,006.4	1,846.9	1,591.3	1,359.1	1,075.3
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	6,120	803	291	412	521	202	8,349
Rate per 100,000	306.2	164.5	144.0	342.8	100.3	51.7	224.5
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	543	691	121	62	275	125	1,817
Rate per 100,000	27.2	141.5	59.9	51.6	53.0	32.0	48.9
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	11,055	2,599	1,493	326	1,235	648	17,356
Rate per 100,000	553.2	532.4	738.7	271.2	237.9	165.9	466.7

[1-2] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 75 cities, 386,297 population; [2] 126 cities, 3,714,480 population.

TABLE 81.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—3 cities over 250,000; total population, 1,592,500:								
Number of offenses known	247	58	184	2,054	937	7,700	15,332	6,167
Number cleared by arrest	202	47	148	628	555	1,661	3,241	525
Percentage cleared by arrest	81.8	81.0	80.4	30.6	59.2	21.6	21.1	8.5
GROUP II.—2 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 314,610:								
Number of offenses known	54	18	42	318	1,013	2,383	6,542	1,047
Number cleared by arrest	48	17	40	125	736	572	1,693	143
Percentage cleared by arrest	88.9	94.4	95.2	39.3	72.7	24.0	25.9	13.7
GROUP III.—2 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 163,724:								
Number of offenses known	25	13	23	51	23	758	3,046	298
Number cleared by arrest	24	11	14	30	22	220	635	45
Percentage cleared by arrest	96.0	84.6	60.9	58.8	95.7	29.0	20.8	15.1
GROUP IV.—9 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 323,864:								
Number of offenses known	48	29	26	103	524	1,189	3,710	606
Number cleared by arrest	48	25	21	71	475	490	1,615	126
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	86.2	80.8	68.9	90.6	41.2	43.5	20.8
GROUP V.—9 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 143,249:								
Number of offenses known	24	1	8	50	233	496	1,275	233
Number cleared by arrest	21	1	8	34	217	197	531	67
Percentage cleared by arrest	87.5	100.0	100.0	68.0	93.1	39.7	41.6	28.8
GROUP VI.—11 cities under 10,000; total population, 60,608:								
Number of offenses known	3	2	2	17	67	190	299	66
Number cleared by arrest	4	2	2	9	62	77	157	11
Percentage cleared by arrest	133.3	100.0	100.0	52.9	92.5	40.5	52.5	16.7
Total, 36 cities; total population, 2,598,555:								
Number of offenses known	401	121	285	2,593	2,797	12,716	30,204	8,417
Number cleared by arrest	347	103	233	897	2,067	3,217	7,872	917
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.5	85.1	81.8	34.6	73.9	25.3	26.1	10.9

TABLE 82.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 36 cities; total population, 2,598,555
	3 cities over 250,000; population, 1,592,500	2 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 314,610	2 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 163,724	9 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 323,864	9 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 143,249	11 cities under 10,000; population, 60,608	
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	239	54	28	61	22	2	406
Rate per 100,000	15.0	17.2	17.1	18.8	15.4	3.3	15.6
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	160	45	6	21	1	2	235
Rate per 100,000	10.0	14.3	3.7	6.5	0.7	3.3	9.0
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	1,364	182	40	84	41	15	1,726
Rate per 100,000	85.7	57.8	24.4	25.9	28.6	24.7	66.4
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	858	727	421	427	245	84	2,762
Rate per 100,000	53.9	231.1	257.1	131.8	171.0	138.6	106.3

TABLE 82.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	8,550	3,257	1,385	1,545	693	208	15,638
Rate per 100,000	536.9	1,035.2	845.9	477.1	483.8	343.2	601.8
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	2,780	532	160	449	171	85	4,177
Rate per 100,000	174.6	169.1	97.7	138.6	119.4	140.2	160.7
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	3,764	1,455	630	1,432	514	208	8,003
Rate per 100,000	236.4	462.5	384.8	442.2	358.8	343.2	308.0
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	944	198	55	126	67	20	1,410
Rate per 100,000	59.3	62.9	33.6	38.9	46.8	33.0	54.3
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	807	556	171	138	62	3	1,737
Rate per 100,000	50.7	176.7	104.4	42.6	43.3	4.9	66.8
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	203	151	37	39	34	3	467
Rate per 100,000	12.7	48.0	22.6	12.0	23.7	4.9	18.0
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	161	38	7	179	21	16	422
Rate per 100,000	10.1	12.1	4.3	55.3	14.7	26.4	16.2
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	121	56	17	22	8	2	226
Rate per 100,000	7.6	17.8	10.4	6.8	5.6	3.3	8.7
Prostitution, commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	891	512	136	196	23	21	1,779
Rate per 100,000	55.9	162.7	83.1	60.5	16.1	34.6	68.5
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	304	63	122	185	104	16	794
Rate per 100,000	19.1	20.0	74.5	57.1	72.6	26.4	30.6
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	84	30	0	4	1	1	120
Rate per 100,000	5.3	9.5	0	1.2	0.7	1.6	4.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	771	259	108	191	80	29	1,438
Rate per 100,000	48.4	82.3	66.0	59.0	55.8	47.8	55.3
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1,839	1,742	212	[1] 488	69	52	[2] 4,402
Rate per 100,000	115.5	553.7	129.5	164.7	48.2	85.8	171.2
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	2,439	2,463	1,405	1,285	218	95	7,905
Rate per 100,000	153.2	782.9	858.2	396.8	152.2	156.7	304.2
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	1,988	592	399	1,034	388	245	4,646
Rate per 100,000	124.8	188.2	243.7	319.3	270.9	404.2	178.8
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	160,621	23,729	6,737	23,772	5,469	1,175	221,503
Rate per 100,000	10,086.1	7,542.4	4,114.9	7,340.1	3,817.8	1,938.7	8,524.1
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	26,276	9,336	2,382	3,316	1,388	234	42,942
Rate per 100,000	1,650.0	2,967.5	1,454.9	1,023.9	968.9	386.1	1,652.1
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	41,106	11,455	3,752	14,331	4,468	3,667	78,779
Rate per 100,000	2,581.2	3,641.0	2,291.7	4,425.0	3,119.0	6,050.4	3,031.6
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	3,432	962	594	287	100	35	5,410
Rate per 100,000	215.5	305.8	362.8	88.6	69.8	57.7	208.2
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	2,777	1,319	1,042	518	611	55	6,322
Rate per 100,000	174.4	419.2	636.4	159.9	426.5	90.7	243.3
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	21,395	7,787	858	4,638	1,419	212	36,309
Rate per 100,000	1,343.5	2,475.1	524.1	1,432.1	990.6	349.8	1,397.3

[1-2] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 8 cities, 296,364 population; [2] 35 cities, 2,571,055 population.

TABLE 83.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I and GROUP II.[1]								
GROUP III.—2 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 123,000:								
Number of offenses known	31	21	9	57	197	422	863	236
Number cleared by arrest	25	19	9	32	142	178	599	114
Percentage cleared by arrest	80.6	90.5	100.0	56.1	72.1	42.2	69.4	48.3
GROUP IV.—1 city, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 29,744:								
Number of offenses known	8	6	2	61	56	178	240	85
Number cleared by arrest	7	5	2	23	27	61	33	26
Percentage cleared by arrest	87.5	83.3	100.0	37.7	48.2	34.3	13.8	30.6
GROUP V.—2 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 24,900:								
Number of offenses known	6	2	3	12	21	59	36	38
Number cleared by arrest	4	2	3	9	18	11	29	4
Percentage cleared by arrest	66.7	100.0	100.0	75.0	85.7	18.6	80.6	10.5
GROUP VI.—3 cities under 10,000; total population, 20,555:								
Number of offenses known	9	1	1	9	20	110	123	29
Number cleared by arrest	9	1	1	5	16	31	40	12
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	100.0	55.6	80.0	28.2	32.5	41.4
Total, 8 cities; population, 198,199:								
Number of offenses known	54	30	15	139	294	769	1,262	388
Number cleared by arrest	45	27	15	69	203	281	701	156
Percentage cleared by arrest	83.3	90.0	100.0	49.6	69.0	36.5	55.5	40.2

[1] No cities in this population group represented.

TABLE 84.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I*	Group II*	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 8 cities; total population, 198,199
			2 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 123,000	1 city 25,000 to 50,000; population, 29,744	2 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 24,900	3 cities under 10,000; population; 20,555	
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	----	----	27	7	4	9	47
Rate per 100,000	----	----	22.0	23.5	16.1	43.8	23.7
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	----	----	19	5	2	1	27
Rate per 100,000	----	----	15.4	16.8	8.0	4.9	13.6
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	----	----	34	23	10	6	73
Rate per 100,000	----	----	27.6	77.3	40.2	29.2	36.8
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	----	----	157	27	21	16	221
Rate per 100,000	----	----	127.6	90.8	84.3	77.8	111.5
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	----	----	205	55	18	73	351
Rate per 100,000	----	----	166.7	184.9	72.3	355.1	177.1
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	----	----	158	61	12	31	262
Rate per 100,000	----	----	128.5	205.1	48.2	150.8	132.2

* No cities in this population group represented.

TABLE 84.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued.

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued.

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I*	Group II*	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged			473	33	29	40	575
Rate per 100,000			384.6	110.9	116.5	194.6	290.1
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged			114	26	6	12	158
Rate per 100,000			92.7	87.4	24.1	58.4	79.7
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged			16	6	3	1	26
Rate per 100,000			13.0	20.2	12.0	4.9	13.1
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged			47	7	2	4	60
Rate per 100,000			38.2	23.5	8.0	19.5	30.3
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged			18	20	2	8	48
Rate per 100,000			14.6	67.2	8.0	38.9	24.2
Rape:							
Number of persons charged			8	2	3	1	14
Rate per 100,000			6.5	6.7	12.0	4.9	7.1
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged			47	8	13	27	95
Rate per 100,000			38.2	26.9	52.2	131.4	47.9
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged				1	23	1	25
Rate per 100,000			0	3.4	92.4	4.9	12.6
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged			11		1		12
Rate per 100,000			8.9	0	4.0	0	6.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged			58	6	16	10	90
Rate per 100,000			47.2	20.2	64.3	48.6	45.4
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged			(1)	49	7	1	[3] 57
Rate per 100,000			(1)	164.7	28.1	4.9	44.6
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged			275	3	109	38	425
Rate per 100,000			223.6	10.1	437.8	184.9	214.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged			251	3	113	88	455
Rate per 100,000			204.1	10.1	453.8	428.1	229.6
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged			3,064	(1)	283	836	[4] 4,183
Rate per 100,000			2,491.1	(1)	1,136.5	4,067.1	2,483.2
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged			996	(2)	316	82	[4] 1,394
Rate per 100,000			809.8	(2)	1,269.1	398.9	827.5
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged			3,516	(2)	1,725	1,471	[4] 6,712
Rate per 100,000			2,858.5	(2)	6,927.7	7,156.4	3,984.4
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged			436	54	13	12	515
Rate per 100,000			354.5	181.5	52.2	58.4	259.8
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged			669	2	6	67	744
Rate per 100,000			543.9	6.7	24.1	326.0	375.4
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged			1,007	109	33	81	1,230
Rate per 100,000			818.7	366.5	132.5	394.1	620.6

* No cities in this population group represented.

[1] Not reported.

[2] Figures for disorderly conduct and drunkenness were not separately listed on the report for this city. The combined figure for those classes is 571.

[3–4] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [3] 7 cities, 127,699 population; [4] 7 cities, 168,455 population.

TABLE 85.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—2 cities over 250,000; total population, 749,000:								
Number of offenses known	194	55	42	374	825	2,601	8,843	1,910
Number cleared by arrest	159	55	38	216	531	1,048	2,420	411
Percentage cleared by arrest	82.0	100.0	90.5	57.8	64.4	40.3	27.4	21.5
GROUP II.—3 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 518,500:								
Number of offenses known	71	54	44	465	367	3,073	7,210	1,603
Number cleared by arrest	66	50	42	133	334	725	1,840	384
Percentage cleared by arrest	93.0	92.6	95.5	28.6	91.0	23.6	25.5	24.0
GROUP III.—5 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 311,100:								
Number of offenses known	45	18	14	145	438	1,537	4,099	558
Number cleared by arrest	43	19	13	72	379	526	978	108
Percentage cleared by arrest	95.6	105.6	92.9	49.7	86.5	34.2	23.9	19.4
GROUP IV.—3 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 104,500:								
Number of offenses known	9	8	3	49	64	376	1,587	183
Number cleared by arrest	5	8	3	25	63	86	406	26
Percentage cleared by arrest	55.6	100.0	100.0	51.0	98.4	22.9	25.6	14.2
GROUP V.—9 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 146,430:								
Number of offenses known	29	4	12	63	145	600	2,188	186
Number cleared by arrest	27	4	11	42	142	222	734	114
Percentage cleared by arrest	93.1	100.0	91.7	66.7	97.9	37.0	33.5	61.3
GROUP VI.—20 cities under 10,000; total population, 127,400:								
Number of offenses known	11	3	7	41	47	418	896	101
Number cleared by arrest	10	3	6	14	38	132	355	49
Percentage cleared by arrest	90.9	100.0	85.7	34.1	80.9	31.6	39.6	48.5
Total, 42 cities; population, 1,956,930:								
Number of offenses known	359	142	122	1,137	1,886	8,605	24,823	4,541
Number cleared by arrest	310	139	113	502	1,487	2,739	6,733	1,092
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.4	97.9	92.6	44.2	78.8	31.8	27.1	24.0

TABLE 86.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 42 cities; total population 1,956,930
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 749,000	3 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 518,500	5 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 311,100	3 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 104,500	9 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 146,430	20 cities under 10,000; population, 127,400	
Murder, nonneligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	117	74	50	7	24	10	282
Rate per 100,000	15.6	14.3	16.1	6.7	16.4	7.8	14.4
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	26	43	19	9	4	4	105
Rate per 100,000	3.5	8.3	6.1	8.6	2.7	3.1	5.4
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	209	209	93	19	48	20	598
Rate per 100,000	27.9	40.3	29.9	18.2	32.8	15.7	30.6
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	454	351	462	65	130	44	1,506
Rate per 100,000	60.6	67.7	148.5	62.2	88.8	34.5	77.0

TABLE 86.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	660	602	482	682	260	170	2,856
Rate per 100,000	88.1	116.1	154.9	652.6	177.6	133.4	145.9
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	714	651	613	70	174	143	2,365
Rate per 100,000	95.3	125.6	197.0	67.0	118.8	112.2	120.9
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	1,995	1,629	1,056	206	587	352	5,825
Rate per 100,000	266.4	314.2	339.4	197.1	400.9	276.3	297.7
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	302	370	136	30	77	48	963
Rate per 100,000	40.3	71.4	43.7	28.7	52.6	37.7	49.2
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	195	38	88	30	27	17	395
Rate per 100,000	26.0	7.3	28.3	28.7	18.4	13.3	20.2
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	150	44	101	201	42	40	578
Rate per 100,000	20.0	8.5	32.5	192.3	28.7	31.4	29.5
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	79	73	117	31	26	35	361
Rate per 100,000	10.5	14.1	37.6	29.7	17.8	27.5	18.4
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	43	42	16	3	10	6	120
Rate per 100,000	5.7	8.1	5.1	2.9	6.8	4.7	6.1
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	818	2,275	159	52	51	21	3,376
Rate per 100,000	109.2	438.8	51.1	49.8	34.8	16.5	172.5
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	113	28	499	116	10	25	791
Rate per 100,000	15.1	5.4	160.4	111.0	6.8	19.6	40.4
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	271	82	46	14	----	5	418
Rate per 100,000	36.2	15.8	14.8	13.4	0.0	3.9	21.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	173	222	162	55	58	38	708
Rate per 100,000	23.1	42.8	52.1	52.6	39.6	29.8	36.2
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	[1] 138	[2] 45	33	1	19	8	[4] 244
Rate per 100,000	29.3	16.4	10.6	1.0	13.0	6.3	17.0
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	104	[2] 191	494	154	146	220	[5] 1,309
Rate per 100,000	13.9	69.5	158.8	147.4	99.7	172.7	76.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	276	360	371	206	194	186	1,593
Rate per 100,000	36.8	69.4	119.3	197.1	132.5	146.0	81.4
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	88,088	[2] 34,472	44,245	5,274	[3] 4,893	2,818	[6] 179,790
Rate per 100,000	11,760.7	12,535.3	14,222.1	5,046.9	3,801.0	2,211.9	10,602.5
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	8,060	1,110	1,630	317	808	686	12,611
Rate per 100,000	1,076.1	214.1	523.9	303.3	551.8	538.5	644.4
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	10,887	18,013	8,262	4,056	6,751	4,054	52,023
Rate per 100,000	1,453.5	3,474.1	2,655.7	3,881.3	4,610.4	3,182.1	2,658.4
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	5,320	4,931	945	340	523	225	12,284
Rate per 100,000	710.3	951.0	303.8	325.4	357.2	176.6	627.7
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	816	777	1,303	253	302	356	3,807
Rate per 100,000	108.9	149.9	418.8	242.1	206.2	279.4	194.5
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	3,232	6,061	1,557	666	917	326	12,759
Rate per 100,000	431.5	1,168.9	500.5	637.3	626.2	255.9	652.0

[1–6] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 1 city, 471,000 population; [2] 2 cities, 275,000 population; [3] 8 cities, 128,730 population; [4] 40 cities, 1,435,430 population; [5] 41 cities, 1,713,430 population; [6] 40 cities, 1,695,730 population.

TABLE 87.—*Number of offenses, known number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

MOUNTAIN STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—1 city over 250,000; total population, 293,200:								
Number of offenses known	27	3	21	170	65	1,008	1,540	645
Number cleared by arrest	21	2	20	125	58	763	851	95
Percentage cleared by arrest	77.8	66.7	95.2	73.5	89.2	75.7	55.3	14.7
GROUP II.[1]								
GROUP III.—1 city, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 51,300:								
Number of offenses known	4	----------	2	39	7	172	418	122
Number cleared by arrest	3	----------	2	7	3	13	53	12
Percentage cleared by arrest	75.0	0	100.0	17.9	42.9	7.6	12.7	9.8
GROUP IV.—4 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 136,600:								
Number of offenses known	12	2	15	71	41	624	1,972	515
Number cleared by arrest	11	2	13	21	26	166	497	43
Percentage cleared by arrest	91.7	100.0	86.7	29.6	63.4	26.6	25.2	8.3
GROUP V.—6 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 101,444:								
Number of offenses known	7	----------	8	49	19	385	1,423	348
Number cleared by arrest	5	----------	7	21	18	143	410	60
Percentage cleared by arrest	71.4	0	87.5	42.9	94.7	37.1	28.8	17.2
GROUP VI.—27 cities under 10,000; total population, 150,383:								
Number of offenses known	7	6	14	52	31	479	1,338	229
Number cleared by arrest	8	6	14	20	29	164	414	81
Percentage cleared by arrest	114.3	100.0	100.0	38.5	93.5	34.2	30.9	35.4
Total 39 cities; population, 732,927:								
Number of offenses known	57	11	60	381	163	2,668	6,691	1,851
Number cleared by arrest	48	10	56	194	134	1,249	2,225	291
Percentage cleared by arrest	84.2	90.9	93.3	50.9	82.2	46.8	33.3	15.7

[1] No cities in this population group represented.

TABLE 88.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

MOUNTAIN STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census)

Offense charged	Group I: 1 city over 250,000; population, 293,200	Group* II	Group III: 1 city 50,000 to 100,000; population, 51,300	Group IV: 4 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 136,600	Group V: 6 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 101,444	Group VI: 27 cities under 10,000; population, 150,383	Total, 39 cities; total population, 732,927
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	12	--------	3	7	5	8	35
Rate per 100,000	4.1	--------	5.8	5.1	4.9	5.3	4.8
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	3	--------	--------	2	--------	7	12
Rate per 100,000	1.0	--------	0	1.5	0	4.7	1.6
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	34	--------	7	22	34	26	123
Rate per 100,000	11.6	--------	13.6	16.1	33.5	17.3	16.8
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	74	--------	3	32	19	31	159
Rate per 100,000	25.2	--------	5.8	23.4	18.7	20.6	21.7
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	9	--------	(2)	141	64	80	[5] 294
Rate per 100,000	3.1	--------	(2)	103.2	63.1	53.2	43.1

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 88.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

MOUNTAIN STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II*	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	124	-------	13	106	124	166	533
Rate per 100,000	42.3	-------	25.3	77.6	122.2	110.4	72.7
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	899	-------	53	451	398	417	2,218
Rate per 100,000	306.6	-------	103.3	330.2	392.3	277.3	302.6
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	39	-------	7	32	63	69	210
Rate per 100,000	13.3	-------	13.6	23.4	62.1	45.9	28.7
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	41	-------	-------	50	27	11	129
Rate per 100,000	14.0	-------	0	36.6	26.6	7.3	17.6
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	-------	-------	1	39	3	13	56
Rate per 100,000	0	-------	1.9	28.6	3.0	8.6	7.6
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	8	-------	8	22	48	33	119
Rate per 100,000	2.7	-------	15.6	16.1	47.3	21.9	16.2
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	21	-------	2	13	8	20	61
Rate per 100,000	7.2	-------	3.9	9.5	7.9	13.3	8.7
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	(1)	-------	(3)	491	71	209	[6] 771
Rate per 100,000	(1)	-------	(3)	359.4	70.0	139.0	198.5
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	7	-------	-------	12	58	14	91
Rate per 100,000	2.4	-------	0	8.8	57.2	9.3	12.4
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	74	-------	-------	19	14	5	112
Rate per 100,000	25.2	-------	0	13.9	13.8	3.3	15.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	83	-------	16	35	22	33	189
Rate per 100,000	28.3	-------	31.2	25.6	21.7	21.9	25.8
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	10	-------	-------	27	2	5	44
Rate per 100,000	3.4	-------	0	19.8	2.0	3.3	6.0
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	24	-------	1	129	50	69	273
Rate per 100,000	8.2	-------	1.9	94.4	49.3	45.9	37.2
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	458	-------	72	261	281	301	1,373
Rate per 100,000	156.2	-------	140.4	191.1	277.0	200.2	187.3
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	35,596	-------	585	13,729	12,302	[4] 4,484	[7] 66,696
Rate per 100,000	12,140.5	-------	1,140.4	10,050.5	12,126.9	3,131.5	9,190.1
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	2,510	-------	(2)	482	2,043	958	[5] 5,993
Rate per 100,000	856.1	-------	(2)	352.9	2,013.9	637.0	879.2
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	2,955	-------	531	3,852	3,164	3,567	14,069
Rate per 100,000	1,007.8	-------	1,035.1	2,819.9	3,119.0	2,371.9	1,919.6
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	(1)	-------	(3)	974	815	413	[6] 2,202
Rate per 100,000	(1)	-------	(3)	713.0	803.4	274.6	566.9
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	152	-------	8	141	35	143	479
Rate per 100,000	51.8	-------	15.6	103.2	34.5	95.1	65.4
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	358	-------	328	502	848	483	2,519
Rate per 100,000	122.1	-------	639.4	367.5	835.9	321.2	343.7

*No cities in this population group represented.

[1] Figures for prostitution and commercialized vice and vagrancy were not separately listed on the report for this city. The combined figure for those classes is 2,165.

[2] Figures for other assaults and disorderly conduct were not separately listed on the report for this city. The combined figure for those classes is 276.

[3] Figures for prostitution and commercialized vice and vagrancy were not separately listed on the report for this city. The combined figure for those classes is 485.

[4-7] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [4] 26 cities, 143,190 population; [5] 38 cities, 681,627 population; [6] 37 cities, 388,427 population; [7] 38 cities, 725,734 population.

TABLE 89.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1936, by population groups*

PACIFIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—2 cities over 250,000; total population, 951,800:								
Number of offenses known	26	119	53	590	378	2,784	10,381	4,611
Number cleared by arrest	23	35	49	255	327	911	2,227	400
Percentage cleared by arrest	88.5	29.4	92.5	43.2	86.5	32.7	21.5	8.7
GROUP II.—3 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 433,700:								
Number of offenses known	13	11	33	225	150	1,819	4,735	1,557
Number cleared by arrest	10	10	28	69	66	365	811	204
Percentage cleared by arrest	76.9	90.9	84.8	30.7	44.0	20.1	17.1	13.1
GROUP III.—5 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 399,200:								
Number of offenses known	9	9	31	278	177	1,864	5,615	1,432
Number cleared by arrest	8	7	27	70	63	470	1,230	196
Percentage cleared by arrest	88.9	77.8	87.1	25.2	35.6	25.2	21.9	13.7
GROUP IV.—8 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 247,600:								
Number of offenses known	8	8	15	94	100	1,275	3,394	997
Number cleared by arrest	8	8	13	23	52	310	551	115
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	86.7	24.5	52.0	24.3	16.2	11.5
GROUP V.—21 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 321,732:								
Number of offenses known	9	10	20	97	28	1,272	3,857	951
Number cleared by arrest	8	8	17	23	23	433	891	250
Percentage cleared by arrest	88.9	80.0	85.0	23.7	82.1	34.0	23.1	26.3
GROUP VI.—50 cities under 10,000; total population, 287,601:								
Number of offenses known	7	6	24	63	68	884	2,815	583
Number cleared by arrest	4	5	26	17	61	240	784	157
Percentage cleared by arrest	57.1	83.3	108.3	27.0	89.7	27.1	27.9	26.9
Total, 89 cities; population, 2,641,633:								
Number of offenses known	72	163	176	1,347	901	9,898	30,797	10,131
Number cleared by arrest	61	73	160	457	592	2,729	6,494	1,322
Percentage cleared by arrest	84.7	44.8	90.9	33.9	65.7	27.6	21.1	13.0

TABLE 90.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

PACIFIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 89 cities; total population, 2,641,633
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 951,800	3 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 433,700	5 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 399,200	8 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 247,600	21 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 321,732	50 cities under 10,000; population, 287,601	
Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	22	7	5	9	5	1	49
Rate per 100,000	2.3	1.6	1.3	3.6	1.6	0.3	1.9
Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	74	9	7	7	8	5	110
Rate per 100,000	7.8	2.1	1.8	2.8	2.5	1.7	4.2
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	337	49	64	36	27	22	535
Rate per 100,000	35.4	11.3	16.0	14.5	8.4	7.6	20.3
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	296	69	66	66	23	64	584
Rate per 100,000	31.1	15.9	16.5	26.7	7.1	22.3	22.1

TABLE 90.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1936, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

PACIFIC STATES—Continued

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	500	270	311	148	130	195	1,554
Rate per 100,000	52.5	62.3	77.9	59.8	40.4	67.8	58.8
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number or persons charged	597	107	216	149	190	210	1,469
Rate per 100,000	62.7	24.7	54.1	60.2	59.1	73.0	55.6
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	1,072	483	803	499	566	560	3,983
Rate per 100,000	112.6	111.4	201.2	201.5	175.9	194.7	150.8
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	262	125	187	115	106	148	943
Rate per 100,000	27.5	28.8	46.8	46.4	32.9	51.5	35.7
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	167	1	105	29	19	17	338
Rate per 100,000	17.5	0.2	26.3	11.7	5.9	5.9	12.8
Stolen property; receiving, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	32	8	9	2	6	11	68
Rate per 100,000	3.4	1.8	2.3	0.8	1.9	3.8	2.6
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	278	91	73	49	49	82	622
Rate per 100,000	29.2	21.0	18.3	19.8	15.2	28.5	23.5
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	45	21	32	13	13	26	150
Rate per 100,000	4.7	4.8	8.0	5.3	4.0	9.0	5.7
Prostitution; commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	553	1,543	294	145	31	22	2,588
Rate per 100,000	58.1	355.8	73.6	58.6	9.6	7.6	98.0
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	214	45	89	35	43	55	481
Rate per 100,000	22.5	10.4	22.3	14.1	13.4	19.1	18.2
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	646	10	69	42	1	10	778
Rate per 100,000	67.9	2.3	17.3	17.0	0.3	3.5	29.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	129	42	116	40	56	40	423
Rate per 100,000	13.6	9.7	29.1	16.2	17.4	13.9	16.0
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	449	96	111	60	26	20	762
Rate per 100,000	47.2	22.1	27.8	24.2	8.1	7.0	28.8
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	220	142	58	8	101	37	566
Rate per 100,000	23.1	32.7	14.5	3.2	31.4	12.9	21.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	547	1,451	666	601	1,527	1,432	6,224
Rate per 100,000	57.5	334.6	166.8	242.7	474.6	497.9	235.6
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	106,368	[1] 12,563	52,890	32,753	36,294	[2] 30,311	[3] 271,179
Rate per 100,000	11,175.5	4,540.3	13,249.0	13,228.2	11,280.8	11,096.9	10,978.1
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	1,211	1,182	2,669	438	1,000	1,079	7,579
Rate per 100,000	127.2	272.5	668.6	176.9	310.8	375.2	286.9
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	39,242	17,208	12,594	7,042	7,986	7,702	91,774
Rate per 100,000	4,122.9	3,967.7	3,154.8	2,844.1	2,482.2	2,678.0	3,474.1
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	12,057	2,810	2,144	1,295	2,251	1,414	21,971
Rate per 100,000	1,266.8	647.9	537.1	523.0	699.7	491.7	831.7
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	5,828	273	355	179	73	121	6,829
Rate per 100,000	612.3	62.9	88.9	72.3	22.7	42.1	258.5
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	21,871	5,667	1,539	972	2,028	1,102	33,179
Rate per 100,000	2,297.9	1,306.7	385.5	392.6	630.3	383.2	1,256.0

[1-3] The figures are based on the reports as follows: [1] 2 cities, 276,700 population; [2] 48 cities, 273,149 population; [3] 86 cities, 2,470,181 population.

DATA COMPILED FROM FINGERPRINT RECORDS

During the first 9 months of 1937 the F B I examined 389,077 arrest records as evidenced by fingerprint cards, in order to obtain data concerning the age, sex, race, and previous criminal histories of the persons represented. The compilation has been limited to instances of arrests for violations of State laws and municipal ordinances. In other words, fingerprint cards representing arrests for violations of Federal laws or representing commitments to any type of penal institution have been excluded from this tabulation.

The number of fingerprint records examined was considerably larger than for the corresponding portion of prior years, which were as follows: 1936—343,132; 1935—292,530; 1934—260,506. The increase in the number of arrest records examined should not be construed as reflecting an increase in the amount of crime, nor necessarily as an increase in the number of persons arrested, since it quite probably is at least partially the result of an increase in the number of local agencies contributing fingerprint records to the Identification Division of the F B I. The number of police departments, peace officers, and law-enforcement agencies throughout the United States and foreign countries voluntarily contributing fingerprints to the F B I as of September 30, 1937, was 10,609. Comparable figures for the corresponding portion of prior years are as follows: 1936—10,070; 1935—8,844; 1934—6,978. The tabulation of data from fingerprint cards obviously does not include all persons arrested, since there are individuals taken into custody for whom no fingerprint cards are forwarded to Washington. Furthermore, data pertaining to persons arrested should not be treated as information regarding the number of offenses committed, since two or more persons may be involved in the joint commission of a single offense, and on the other hand one person may be arrested and charged with the commission of several separate crimes.

More than 29 percent of the arrest records examined during the first 9 months of 1937 represented persons taken into custody for murder, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. Arrests for major violations are reflected by the following figures:

Criminal homicide	5, 161	Forgery and counterfeiting	5, 465
Robbery	9, 971	Rape	4, 504
Assault	22, 644	Narcotic drug laws	3, 005
Burglary	24, 595	Weapons (carrying, etc.)	4, 638
Larceny (except auto theft)	44, 027	Driving while intoxicated	16, 382
Auto theft	9, 920	Gambling	5, 413
Embezzlement and fraud	11, 535	Arson	616
Stolen property (receiving, etc.)	2, 563	Total	170, 439

Sex.—Of the total of 389,077 arrest records examined, 27,420 (7.0 percent) represented females. During the entire calendar year 1936 women were represented by 7.3 percent of all arrest records examined. The types of crimes for which women were taken into custody may be ascertained from the following table.

TABLE 91.—*Distribution of arrests by sex, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Number			Percent		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Criminal homicide	5,161	4,649	512	1.3	1.3	1.9
Robbery	9,971	9,551	420	2.6	2.6	1.5
Assault	22,644	20,688	1,956	5.8	5.7	7.1
Burglary—breaking or entering	24,595	24,211	384	6.3	6.7	1.4
Larceny—theft	44,027	40,868	3,159	11.3	11.3	11.5
Auto theft	9,920	9,775	145	2.5	2.7	.5
Embezzlement and fraud	11,535	11,037	498	3.0	3.1	1.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	2,563	2,391	172	.7	.7	.6
Arson	616	561	55	.2	.2	.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	5,465	5,127	338	1.4	1.4	1.2
Rape	4,504	4,504		1.2	1.2	0
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4,264	1,020	3,244	1.1	.3	11.8
Other sex offenses	6,852	5,852	1,000	1.7	1.6	3.7
Narcotic drug laws	3,005	2,345	660	.8	.7	2.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	4,638	4,472	166	1.2	1.2	.6
Offenses against family and children	4,602	4,509	93	1.2	1.2	.3
Liquor laws	6,740	5,840	900	1.7	1.6	3.3
Driving while intoxicated	16,382	16,056	326	4.2	4.4	1.2
Road and driving laws	2,938	2,894	44	.8	.8	.2
Parking violations	22	22		(1)	(1)	0
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	5,089	5,001	88	1.3	1.4	.3
Disorderly conduct	17,797	15,609	2,188	4.6	4.3	8.0
Drunkenness	64,121	60,817	3,304	16.5	16.8	12.1
Vagrancy	32,415	30,230	2,185	8.3	8.4	8.0
Gambling	5,413	5,046	367	1.4	1.4	1.3
Suspicion	44,421	40,816	3,605	11.4	11.3	13.2
Not stated	4,439	4,159	280	1.1	1.2	1.0
All other offenses	24,938	23,607	1,331	6.4	6.5	4.9
Total	389,077	361,657	27,420	100.0	100.0	100.0

[1] Less than 1/10 of 1 percent.

Age.—Prior to the middle of 1935 arrests of persons 19 years of age outnumbered arrests for any other single age group. Since the last half of the calendar year of 1935 there have been more arrests for ages 21 and 22 than for other age groups. This trend was continued during the first 9 months of 1937, the number of arrests being largest for age 22, as may be noted in the following table:

Age:	*Number arrested*
22	17,036
21	16,534
19	16,183
23	16,158

The compilation further disclosed an increase in the proportion of persons arrested who were less than 21 years old as compared with the record for 1936. The figure for the first 9 months of 1937 was 18.1 percent, as compared with 17.4 percent for the calendar year 1936. In addition to the 70,417 persons less than 21 years old arrested during the first 9 months of 1937, there were 64,677 (16.6 percent) between the ages of 21 and 24, making a total of 135,094 (34.7 percent) less than 25 years old. Persons arrested who were between the ages of 25 and 29 numbered 65,291 (16.8 percent). This makes a total of 200,385 (51.5 percent) less than 30 years old. (With reference to the ages of persons represented by fingerprint cards received at the F B I, it should be borne in mind that the number of arrest records is doubtless incomplete in the lower age groups, because in some jurisdictions the practice is not to fingerprint youthful individuals.)

The number of arrests for ages 16–24 is shown in figure 15.

TABLE 92.—*Arrests by age groups, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Age																		Total, all ages
	Not known	Under 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50 and over	
Criminal homicide	8	13	15	50	80	140	201	179	203	237	210	230	1,036	764	627	428	292	448	5,161
Robbery	18	26	61	259	455	637	731	639	693	654	603	567	1,998	1,219	753	368	161	129	9,971
Assault	40	40	59	213	372	513	630	679	856	926	958	995	4,525	3,526	2,970	2,021	1,414	1,907	22,644
Burglary—breaking or entering	59	644	536	1,663	2,073	2,074	1,866	1,395	1,353	1,315	1,174	984	3,513	2,333	1,603	907	531	572	24,595
Larceny—theft	70	856	579	1,849	2,604	2,778	2,639	2,128	2,111	2,014	1,830	1,669	6,662	5,033	4,186	2,766	1,828	2,425	44,027
Auto theft	11	139	264	762	1,085	1,189	967	686	663	583	488	409	1,262	643	396	199	95	79	9,920
Embezzlement and fraud	18	6	7	38	82	184	225	253	436	432	431	410	1,994	1,781	1,810	1,370	954	1,104	11,535
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1	11	16	62	80	99	117	92	99	98	102	93	420	333	291	223	158	268	2,563
Arson	2	3	5	13	22	17	19	18	17	12	16	25	86	68	89	66	49	89	616
Forgery and counterfeiting	5	7	24	69	131	176	217	215	219	231	213	195	969	806	753	535	339	361	5,465
Rape	4	8	15	73	163	260	292	304	284	287	238	208	818	493	340	230	159	328	4,504
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4	------	4	13	38	85	134	156	205	310	314	247	1,067	668	485	236	163	135	4,264
Other sex offenses	14	10	16	102	145	209	232	213	269	286	244	294	1,126	911	831	570	457	923	6,852
Narcotic drug laws	4	1	1	10	19	51	63	75	87	105	106	124	515	465	501	355	226	297	3,005
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	8	8	8	75	151	189	195	191	199	230	226	190	877	595	560	377	221	338	4,638
Offenses against family and children	5	------	1	3	10	23	56	80	123	167	201	166	914	863	832	550	309	299	4,602
Liquor laws	9	8	17	30	57	124	131	132	197	227	257	239	1,192	1,034	941	776	528	841	6,740
Driving while intoxicated	13	3	3	16	47	141	241	266	463	573	570	575	3,062	2,813	2,598	1,983	1,345	1,670	16,382
Road and driving laws	4	2	3	23	52	129	167	146	221	206	184	149	578	397	262	184	110	121	2,938
Parking violations	------	------	------	------	------	1	------	2	1	1	------	3	5	5	1	1	------	2	22
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	7	9	10	39	114	221	277	265	323	323	307	254	1,018	689	478	340	214	201	5,089
Disorderly conduct	16	50	63	175	368	613	651	581	830	826	779	741	3,201	2,501	2,199	1,478	1,084	1,641	17,797
Drunkenness	112	13	27	98	248	587	921	918	1,440	1,568	1,709	1,712	9,377	9,741	10,478	8,369	6,395	10,408	64,121
Vagrancy	52	69	80	417	811	1,294	1,499	1,177	1,604	1,562	1,460	1,308	5,383	4,262	3,710	2,443	1,875	3,409	32,415
Gambling	10	4	6	28	55	76	90	76	122	154	170	180	942	948	947	662	398	545	5,413
Suspicion	70	408	388	788	1,451	2,053	2,142	1,793	2,108	2,242	2,051	1,874	7,910	5,923	4,935	3,075	2,166	3,044	44,421
Not stated	19	36	37	81	121	168	174	152	177	186	228	193	782	623	548	365	227	322	4,439
All other offenses	30	413	310	732	1,059	1,341	1,306	1,135	1,231	1,281	1,089	915	4,059	2,930	2,466	1,686	1,166	1,789	24,938
Total	613	2,787	2,555	7,681	11,893	15,372	16,183	13,946	16,534	17,036	16,158	14,949	65,291	52,367	46,590	32,563	22,864	33,695	389,077

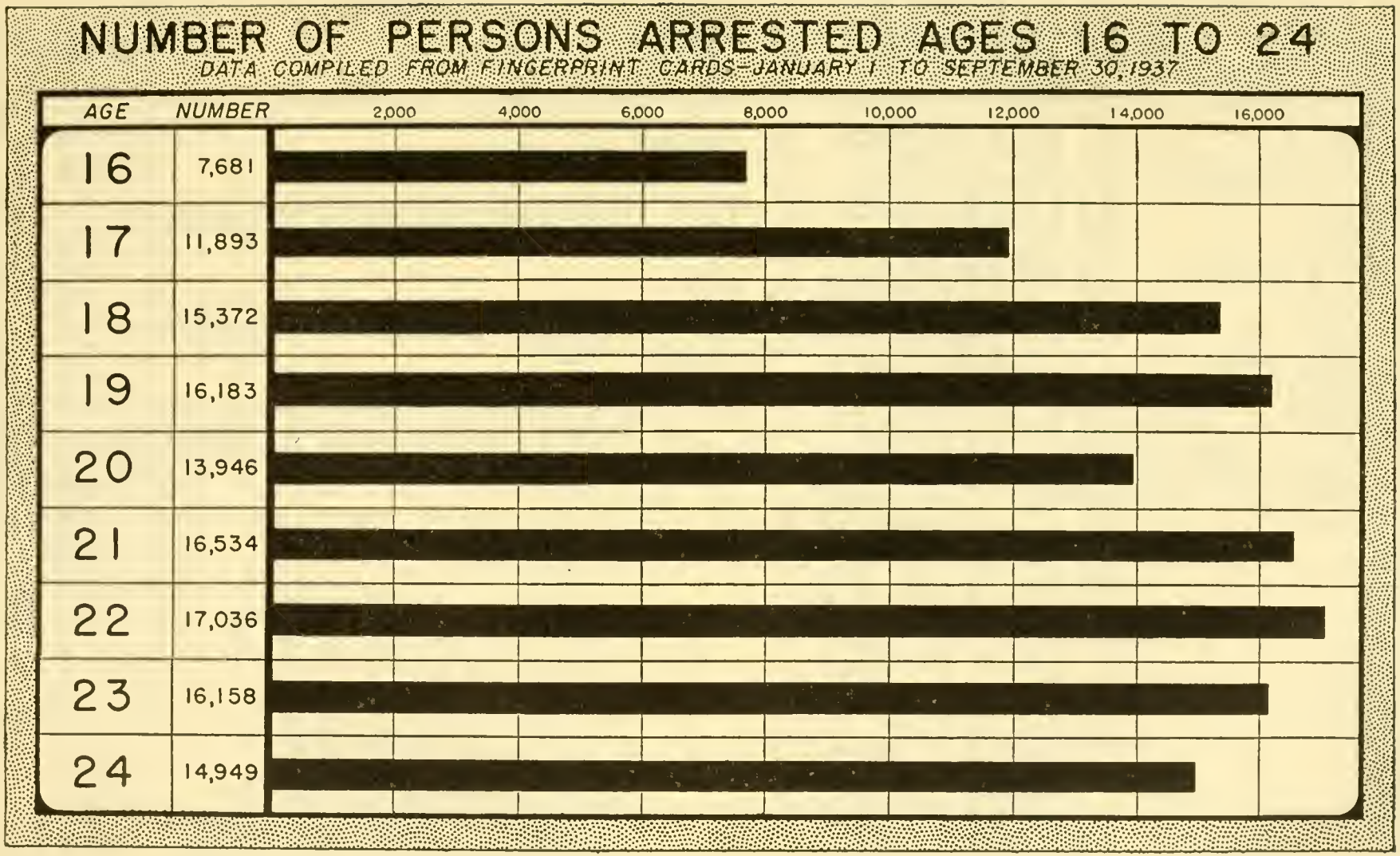
NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED AGES 16 TO 24
DATA COMPILED FROM FINGERPRINT CARDS—JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1937
AGE
NUMBER
2,000
4,000
6,000
8,000
10,000
12,000
14,000
16,000
16
7,681
17
11,893
18
15,372
19
16,183
20
13,946
21
16,534
22
17,036
23
16,158
24
14,949

FIGURE 15.

Persons under 21 years of age were most frequently charged with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. This is clearly indicated by the following tabulation:

Age group	Percentage distribution of arrests by age groups					
	All offenses	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft
Under 21	18.1	13.1	28.2	41.7	30.5	51.3
21–29	33.4	37.1	45.3	33.9	32.4	34.3
30–39	25.4	27.0	19.7	16.0	21.0	10.5
40–49	14.2	13.9	5.3	5.9	10.4	3.0
50 and over	8.7	8.7	1.3	2.3	5.5	.8
Unknown	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

The predominance of youths among those charged with offenses against property is further indicated by the fact that for all types of crimes 135,094 persons under 25 years of age were arrested, thus constituting 34.7 percent of the total of 389,077 arrest records examined. However, youths under 25 numbered 53.4 percent of those charged with robbery, 61.3 percent of those charged with burglary, 47.8 percent of those charged with larceny, and 72.9 percent of those charged with auto theft. There were 108,692 persons arrested for various crimes against property. One-half of them were individuals less than 25 years old. Furthermore, the tabulation shows that 31 percent of the 108,692 persons were under 21 years of age.

TABLE 93.—*Number and percentage of arrests of persons under 25 years of age, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Total number of persons arrested	Number under 21 years of age	Total number under 25 years of age	Percentage under 21 years of age	Total percentage under 25 years of age
Criminal homicide	5,161	678	1,558	13.1	30.2
Robbery	9,971	2,808	5,325	28.2	53.4
Assault	22,644	2,506	6,241	11.1	27.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	24,595	10,251	15,077	41.7	61.3
Larceny—theft	44,027	13,433	21.057	30.5	47.8
Auto theft	9,920	5,092	7,235	51.3	72.9
Embezzlement and fraud	11,535	795	2,504	6.9	21.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	2,563	477	869	18.6	33.9
Arson	616	97	167	15.7	27.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	5,465	839	1,697	15.4	31.1
Rape	4,504	1,115	2,132	24.8	47.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4,264	430	1,506	10.1	35.3
Other sex offenses	6,852	927	2,020	13.5	29.5
Narcotic drug laws	3,005	220	642	7.3	21.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	4,638	817	1,662	17.6	35.8
Offenses against family and children	4,602	173	830	3.8	18.0
Liquor laws	6,740	499	1,419	7.4	21.1
Driving while intoxicated	16,382	717	2,898	4.4	17.7
Road and driving laws	2,938	522	1,282	17.8	43.6
Parking violations	22	3	8	13.6	36.4
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	5,089	935	2,142	18.4	42.1
Disorderly conduct	17,797	2,501	5,677	14.1	31.9
Drunkenness	64,121	2,812	9,241	4.4	14.4
Vagrancy	32,415	5,347	11,281	16.5	34.8
Gambling	5,413	335	961	6.2	17.8
Suspicion	44,421	9,023	17,298	20.3	38.9
Not stated	4,439	769	1,553	17.3	35.0
All other offenses	24,938	6,296	10,812	25.2	43.4
Total	389,077	70,417	135,094	18.1	34.7

Recidivism.—Examination of the previous criminal histories of the persons represented by fingerprint cards received during the first 9 months of 1937 revealed that 41.8 percent (162,816) already had fingerprint cards on file in the Identification Division of the F B I. There were, in addition, 6,798 records bearing notations indicating previous criminal histories of the persons represented, although their

fingerprints had not previously been filed at the Bureau. There were, therefore, a total of 169,614 records containing data concerning the prior criminal activities of the persons arrested, and the records disclosed that 113,003 (66.6 percent) had previously been convicted of one or more offenses. This number is 29 percent of the 389,077 arrest records examined, the proportion being approximately the same as during 1936.

In many instances the records revealed previous convictions of major violations, as indicated by the following figures:

Criminal homicide	971	Forgery and counterfeiting	3,406
Robbery	4,250	Rape	817
Assault	5,640	Narcotic drug laws	2,137
Burglary	12,536	Weapons (carrying, etc.)	1,330
Larceny (and related offenses)	26,771	Driving while intoxicated	2,381
Arson	144	Total	60,383

In 22 cases it was shown that persons charged with criminal homicide during the first 9 months of 1937 had been previously convicted of homicide. The tabulation indicates a general tendency for recidivists to repeat the same type of crime.

As heretofore indicated, the records show that 113,003 of the persons arrested had been previously convicted. The records of those persons disclosed a total of 278,667 prior convictions, an average of more than 2 per individual; 124,413 of the convictions were for major violations and 154,254 were for less serious infractions of the criminal laws.

TABLE 94.—*Number with previous fingerprint records, arrests, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Total	Previous fingerprint record	Offense charged	Total	Previous fingerprint record
Criminal homicide	5,161	1,238	Offenses against family and children	4,602	1,537
Robbery	9,971	5,126	Liquor laws	6,740	2,595
Assault	22,644	8,013	Driving while intoxicated	16,382	4,423
Burglary—breaking or entering	24,595	10,562	Road and driving laws	2,938	735
Larceny—theft	44,027	17,844	Parking violations	22	6
Auto theft	9,920	3,986	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	5,089	1,601
Embezzlement and fraud	11,535	5,245	Disorderly conduct	17,797	7,116
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	2,563	841	Drunkenness	64,121	29,197
Arson	616	147	Vagrancy	32,415	18,480
Forgery and counterfeiting	5,465	2,689	Gambling	5,413	1,460
Rape	4,504	1,292	Suspicion	44,421	18,787
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4,264	2,175	Not stated	4,439	1,907
Other sex offenses	6,852	1,905	All other offenses	24,938	10,414
Narcotic drug laws	3,005	1,936	Total	389,077	162,816
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	4,638	1,559			

TABLE 95.—*Percentage with previous fingerprint records, arrests, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense	Percent	Offense	Percent
Narcotic drug laws	64.4	Assault	35.4
Vagrancy	57.0	Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	33.6
Robbery	51.4	Offenses against family and children	33.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	51.0	Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	32.8
Forgery and counterfeiting	49.2	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	31.5
Embezzlement and fraud	45.5	Rape	28.7
Drunkenness	45.5	Other sex offenses	27.8
Burglary—breaking or entering	42.9	Parking violations [1]	27.3
Suspicion	42.3	Driving while intoxicated	27.0
All other offenses	41.8	Gambling	27.0
Larceny—theft	40.5	Road and driving laws	25.0
Auto theft	40.2	Criminal homicide	24.0
Disorderly conduct	40.0	Arson	23.9
Liquor laws	38.5		

[1] Only 22 fingerprint cards were received representing arrests for violation of parking regulations.

TABLE 96.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show the persons arrested had previously been convicted 1 or more times, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted														
	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft	Embezzlement and fraud	Stolen property	Arson	Forgery and counterfeiting	Rape	Prostitution and commercialized vice	Sex offenses	Drug laws	Weapons
Criminal homicide	22	64	84	95	113	27	9	3	6	12	7	11	6	7	21
Robbery	28	465	194	579	702	174	61	17	4	84	22	38	43	39	67
Assault	111	237	923	564	840	120	46	28	9	90	51	79	77	66	113
Burglary—breaking or entering	48	328	307	2,271	1,774	353	75	55	14	166	38	29	43	64	93
Larceny—theft	75	435	459	1,818	4,261	447	295	80	19	392	89	105	93	227	126
Auto theft	9	91	93	421	611	419	30	19	2	64	18	7	19	12	29
Embezzlement and fraud	20	101	87	204	552	87	638	18	2	425	18	26	25	37	26
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	6	19	22	99	145	17	7	18	3	8	3	6	4	10	14
Arson	2	5	9	9	21	2	1		5	3	1	2	2	1	1
Forgery and counterfeiting	9	65	44	140	323	67	200	8	2	528	17	11	15	16	11
Rape	10	45	57	118	173	32	15	9	3	17	59	4	20	5	16
Prostitution and commercialized vice	7	22	46	26	121	9	11	2		9	3	735	36	49	7
Other sex offenses	13	42	74	114	169	37	30	3	5	26	32	39	192	11	12
Narcotic drug laws	3	39	23	88	195	20	21	4	1	28	5	59	10	741	14
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	19	82	100	161	169	35	8	6	2	29	5	9	11	15	63
Offenses against family and children	9	13	90	56	98	19	29	5		25	11	3	25	5	13
Liquor laws	25	42	94	112	156	27	13	14		22	6	32	18	20	29
Driving while intoxicated	21	74	156	195	316	80	54	16	6	73	22	18	30	19	43
Road and driving laws	4	9	24	49	72	26	5	2		9	7	2	2	1	8
Parking violations		1				1									1
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6	35	75	104	193	43	23	4		25	8	8	12	2	10
Disorderly conduct	43	153	359	414	760	85	66	20	4	81	41	87	92	49	64
Drunkenness	138	372	900	1,033	2,204	269	326	39	16	313	111	120	226	175	183
Vagrancy	91	442	436	1,169	2,048	272	275	63	9	286	56	180	141	219	92
Gambling	15	17	45	57	93	11	29	11		13	1	18	13	26	19
Suspicion	130	598	496	1,544	2,372	422	372	72	10	413	104	129	131	243	142
Not stated	20	85	57	170	259	59	53	10	1	70	13	14	17	14	11
All other offenses	87	369	386	926	1,220	255	133	45	21	195	69	49	87	64	102
Total	971	4,250	5,640	12,536	19,960	3,415	2,825	571	144	3,406	817	1,820	1,390	2,137	1,330

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted													
	Family and children	Liquor laws	Driving while intoxicated	Road and driving	Parking	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	Disorderly conduct	Drunkenness	Vagrancy	Gambling	Suspicion	Not stated	All other offenses	Total
Criminal homicide	3	53	11	6		13	36	43	22	17	4	2	57	754
Robbery	12	128	23	15		37	130	206	184	35	14	6	213	3,520
Assault	48	322	100	32		89	466	532	205	86	22	8	291	5,558
Burglary—breaking or entering	29	144	64	35		64	223	413	332	44	20	18	461	7,505
Larceny—theft	55	338	133	84	1	139	493	868	733	60	64	23	726	12,638
Auto theft	9	54	58	19		36	85	151	104	11	6	5	203	2,585
Embezzlement and fraud	21	92	60	19		31	78	179	197	26	16	9	178	3,175
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	2	37	3	5		8	19	25	22	10	4	1	45	562
Arson		15	3	1		1	1	17	1				5	108
Forgery and counterfeiting	25	49	29	10		13	27	92	33	4	7	5	69	1,819
Rape	9	26	13	14		11	42	59	26	11	3	2	73	872
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2	41	8	2		7	90	65	128	7	7		38	1,478
Other sex offenses	20	40	17	7		14	96	128	82	19	8	1	76	1,307
Narcotic drug laws	1	32	4	2		4	44	39	91	9	10	1	19	1,510
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	9	52	17	8		14	86	89	41	9	7	2	63	1,111
Offenses against family and children	120	46	35	5		20	58	106	19	10	3	1	60	884
Liquor laws	11	643	26	17		14	56	100	42	48	5	5	88	1,665
Driving while intoxicated	19	256	479	74		70	88	655	84	22	7	2	141	3,020
Road and driving laws	3	32	18	43		21	18	58	22	8	3	2	32	483
Parking violations							1							4
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	10	55	69	21		97	62	103	28	9	1		74	1,077
Disorderly conduct	35	155	94	30		55	820	821	384	34	14	4	308	5,072
Drunkenness	118	846	743	115		118	885	10,848	1,475	133	55	15	835	22,611
Vagrancy	54	279	129	27		46	514	1,649	2,750	62	80	22	825	12,246
Gambling	5	119	11	4		8	36	36	43	172	3	1	33	839
Suspicion	76	388	119	60	1	77	428	1,206	1,261	67	105	17	786	11,769
Not stated	12	50	15	7		11	53	98	80	7	6	5	85	1,282
All other offenses	98	228	100	43		74	323	720	474	42	33	392	1,014	7,549
Total	809	4,520	2,381	705	2	1,095	5,288	19,306	8,866	962	507	549	6,801	113,003

TABLE 97.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show 1 or more prior convictions, and the total of prior convictions disclosed by the records, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Number of records showing 1 or more prior convictions	Number of prior convictions of major offenses	Number of prior convictions of minor offenses	Total number of prior convictions disclosed
Criminal homicide	754	831	612	1,443
Robbery	3,520	5,144	3,573	8,717
Assault	5,558	6,114	6,070	12,184
Burglary—breaking or entering	7,505	11,887	6,683	18,570
Larceny—theft	12,638	20,043	15,122	35,165
Auto theft	2,585	3,540	2,147	5,687
Embezzlement and fraud	3,175	4,802	2,710	7,512
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	562	767	513	1,280
Arson	108	106	96	202
Forgery and counterfeiting	1,819	3,264	1,187	4,451
Rape	872	1,011	685	1,696
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1,478	1,996	1,226	3,222
Other sex offenses	1,307	1,537	1,360	2,897
Narcotic drug laws	1,510	3,896	1,611	5,507
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	1,111	1,305	1,074	2,379
Offenses against family and children	884	784	766	1,550
Liquor laws	1,665	1,042	2,095	3,137
Driving while intoxicated	3,020	1,831	3,527	5,358
Road and driving laws	483	357	463	820
Parking violations	4	6	2	8
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	1,077	912	1,136	2,048
Disorderly conduct	5,072	4,417	8,145	12,562
Drunkenness	22,611	11,947	48,259	60,206
Vagrancy	12,246	11,844	21,066	32,910
Gambling	839	882	734	1,616
Suspicion	11,769	14,451	13,103	27,554
Not stated	1,282	1,685	1,238	2,923
All other offenses	7,549	8,012	9,051	17,063
Total	113,003	124,413	154,254	278,667

Race.—Whites were represented by 285,015 of the records examined and Negroes by 86,506. The remaining races were represented as follows: Indian, 2,074; Chinese, 903; Japanese, 165; Mexican, 12,682; all others, 1,732.

The significance of the figures showing the number of Negroes arrested as compared with the number of whites can best be indicated in terms of the number of each in the general population of the country. Exclusive of those under 15 years of age, there were according to the 1930 decennial census, 8,041,014 Negroes, 13,069,192 foreign-born whites, and 64,365,193 native whites in the United States. Of each 100,000 Negroes, 1,076 were arrested and fingerprinted during the first 9 months of 1937, whereas the corresponding figure for native whites was 384 and for foreign-born whites 159. Figures for individual types of violations may be found in the following tabulations. It should be observed in connection with the foregoing data that the figure for native whites includes the immediate descendants of foreign-born individuals. Persons desiring to make a thorough study of the comparative amounts of crime committed by native whites and foreign-born whites should employ available compilations showing the number of instances in which offenders are of foreign or mixed parentage.

TABLE 98.—*Distribution of arrests according to race, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Race							Total, all races
	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Mexican	All others	
Criminal homicide	3,124	1,816	25	4	6	148	38	5,161
Robbery	6,786	2,749	34	6	5	299	92	9,971
Assault	12,320	9,297	95	14	13	727	178	22,644
Burglary—breaking or entering	17,493	6,349	80	6	4	553	110	24,595
Larceny—theft	30,365	12,210	166	17	3	1,097	169	44,027
Auto theft	8,157	1,361	62	1	3	322	14	9,920
Embezzlement and fraud	9,856	1,328	33	10	6	263	39	11,535
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1,794	673	5	6	-------	78	7	2,563
Arson	509	91	1	-------	-------	15	-------	616
Forgery and counterfeiting	4,864	492	20	4	13	55	17	5,465
Rape	3,362	871	47	9	2	167	46	4,504
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,934	1,220	33	4	1	55	17	4,264
Other sex offenses	5,651	956	30	20	1	158	36	6,852
Narcotic drug laws	1,654	577	13	471	1	237	52	3,005
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	2,544	1,889	6	8	4	133	54	4,638
Offenses against family and children	3,842	595	15	-------	2	132	16	4,602
Liquor laws	3,792	2,832	19	11	4	75	7	6,740
Driving while intoxicated	14,204	1,139	154	3	15	828	39	16,382
Road and driving laws	2,085	674	22	-------	1	127	29	2,938
Parking violations	21	1	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	22
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	3,792	1,058	18	5	2	181	33	5,089
Disorderly conduct	12,281	4,700	115	5	2	614	80	17,797
Drunkenness	52,094	7,484	625	9	50	3,747	112	64,121
Vagrancy	24,380	6,500	158	35	6	1,152	184	32,415
Gambling	2,990	2,066	4	187	11	61	94	5,413
Suspicion	31,940	11,165	183	46	5	947	135	44,421
Not stated	3,455	884	29	3	-------	53	15	4,439
All other offenses	18,726	5,529	82	19	5	458	119	24,938
Total	285,015	86,506	2,074	903	165	12,682	1,732	389,077

TABLE 99.—*Number of arrests of Negroes and whites in proportion to the number of each in the general population of the country, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

[Rate per 100,000 of population, excluding those under 15 years of age]

Offense charged	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
Criminal homicide	4.1	3.0	22.6
Robbery	9.4	1.9	34.2
Assault	15.3	15.9	115.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	25.1	5.7	79.0
Larceny—theft	43.2	13.5	151.8
Auto theft	11.9	1.5	16.9
Embezzlement and fraud	12.9	5.0	16.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	2.1	2.8	8.4
Arson	.6	.8	1.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	6.9	1.9	6.1
Rape	4.6	2.2	10.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4.3	.8	15.2
Other sex offenses	7.3	5.6	11.9
Narcotic drug laws	2.3	.7	7.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3.3	2.6	23.5
Offenses against family and children	5.2	3.0	7.4
Liquor laws	5.0	3.9	35.2
Driving while intoxicated	19.6	6.6	14.2
Road and driving laws	3.0	.8	8.4
Parking violations	(1)	-------	(1)
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	5.3	1.8	13.2
Disorderly conduct	16.6	9.8	58.5
Drunkenness	64.4	27.3	93.1
Vagrancy	33.3	11.7	80.8
Gambling	3.5	2.5	25.7
Suspicion	43.4	15.0	138.9
Not stated	4.8	1.9	11.0
All other offenses	26.3	10.4	68.8
Total	383.9	158.6	1,075.8

[1] Less than 1/10 of 1 per 100,000.

TABLE 100.—*Percentage distribution of arrests, by age, of native whites, foreign-born whites, and Negroes, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Age	Number arrested			Percent		
	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
15 and under 21	46,142	780	16,331	18.8	3.8	19.1
21–24	42,556	835	15,482	17.3	4.0	18.1
25–29	40,951	1,390	17,079	16.7	6.7	20.0
30–34	33,135	2,070	12,170	13.5	10.0	14.2
35–39	28,796	2,742	10,478	11.7	13.2	12.3
40–44	20,235	3,410	5,894	8.2	16.5	6.9
45–49	13,616	3,333	3,647	5.6	16.1	4.3
50 and over	19,921	6,130	4,197	8.1	29.6	4.9
Unknown	187	20	167	.1	.1	.2
Total	245,539	20,710	85,445	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 101.—*Number of native whites, number of foreign-born whites, and number of Negroes arrested and fingerprinted, by age groups, Jan. 1–Sept. 30, 1937*

Age	Number arrested			Number of arrests per 100,000 of the general population of the United States		
	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
15	1,709	32	693	86.3	83.3	288.2
16	5,229	112	2,049	258.8	219.3	795.0
17	8,060	155	3,130	413.4	237.5	1,277.6
18	10,459	152	3,601	531.5	189.8	1,338.0
19	11,058	178	3,748	591.7	198.3	1,573.1
20	9,627	151	3,110	530.2	141.2	1,202.9
21	11,020	172	3,784	601.8	147.6	1,657.4
22	11,264	198	3,958	632.2	153.5	1,587.1
23	10,444	224	4,066	610.4	155.4	1,734.0
24	9,828	241	3,674	590.5	145.7	1,580.5
25–29	40,951	1,390	17,079	542.2	136.1	1,593.5
30–34	33,135	2,070	12,170	482.8	166.0	1,407.7
35–39	28,796	2,742	10,478	439.5	168.0	1,176.1
40–44	20,235	3,410	5,894	367.6	201.3	857.4
45–49	13,616	3,333	3,647	286.2	212.9	578.8
50 and over	19,921	6,130	4,197	137.6	124.7	293.7
Unknown	187	20	167	277.0	203.6	1,216.2
Total	245,539	20,710	85,445	381.5	158.5	1,062.6

At the end of September 1937, there were 7,656,178 fingerprint records and 8,919,800 index cards containing the names and aliases of individuals on file in the Identification Division of the F B I. Of each 100 fingerprint cards received during the first 9 months of 1937, more than 55 were identified with those on file in the Bureau. Fugitives numbering 4,616 were identified through fingerprint records during this same period, and interested law-enforcement officials were immediately notified of the whereabouts of those fugitives. As of September 30, 1937, there were 10,609 police departments, peace officers, and law-enforcement agencies throughout the United States and foreign countries voluntarily contributing fingerprints to the F B I.

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UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ITS POSSESSIONS

Volume VIII—Number 4

FOURTH QUARTERLY BULLETIN, 1937

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UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Volume 8 January 1938 Number 4

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Classification of Offenses.

The term "offenses known to the police" is designed to include those crimes designated as part I classes of the uniform classification occurring within the police jurisdiction, whether they become known to the police through reports of police officers, of citizens, of prosecuting or court officials, or otherwise. They are confined to the following group of seven classes of grave offenses, shown by experience to be those most generally and completely reported to the police: Criminal homicide, including (*a*) murder, nonnegligent manslaughter, and (*b*) manslaughter by negligence; rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary—breaking or entering; larceny—theft; and auto theft. The figures contained herein include also the number of attempted crimes of the designated classes. Attempted murders, however, are reported as aggravated assaults. In other words, an attempted burglary or robbery, for example, is reported in the bulletin in the same manner as if the crime had been completed.

"Offenses known to the police" include, therefore, all of the above offenses, including attempts, which are reported by the police departments of contributing cities and not merely arrests or cleared cases. Complaints which upon investigation are learned to be groundless are not included in the tabulations which follow.

In order to indicate more clearly the types of offenses included in each group, there follows a brief definition of each classification:

1. *Criminal homicide.*—(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter—includes all felonious homicides except those caused by negligence. Does not include attempts to kill, assaults to kill, justifiable homicides, suicides, or accidental deaths. (*b*) Manslaughter by negligence—includes only those cases in which death is caused by culpable negligence which is so clearly evident that if the person responsible for the death were apprehended he would be prosecuted for manslaughter.

2. *Rape.*—Includes forcible rape, statutory rape, assault to rape, and attempted rape.

3. *Robbery.*—Includes stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as highway robbery, stick-ups, robbery armed. Includes assault to rob and attempt to rob.

4. *Aggravated assault.*—Includes assault with intent to kill; assault by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by use of acids. Does not include simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. *Burglary—breaking or entering.*—Includes burglary, housebreaking, safe-cracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or theft. Includes attempted burglary and assault to commit a burglary. Burglary followed by a larceny is entered here and is not counted again under larceny.

6. *Larceny—theft (except auto theft).*—(*a*) Fifty dollars and over in value. (*b*) Under $50 in value—includes in one of the above subclassifications, depending upon the value of the property stolen, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, or any stealing of property or thing of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, passing worthless checks, etc.

7. *Auto theft.*—Includes all cases where a motor vehicle is stolen or driven away and abandoned, including the so-called "joy-riding" thefts. Does not include taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker, or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

In publishing the data sent in by chiefs of police in different cities, the F B I does not vouch for their accuracy. They are given out as current information which may throw some light on problems of crime and criminal-law enforcement.

In compiling the tables, returns which were apparently incomplete or otherwise defective were excluded.

Extent of Reporting Area.

In the table which follows there is shown the number of police departments from which one or more crime reports were received during the calendar year 1937. Information is presented for the cities divided according to size. The population figures employed are estimates as of July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census for cities with population in excess of 10,000. No estimates were available, however, for those with a smaller number of inhabitants, and, accordingly, for them the figures listed in the 1930 decennial census were used.

Population group	Total number of cities or towns	Cities filing returns		Total population	Population represented in returns	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Total	983	896	91.1	60,281,688	58,500,647	97.0
1. Cities over 250,000	37	37	100.0	29,695,500	29,695,500	100.0
2. Cities 100,000 to 250,000	57	57	100.0	7,850,312	7,850,312	100.0
3. Cities 50,000 to 100,000	104	101	97.1	6,980,407	6,773,170	97.0
4. Cities 25,000 to 50,000	191	175	91.6	6,638,544	6,067,391	91.4
5. Cities 10,000 to 25,000	594	526	88.6	9,116,925	8,114,274	89.0

NOTE.—The above table does not include 1,533 cities and rural townships aggregating a total population of 7,779,340. The cities included in this figure are those of less than 10,000 population filing returns, whereas the rural townships are of varying population groups.

The growth in the crime reporting area is evidenced by the following figures for 1930–37:

Year	Number of cities	Population	Year	Number of cities	Population
1930	1,127	45,929,965	1934	1,799	62,757,643
1931	1,511	51,145,734	1935	2,156	64,615,330
1932	1,578	53,212,230	1936	2,318	65,639,430
1933	1,658	62,357,262	1937	2,429	66,279,987

The foregoing comparison shows that during 1937 there was an increase of 111 cities as compared with 1936.

In addition to the 2,429 city and village police departments which submitted crime reports during 1937, one or more reports were received during that year from 1,286 sheriffs and state police organizations and from 8 agencies in territories and possessions of the United States. This makes a grand total of 3,723 agencies contributing crime reports during 1937.

MONTHLY RETURNS

Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Population.

In table 102 there is presented the number of offenses known to have been committed during the calendar year 1937 as reported by the police departments of 1,809 cities with a combined population of 61,551,252. The figures are also presented for the cities divided into six groups according to size.

The compilation discloses that the number of offenses committed per unit of population is higher in the large cities than in the comparatively smaller communities. This distribution of the crimes is similar to the distribution shown in tabulations for prior years.

More than two-thirds of the crimes listed in the following table consist of larcenies (53.9 percent) and auto thefts (14.9 percent). Burglaries and robberies represented 26.6 percent of the crimes listed in the table. It will be noted that the foregoing crimes which are classed as offenses against property constitute 95.4 percent of the total offenses. The remaining crimes, murder, manslaughter, rape, and aggravated assault, are classed as offenses against the person and constituted 4.6 percent of the total. In spite of the small percentage of offenses against the person, it will be seen from the table that 3,765 murders, 3,406 manslaughters, 5,243 rapes, and 27,886 aggravated assaults were reported by the police departments represented in the compilation. Estimates of the total number of such crimes committed in the United States during 1937 may be found in table 115. A percentage distribution of the crimes shown in table 102 is presented below.

Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent	Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent
Total	1,446.6	100.0	Robbery	59.8	4.1
			Aggravated assault	45.5	3.2
Larceny	780.0	53.9	Rape	8.5	.6
Burglary	325.4	22.5	Murder	6.1	.4
Auto theft	215.6	14.9	Manslaughter	5.7	.4

The majority of the cities represented made separate reports of the larcenies in which the property stolen was valued at $50 or more. A compilation showing the larcenies divided according to the value of the property stolen yields the following figures:

Population group	Larceny—theft		Population group	Larceny—theft	
	$50 and over in value	Under $50 in value		$50 and over in value	Under $50 in value
32 cities over 250,000; total population, 20,322,200:			54 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,463,212:		
Number of offenses known	22,137	141,963	Number of offenses known	7,243	62,518
Rate per 100,000	108.9	698.6	Rate per 100,000	97.0	837.7

There were 233,861 larcenies classified according to the value of the property involved, and the preceding figures reveal that 29,380 (12.6 percent) were cases in which the value of the property exceeded $50.

TABLE 102.—*Offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1937; number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I								
36 cities over 250,000; total population, 29,375,600:								
Number of offenses known	1,994	[1] 2,090	3,042	23,932	13,352	[2] 77,597	[2] 184,706	[2] 58,537
Rate per 100,000	6.8	7.6	10.4	81.5	45.5	349.2	831.2	263.4
GROUP II								
57 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,850,312:								
Number of offenses known	537	[3] 516	543	4,413	[4] 4,723	32,057	73,227	19,530
Rate per 100,000	6.8	6.7	6.9	56.2	62.0	408.4	932.8	248.8
GROUP III								
96 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 6,462,015:								
Number of offenses known	431	241	488	3,202	3,662	22,522	55,031	13,771
Rate per 100,000	6.7	3.7	7.6	49.6	56.7	348.5	851.6	213.1
GROUP IV								
162 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 5,623,637:								
Number of offenses known	255	197	392	1,944	2,398	18,411	46,069	10,906
Rate per 100,000	4.5	3.5	7.0	34.6	42.6	327.4	819.2	193.9
GROUP V								
441 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 6,854,785:								
Number of offenses known	303	193	433	1,822	2,286	15,619	42,667	9,480
Rate per 100,000	4.4	2.8	6.3	26.6	33.3	228.3	622.4	138.3
GROUP VI								
1,017 cities under 10,000; total population, 5,384,903:								
Number of offenses known	245	169	345	1,486	1,465	10,771	22,613	5,039
Rate per 100,000	4.5	3.1	6.4	27.6	27.2	200.0	419.9	93.6
Total 1,809 cities; total population, 61,551,252:								
Number of offenses known	3,765	[5] 3,406	5,243	36,799	[6] 27,886	[7] 177,007	[7] 424,313	[7] 117,263
Rate per 100,000	6.1	5.7	8.5	59.8	45.5	325.4	780.0	215.6

[1] The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 34 cities with a total population of 27,647,400.

[2] The number of offenses and rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on reports of 35 cities with a total population of 22,221,300.

[3] The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 56 cities with a total population of 7,726,812.

[4] The number of offenses and rate for aggravated assault are based on reports of 55 cities with a total population of 7,616,212.

[5] The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 1,806 cities with a total population of 59,699,552.

[6] The number of offenses and rate for aggravated assault are based on reports of 1,807 cities with a total population of 61,317,152.

[7] The number of offenses and rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on reports of 1,808 cities with a total population of 54,396,952.

Daily Average, Offenses Known to the Police, 1937.

Monthly variations in the number of crimes committed during 1937 are indicated in table 103, which is based on the reports received from the police departments of 93 cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants.

The daily average number of murders and aggravated assaults was highest during the third quarter of the year. This is similar to the monthly variations shown by the corresponding figures for 1936. Offenses of manslaughter by negligence were most frequently reported during the first and fourth quarters of the year.

All of the offenses against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft) show similar monthly fluctuations, the highest points being in the first and fourth quarters of the year. In all instances the daily average for the fourth quarter of 1937 is higher than for the first quarter of the year. However, for burglary and auto theft the figures for the fourth quarter are only slightly in excess of the first quarter. The robbery and larceny data show rather sharp upward trends during the last 3 months of the year.

The fluctuations in the figures for individual types of crimes may be readily noted in figure 16.

TABLE 103.—*Daily average, offenses known to the police, 93 cities over 100,000 in population, January to December, inclusive, 1937*

[Total population, 37,225,912, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Month	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault [2]	Burglary—breaking or entering [3]	Larceny—theft [3]	Auto theft [3]
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence [1]						
January	6.2	7.7	8.2	83.7	45.1	310.0	674.5	220.2
February	7.0	7.5	8.7	84.5	42.4	315.4	702.4	228.0
March	7.1	7.0	10.4	78.0	43.3	328.4	694.2	220.9
April	6.1	6.9	10.6	67.9	47.5	296.4	700.8	217.3
May	7.2	5.9	10.3	58.5	51.6	274.3	658.9	202.2
June	6.9	6.1	10.9	61.7	52.7	271.0	652.0	198.0
July	7.2	6.3	9.1	63.9	58.6	277.0	664.0	191.2
August	7.2	6.1	9.3	67.0	59.7	288.7	688.3	199.8
September	7.3	7.0	10.1	67.2	53.9	280.0	692.0	209.0
October	7.8	7.9	12.4	81.9	48.3	279.7	754.9	229.8
November	6.1	8.0	9.4	101.1	44.4	322.3	803.9	226.3
December	7.1	9.3	8.3	116.6	46.1	362.3	794.5	225.0
January to March	6.7	7.4	9.1	82.0	43.6	318.0	690.0	222.9
April to June	6.7	6.3	10.6	62.7	50.6	280.5	670.4	205.8
July to September	7.2	6.5	9.5	66.0	57.5	281.9	681.3	199.9
October to December	7.0	8.4	10.1	99.9	46.3	321.4	784.2	227.0
January to December	6.9	7.1	9.8	77.7	49.5	300.4	706.7	213.9

[1] Daily averages for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 90 cities with a total population of 35,374,212.

[2] Daily averages for aggravated assault are based on reports of 91 cities with a total population of 36,991,812.

[3] Daily averages for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on reports of 92 cities with a total population of 30,071,612.

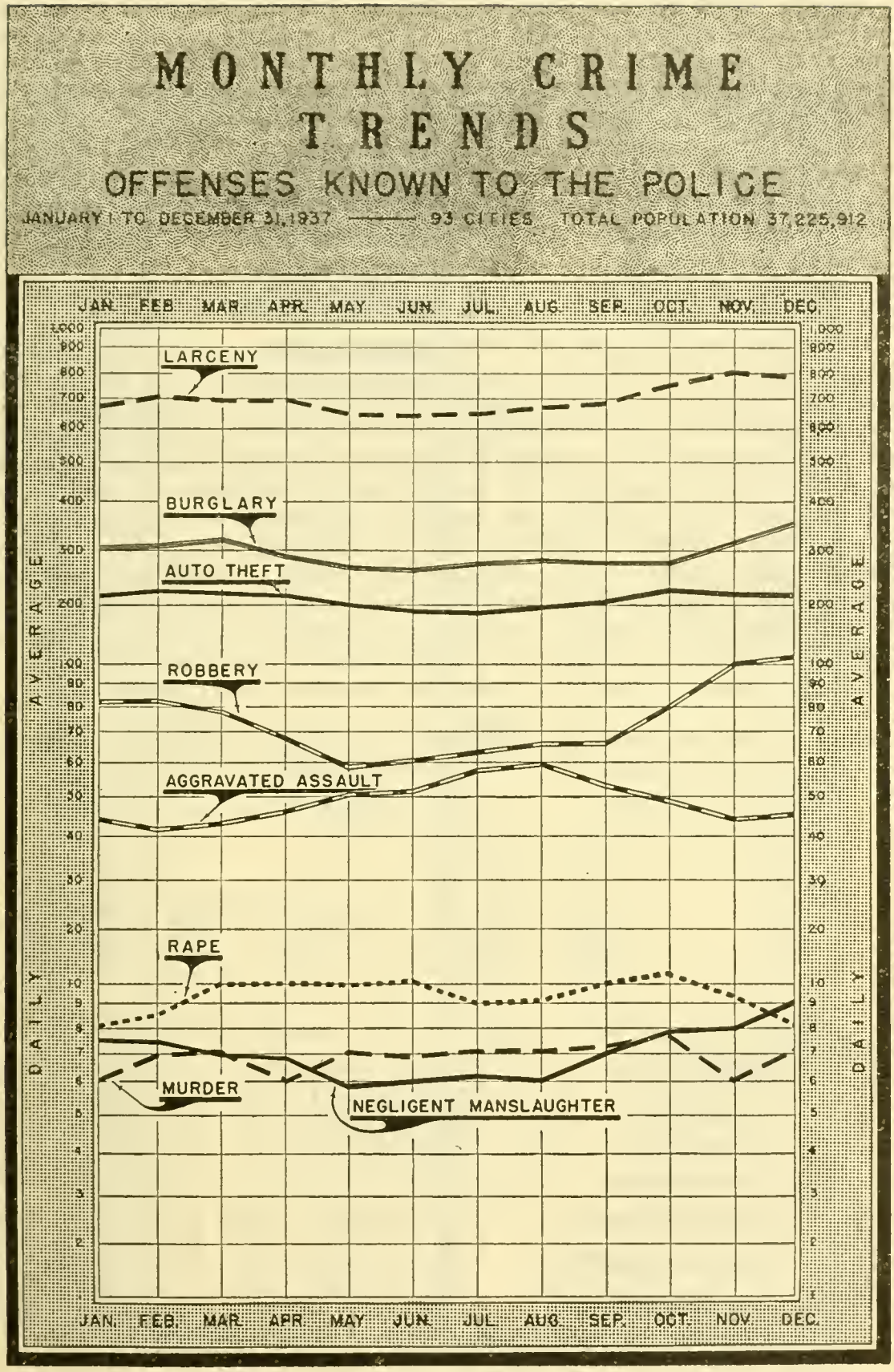
MONTHLY CRIME TRENDS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE
JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1937 —— 93 CITIES TOTAL POPULATION 37,225,912
JAN. FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUN. JUL. AUG. SEP. OCT. NOV. DEC.
DAILY AVERAGE
LARCENY
BURGLARY
AUTO THEFT
ROBBERY
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
RAPE
MURDER
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

FIGURE 16.

Annual Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1931–37.

Annual variations in the number of crimes committed during 1931–37 are indicated in table 104. The compilation is limited to the reports received from the police departments of 73 cities with population in excess of 100,000. The total population area represented is 20,912,712.

For all types of crimes except aggravated assault, the 1937 figure is in excess of the number of crimes reported during 1936. In several instances the amount of increase is quite substantial. For rape and larceny, the 1937 figures are the highest reported during the 7-year period represented.

Estimates of the total number of crimes committed in the entire United States during 1936 and 1937 may be found in table 115.

Table 104 shows a substantial decrease in the number of homicides during 1935 and 1936 as compared with prior years. In connection with the decrease in the number of offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter (willful felonious homicides), it is suggested that the decrease may be partially attributable to the fact that during 1935 it was ascertained that many police departments had been including as felonious homicides cases which were excusable in nature, such as the killing of a felon who was resisting arrest by a police officer. Such cases were subsequently excluded, together with instances of killing in self-defense by private individuals, in order that the published figures might represent felonious homicides. This has naturally resulted in a reduction of such cases listed since 1935.

The data shown in table 104 are also presented in figure 17.

TABLE 104.—*Annual trends, offenses known to the police, 73 cities over 100,000 in population, January to December, inclusive, 1931–37*

[Total population 20,912,712, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Year	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Number of offenses known:								
1931	1,630	1,504	1,273	21,887	11,137	78,983	165,630	95,894
1932	1,637	1,170	1,306	20,784	9,792	84,340	168,782	81,867
1933	1,761	1,398	1,324	19,981	12,079	87,202	180,876	78,398
1934	1,613	935	1,398	16,973	11,205	82,813	181,713	72,144
1935	1,422	930	1,596	14,204	10,731	75,532	179,102	61,881
1936	1,418	995	1,681	13,339	11,598	67,352	170,432	53,662
1937	1,456	1,180	1,910	15,381	11,046	71,936	189,428	54,848
Daily average:								
1931	4.5	4.1	3.5	60.0	30.5	216.4	453.8	262.7
1932	4.5	3.2	3.6	56.8	26.8	230.4	461.2	223.7
1933	4.8	3.8	3.6	54.7	33.1	238.9	495.6	214.8
1934	4.4	2.6	3.8	46.5	30.7	226.9	497.8	197.7
1935	3.9	2.5	4.4	38.9	29.4	206.9	490.7	169.5
1936	3.9	2.7	4.6	36.4	31.7	184.0	465.7	146.6
1937	4.0	3.2	5.2	42.1	30.3	197.1	519.0	150.3

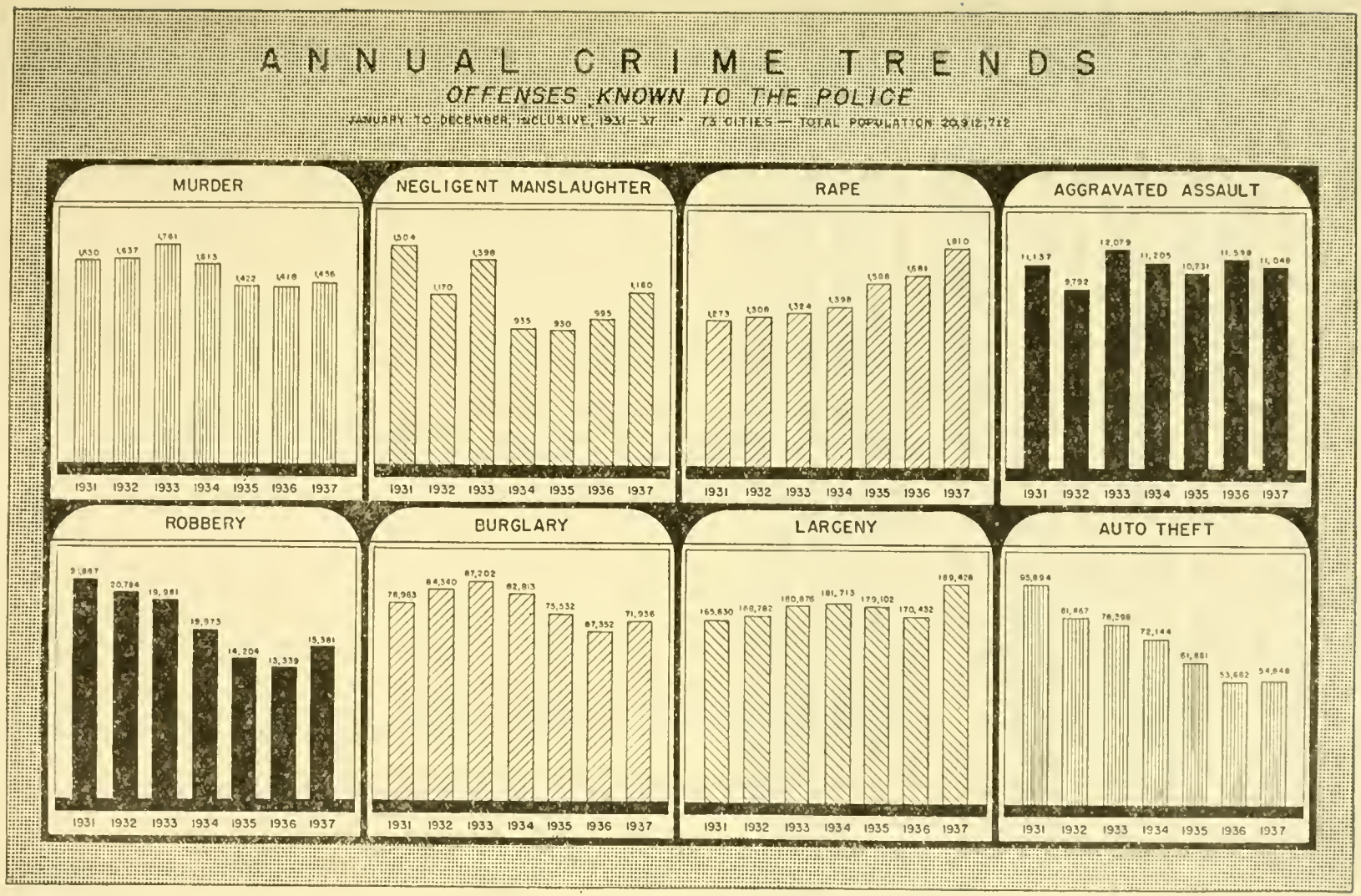
ANNUAL CRIME TRENDS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE
JANUARY TO DECEMBER, INCLUSIVE, 1931–37 — 73 CITIES — TOTAL POPULATION 20,912,722
MURDER
1,430
1,637
1,761
1,613
1,422
1,418
1,456
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
1,504
1,170
1,398
935
930
995
1,180
RAPE
1,273
1,308
1,324
1,398
1,508
1,581
1,810
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
11,137
9,792
12,079
11,205
10,731
11,598
11,048
ROBBERY
21,847
20,784
19,981
19,973
14,204
13,339
15,381
BURGLARY
78,963
84,340
87,202
82,813
75,532
67,352
71,936
LARCENY
165,630
168,782
180,876
181,713
179,102
170,432
189,428
AUTO THEFT
95,894
81,867
78,398
72,144
61,881
53,662
54,848
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937

FIGURE 17.

Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Location.

In table 105 there is presented information regarding the number of police departments whose reports were employed in the preparation of figures representing crime rates for the individual States. This information is included here in order to show the number of such contributors according to size of city, and it is believed it will be helpful in evaluating the crime data for individual States, since table 102 has indicated that there is a noticeable tendency for the large cities to report higher crime rates than the smaller communities. It should be further observed that in several instances the number of records entering into the construction of State rates is quite limited. In some cases the figures for individual States are based on reports from only three or four police departments. Obviously, the crime rates based on such a limited number of records may differ considerably from the figures which would result if reports were available for all urban communities in the State.

In table 106 there are presented the crime rates for the individual States, together with figures for nine geographic divisions of the country.

In table 107 may be found crime rates for the nine geographic divisions of the country, with the cities in each division being segregated into six groups according to size. This information is presented in order to make possible comparisons between the figures for an individual community and the average figures for cities of the same size which are located in the same section of the United States.

TABLE 105.—*Number of cities in each State included in the tabulation of uniform crime reports, January to December, inclusive, 1937*

Division and State	Population						
	Over 250,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	Less than 10,000	Total
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION							
New England: 170 cities; total population, 5,744,533	2	12	12	26	60	58	170
Middle Atlantic: 456 cities; total population, 18,273,771	6	11	22	25	116	276	456
East North Central: 449 cities; total population, 16,125,525	9	10	26	51	99	254	449
West North Central: 224 cities; total population, 4,972,010	4	5	6	11	53	145	224
South Atlantic: [1] 119 cities; total population, 4,473,447	3	6	13	16	26	55	119
East South Central: 58 cities; total population, 2,004,558	3	3	3	5	16	28	58
West South Central: 104 cities; total population, 3,278,923	3	5	6	9	21	60	104
Mountain: 73 cities; total population, 1,226,546	1	1	2	6	14	49	73
Pacific: 156 cities; total population, 5,451,939	5	4	6	13	36	92	156
New England:							
Maine			1	1	6	9	17
New Hampshire			1	2	4	6	13
Vermont				1	1	6	8
Massachusetts	1	8	7	12	35	29	92
Rhode Island	1		2	4	5	4	16
Connecticut		4	1	6	9	4	24
Middle Atlantic:							
New York	3	4	6	10	44	103	170
New Jersey	1	4	6	8	29	56	104
Pennsylvania	2	3	10	7	43	117	182
East North Central:							
Ohio	5	3	4	15	27	70	124
Indiana	1	4	3	9	12	28	57
Illinois	1	1	8	12	28	71	121
Michigan	1	2	8	7	19	58	95
Wisconsin	1		3	8	13	27	52
West North Central:							
Minnesota	2	1			10	54	67
Iowa		1	2	6	6	29	44
Missouri	2		2	2	9	17	32
North Dakota				1	3	5	9
South Dakota				1	5	3	9
Nebraska		1	1		6	15	23
Kansas		2	1	1	14	22	40
South Atlantic:							
Delaware		1				2	3
Maryland	1			2	3	4	10
Virginia		2	1	5	4	9	21
West Virginia			3	1	3	11	18
North Carolina			4	2	8	9	23
South Carolina			2	2	1	2	7
Georgia	1		3	1	3	4	12
Florida		3		3	4	14	24
East South Central:							
Kentucky	1		1	3	3	10	18
Tennessee	1	3			2	7	13
Alabama	1		1	1	4	9	16
Mississippi			1	1	7	2	11
West South Central:							
Arkansas			1	1		8	10
Louisiana	1		1	2	4	6	14
Oklahoma		2		2	7	26	37
Texas	2	3	4	4	10	20	43
Mountain:							
Montana				2	3	5	10
Idaho					1	8	9
Wyoming					2	3	5
Colorado	1		1	1	4	12	19
New Mexico				1	2	4	7
Arizona			1	1		5	7
Utah		1		1	1	9	12
Nevada					1	3	4
Pacific:							
Washington	1	2		2	8	10	23
Oregon	1			1	4	8	14
California	3	2	6	10	24	74	119

[1] Includes District of Columbia.

TABLE 106.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to December, inclusive, 1937, by States*

Division and State	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION						
New England	1.3	19.4	12.4	252.6	485.9	185.5
Middle Atlantic	3.8	30.9	35.5	[1] 181.6	[1] 354.9	[1] 156.1
East North Central	4.6	88.3	37.1	306.4	779.6	175.8
West North Central	4.4	49.4	15.2	264.8	808.9	184.4
South Atlantic [2]	17.7	105.6	152.2	512.7	1,199.0	278.2
East South Central	22.7	87.3	[3] 152.9	468.7	822.1	234.2
West South Central	15.2	59.8	79.6	433.6	1,222.9	186.1
Mountain	4.7	64.9	22.6	432.0	1,150.5	302.4
Pacific	4.2	75.3	28.1	511.5	1,223.0	454.6
New England:						
Maine	1.2	11.2	40.8	271.3	475.8	154.1
New Hampshire	.9	11.4	7.3	142.2	287.6	68.1
Vermont	1.2	10.7	----------	112.7	449.7	103.2
Massachusetts	1.3	23.6	11.8	256.9	476.6	208.4
Rhode Island	1.6	7.8	9.1	171.1	466.8	93.8
Connecticut	1.2	16.4	11.7	317.3	577.4	201.1
Middle Atlantic:						
New York	3.7	16.5	33.4	[4] 160.3	[4] 426.6	[4] 138.9
New Jersey	3.4	31.7	58.1	276.2	518.4	166.0
Pennsylvania	4.2	60.0	29.6	153.1	233.0	163.1
East North Central:						
Ohio	5.6	105.5	39.7	366.0	1,008.1	225.2
Indiana	5.6	65.1	48.6	343.6	910.0	231.2
Illinois	5.0	120.6	36.9	320.5	440.2	103.6
Michigan	3.4	58.8	41.9	266.9	1,030.7	217.5
Wisconsin	1.5	11.3	6.2	123.9	620.7	135.5
West North Central:						
Minnesota	1.6	42.9	10.0	258.7	591.7	232.5
Iowa	2.4	27.1	13.5	252.5	834.2	192.0
Missouri	7.3	74.6	18.8	266.7	956.5	158.3
North Dakota	2.9	43.7	16.2	324.0	581.5	207.1
South Dakota	----------	25.2	6.3	186.2	749.3	172.7
Nebraska	2.4	28.7	13.9	125.2	425.2	179.4
Kansas	6.6	39.6	20.1	388.5	1,128.7	153.9
South Atlantic:						
Delaware	8.7	41.5	43.3	337.6	736.6	236.3
Maryland	7.4	103.9	7.0	267.8	505.1	282.0
Virginia	19.8	79.7	223.7	554.3	1,501.5	250.3
West Virginia	9.0	75.9	65.5	294.6	811.0	200.4
North Carolina	24.5	71.7	420.2	467.6	877.4	232.5
South Carolina	12.5	28.4	108.6	235.1	1,545.9	148.0
Georgia	33.6	128.0	108.2	741.2	1,588.1	276.5
Florida	22.6	124.1	228.7	828.6	1,586.6	207.6
East South Central:						
Kentucky	18.8	102.0	139.6	570.5	1,087.3	320.9
Tennessee	23.7	116.6	[5] 250.0	456.1	674.8	243.7
Alabama	28.3	53.8	114.0	411.9	783.4	173.6
Mississippi	17.2	19.2	50.4	347.8	650.8	86.8
West South Central:						
Arkansas	17.4	79.8	108.1	423.4	1,124.7	94.6
Louisiana	14.8	32.8	89.5	184.1	445.6	115.7
Oklahoma	8.1	73.0	56.6	446.4	1,314.9	129.6
Texas	17.9	63.9	82.0	531.8	1,514.4	245.3
Mountain:						
Montana	5.6	65.4	23.7	231.7	1,287.4	288.8
Idaho	1.4	50.9	11.3	343.7	1,209.4	267.3
Wyoming	4.9	52.7	6.6	207.6	1,191.4	179.6
Colorado	4.9	65.9	22.2	407.5	898.7	204.7
New Mexico	9.8	46.3	26.7	501.1	1,711.0	339.7
Arizona	7.8	101.8	61.2	586.5	1,447.2	555.4
Utah	1.7	57.0	12.1	573.0	1,077.3	365.3
Nevada	5.4	67.9	10.9	537.9	2,224.9	638.4
Pacific:						
Washington	3.1	68.6	22.7	632.5	1,196.4	342.9
Oregon	2.0	94.2	20.6	693.5	1,618.3	323.9
California	4.6	74.6	30.0	468.1	1,186.6	490.8

[1] The rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on the reports of 455 cities with a total population of 11,119,471.
[2] Includes report of District of Columbia.
[3] The rate for aggravated assault is based on the reports of 56 cities with a total population of 1,770,458.
[4] The rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on reports of 169 cities.
[5] The rate for aggravated assault is based on reports of 12 cities.

TABLE 107.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to December, inclusive, 1937, by geographic divisions and population groups*

Geographic division and population group	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
NEW ENGLAND						
Group I	1.7	36.6	20.5	171.2	437.9	309.5
Group II	.7	17.2	13.7	335.0	611.1	242.2
Group III	1.2	17.9	15.0	278.4	502.4	170.4
Group IV	1.3	16.6	6.0	301.3	507.4	139.2
Group V	1.5	13.8	6.6	182.2	387.6	70.8
Group VI	2.4	6.5	9.5	136.4	257.0	52.7
MIDDLE ATLANTIC						
Group I	4.9	36.9	41.7	[1] 153.9	[1] 337.3	[1] 198.0
Group II	1.4	24.3	34.5	242.7	458.6	186.6
Group III	2.2	34.5	35.1	267.4	426.5	185.7
Group IV	2.0	16.4	21.3	212.8	482.0	149.9
Group V	2.5	15.2	21.3	149.2	301.7	95.9
Group VI	2.6	16.2	15.6	127.3	212.6	55.9
EAST NORTH CENTRAL						
Group I	5.9	128.4	46.8	342.9	875.5	171.4
Group II	5.2	69.4	57.4	321.7	975.0	273.9
Group III	4.4	58.0	27.8	323.7	763.7	207.9
Group IV	2.4	38.4	18.9	274.0	744.3	196.4
Group V	1.7	33.6	11.4	227.0	561.1	136.4
Group VI	2.2	25.6	21.7	174.6	296.1	78.7
WEST NORTH CENTRAL						
Group I	5.7	74.4	17.0	271.5	850.7	213.3
Group II	4.4	48.9	19.7	296.7	910.8	217.3
Group III	3.4	30.0	9.1	367.8	1,144.0	217.0
Group IV	2.4	35.6	20.5	300.8	913.3	178.2
Group V	4.3	27.5	12.9	244.1	793.7	158.5
Group VI	2.4	21.9	9.1	159.7	364.1	84.2
SOUTH ATLANTIC						
Group I [2]	15.5	157.7	57.0	537.0	1,116.7	394.2
Group II	20.7	117.3	244.8	762.8	1,632.5	277.5
Group III	19.5	76.6	181.5	416.1	1,271.0	227.8
Group IV	17.5	46.2	207.4	476.4	1,301.2	194.5
Group V	16.2	45.7	247.6	323.6	872.4	142.2
Group VI	19.4	69.6	100.1	325.3	504.6	136.3
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL						
Group I	19.5	110.9	161.7	582.0	915.8	269.5
Group II	32.5	108.6	[3] 266.3	527.5	929.0	334.1
Group III	22.7	42.2	98.6	277.4	635.5	184.1
Group IV	15.7	89.3	159.7	553.4	1,110.6	225.3
Group V	21.4	35.6	88.4	201.2	526.8	89.3
Group VI	26.8	34.2	147.6	234.1	358.8	77.1
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL						
Group I	22.1	65.3	80.4	394.6	1,248.9	247.7
Group II	10.7	84.0	68.3	557.4	1,497.8	208.5
Group III	15.0	43.9	142.1	499.1	1,333.1	158.4
Group IV	9.8	34.7	59.2	363.7	1,063.6	112.7
Group V	14.9	29.7	78.7	358.2	1,033.3	131.6
Group VI	9.5	49.0	51.4	295.2	627.6	80.7
MOUNTAIN						
Group I	6.1	69.9	20.5	451.2	622.4	212.1
Group II	2.1	71.4	12.5	621.4	993.8	402.9
Group III	9.8	121.3	54.8	677.1	1,560.7	552.8
Group IV	6.3	56.8	21.9	449.9	1,733.5	463.0
Group V	1.9	59.9	20.4	296.9	1,554.7	305.7
Group VI	3.6	45.0	20.3	309.1	905.4	130.6
PACIFIC						
Group I	5.2	94.9	34.0	550.7	1,190.2	565.9
Group II	3.7	58.7	27.1	547.3	1,153.7	333.6
Group III	3.5	82.7	24.6	518.2	1,682.4	352.0
Group IV	1.7	44.1	19.9	492.1	1,074.0	317.4
Group V	2.5	34.2	8.9	392.6	1,301.2	338.0
Group VI	3.2	39.9	24.9	377.7	1,114.0	255.8

[1] The rates for burglary, larceny, and auto theft are based on the reports of 5 cities.
[2] Includes the District of Columbia.
[3] The rate for aggravated assault is based on the report of 1 city.

Data for Individual Cities With More Than 25,000 Inhabitants.

The number of offenses reported as having been committed during the calendar year 1937 is shown in table 108. The compilation includes the reports received from police departments in cities with more than 25,000 inhabitants. Such data are included here in order that interested individuals and organizations may have readily available up-to-date information concerning the amount of crime committed in their communities. Police administrators and other interested individuals will probably find it desirable to compare the crime rates of their cities with the average rates shown in tables 102 and 107 of this publication. Similarly, they will doubtless desire to make comparisons with the figures for their communities for prior periods, in order to determine whether there has been an increase or a decrease in the amount of crime committed.

With reference to the possibility of comparing the amount of crime in one city with the amount of reported crime in other individual communities, it is suggested that such comparisons be made with a great deal of caution, because differences in the figures may be due to a great variety of factors. The amount of crime committed in a community is not chargeable to the police but is rather a charge against the entire community. The following is a list of some of the factors which might affect the amount of crime in a community: The composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race; the economic status and activities of the population; climate; educational, recreational, and religious facilities; the number of police employees per unit of population; the standards governing appointments to the police force; the policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts; the attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems. Comparisons between the crime rates of individual cities should not be made without giving consideration to the above-mentioned factors. It should be noted that it is more important to determine whether the figures for a given community show increases or decreases in the amount of crime committed than to ascertain whether the figures are above or below those of some other community.

In examining a compilation of crime figures for individual communities it should be borne in mind that in view of the fact that the data are compiled by different record departments operating under separate and distinct administrative systems, it is entirely possible that there may be variations in the practices employed in classifying complaints of offenses. On the other hand, the crime reporting manual has been distributed to all contributors of crime reports, and the figures received are included in this bulletin only if they apparently have been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the manual and the individual department has so indicated.

TABLE 108.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1937, cities over 25,000 in population*

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Abilene, Tex	4	3	16	84	20	318	29
Akron, Ohio	9	264	132	1,157	284	1,577	421
Alameda, Calif	1		7	75	12	242	41
Albany, N. Y	1	30	37	276	91	660	249
Albuquerque, N. Mex	4	10		193	32	708	179
Alhambra, Calif		19		274	25	185	91
Aliquippa, Pa	7	2	11	60	12	63	31
Allentown, Pa	1	9	3	183	30	231	236
Alton, Ill	3	23	10	101	10	144	75
Altoona, Pa	1	6	3	180	19	176	84
Amsterdam, N. Y	1	3	2	46	10	86	29
Anderson, Ind	2	27	21	75	47	92	141
Ann Arbor, Mich		5	3	59	49	359	60
Arlington, Mass		3		86	13	58	6
Asheville, N. C	8	38	358	232	54	433	91
Ashland, Ky	3	27	10	57	25	199	73
Atlanta, Ga	115	591	276	3,145	600	4,422	1,069
Atlantic City, N. J	1	51	91	596	267	1,112	248
Auburn, N. Y		1	2	33	8	166	32
Augusta, Ga	11	42	91	286	50	927	91
Aurora, Ill		16	4	80	35	86	83
Austin, Tex	11	28	54	770	91	1,733	188
Bakersfield, Calif	1	23	4	173	71	624	164
Baltimore, Md	67	941	32	2,247	829	3,146	2,454
Bangor, Me		3	2	74	27	185	57
Barberton, Ohio		17	1	76	13	61	23
Baton Rouge, La		11	28	174	35	237	31
Battle Creek, Mich	3	8	6	127	11	473	182
Bay City, Mich		5		92	25	410	135
Beaumont, Tex	13	14	102	183	10	118	59
Belleville, Ill		9		41	6	9	7
Bellingham, Wash		2	1	87	16	167	65
Berkeley, Calif	1	10	12	327	34	1,059	76
Berwyn, Ill	1	17	1	116	8	77	23
Bethlehem, Pa	2	77	26	59	34	60	84
Beverly, Mass			3	34	3	57	24
Binghamton, N. Y		2	4	105	43	308	158
Birmingham, Ala	79	164	144	1,511	370	2,343	624
Bloomfield, N. J		11	1	117	17	150	59
Bloomington, Ill	2	41	4	182	28	281	146
Boston, Mass	12	362	180	1,357	894	2,771	2,952
Bridgeport, Conn		24	1	347	179	609	419
Bristol, Conn		4		60	15	82	19
Brockton, Mass		31	2	221	54	373	74
Brookline, Mass		19	1	304	59	139	202
Brownsville, Tex	3		1	88		55	4
Buffalo, N. Y	19	147	169	621	371	1,951	908
Burlington, Iowa		2	4	66	5	108	24
Burlington, Vt		6		69	11	247	50
Butte, Mont	5	47	15	105	31	375	193
Cambridge, Mass		40	17	417	101	574	476
Camden, N. J	3	29	118	153	150	266	150
Canton, Ohio	7	144	66	490	(1)	1,088	203
Cedar Rapids, Iowa		9	7	134	20	496	81
Central Falls, R. I		7	1	62	8	139	23
Charleston, S. C		21	21	173	119	1,252	43
Charleston, W. Va	14	101	52	196	234	781	308
Charlotte, N. C	37	114	258	715	103	573	334
Chattanooga, Tenn	36	105	(2)	456	93	1,243	279
Chelsea, Mass		6	4	285	39	172	84
Chester, Pa	16	34	22	188	19	124	94
Chicago, Ill	216	5,615	1,548	12,246	3,213	11,759	2,929
Chicopee, Mass	2		1	47	15	176	25
Cicero, Ill	1	49		132	31	130	75
Cincinnati, Ohio	62	631	404	2,503	927	5,827	1,150
Cleveland, Ohio	74	1,663	212	2,691	342	11,212	2,229
Cleveland Heights, Ohio		29	1	119	29	402	52
Clifton, N. J		17	5	142	24	108	44
Clinton, Iowa		3	1	53	21	109	26
Colorado Springs, Colo	1	5		126	24	627	65
Columbia, S. C	6	8	87	9	67	460	25
Columbus, Ga	16	37	35	226	45	579	134
Columbus, Ohio	16	498	137	2,156	661	3,832	835
Concord, N. H		1	1	23	6	33	16

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 108.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1937, cities over 25,000 in population*—Continued

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Council Bluffs, Iowa	1	8	5	94	28	493	101
Covington, Ky	11	24	15	142	84	359	160
Cranston, R. I		3	1	39	46	217	19
Cumberland, Md		5	1	69	39	214	40
Dallas, Tex	82	205	256	1,663	181	6,900	942
Danville, Ill	1	20	1	143	4	343	62
Danville, Va	6	23	122	121	41	399	70
Davenport, Iowa	2	19	4	202	30	849	79
Dayton, Ohio	19	144	135	589	124	2,638	581
Dearborn, Mich	6	29	6	134	62	562	167
Decatur, Ill	2	35	7	339	39	378	130
Denver, Colo	18	205	60	1,323	465	1,360	622
Des Moines, Iowa	4	74	18	695	67	1,829	607
Detroit, Mich	74	1,332	981	4,006	971	19,118	3,675
Dubuque, Iowa	1	7	4	98	30	288	58
Duluth, Minn	2	28	6	114	177	1,041	292
Durham, N. C	11	51	80	270	73	488	206
East Chicago, Ind	11	24	43	105	26	141	82
East Cleveland, Ohio	1	27	1	157	9	262	42
East Orange, N. J	1	19	7	278	31	196	62
East Providence, R. I	1	6	6	91	15	178	15
East St. Louis, Ill	14	105	159	258	85	340	220
Eau Claire, Wis	2	1		54	17	142	47
Elgin, Ill		4	1	64	10	164	13
Elizabeth, N. J		31	41	421	57	584	177
Elkhart, Ind		10	2	119	29	511	56
Elmira, N. Y		17		96	17	295	74
El Paso, Tex	3	57	54	504	63	1,281	206
Elyria, Ohio		4	5	46	9	107	23
Enid, Okla	2	2	3	91	5	225	23
Erie, Pa	3	51	21	299	84	279	307
Evanston, Ill	2	21	24	199	96	445	75
Evansville, Ind	8	44	20	267	38	1,120	371
Everett, Mass		10	3	189	26	227	56
Everett, Wash		12	1	124	20	442	106
Fall River, Mass	2	17	7	497	33	408	166
Fargo, N. Dak		17	8	133	45	189	66
Fitchburg, Mass			1	109	6	258	31
Flint, Mich	5	99	191	697	269	2,145	623
Fond du Lac, Wis		1		24	17	100	40
Fort Smith, Ark	2	20	7	116	11	320	36
Fort Wayne, Ind	4	38	13	364	111	1,674	377
Fort Worth, Tex	29	66	34	1,110	96	2,782	245
Fresno, Calif	3	98	17	406	137	1,125	421
Gadsden, Ala	2	18	6	64	62	181	84
Galesburg, Ill		15		104	7	72	52
Gary, Ind	15	118	133	381	50	499	195
Glendale, Calif	2	27	2	331	68	760	219
Grand Rapids, Mich	1	48	17	687	89	1,867	328
Granite City, Ill	1	23	4	73	(2)	(2)	69
Great Falls, Mont	1	12	3	49	21	579	97
Green Bay, Wis		2	2	112	19	238	76
Greensboro, N. C	13	30	(2)	394	140	286	178
Greenville, S. C	14	15	62	120	54	567	122
Hackensack, N. J	1	8	38	81	16	108	37
Hagerstown, Md	2	7	4	70	24	185	45
Hamilton, Ohio	4	27	3	81	(1)	439	114
Hammond, Ind		28	9	191	39	318	101
Hamtramck, Mich	5	102	10	301	95	537	198
Harrisburg, Pa	4	45	46	292	88	471	169
Hartford, Conn	4	18	55	812	147	1,525	452
Haverhill, Mass		6	4	242	82	94	80
Highland Park, Mich	1	60	9	300	107	315	166
High Point, N. C	8	23	220	122	41	231	105
Hoboken, N. J	3	11	10	99	26	40	40
Holyoke, Mass		13		239	51	386	142
Houston, Tex	76	363	258	2,007	271	5,035	1,168
Huntington, W. Va	9	73	119	492	337	820	171
Huntington Park, Calif		16		242	31	197	129
Hutchinson, Kans	4	5	4	79	7	566	80
Indianapolis, Ind	24	447	317	2,189	946	4,333	1,189
Inglewood, Calif		8	3	125	15	313	57
Irvington, N. J		14	5	287	39	260	95
Jackson, Mich	1	20	17	174	29	554	112
Jackson, Miss	6	11	24	227	(1)	470	79
Jacksonville, Fla	33	173	180	1,174	552	2,564	323

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 108.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1937, cities over 25,000 in population*—Continued

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Johnstown, Pa		1	2	51	13	84	158
Joliet, Ill		24	16	100	32	105	101
Joplin, Mo	2	42	6	279	61	543	116
Kalamazoo, Mich	2	29	17	319	28	1,094	248
Kansas City, Kans	11	143	47	775	(1)	898	160
Kansas City, Mo	42	562	77	1,238	(1)	2,217	607
Kearny, N. J		4		83	31	111	47
Kenosha, Wis		4	3	37	14	106	56
Kingston, N. Y		4	2	29	14	98	21
Knoxville, Tenn	31	54	(2)	692	131	679	215
Kokomo, Ind		11	7	126	41	524	94
Lackawanna, N. Y	1	11	15	26	8	108	45
La Crosse, Wis	1	3	1	57	5	207	40
La Fayette, Ind		10		63	21	321	27
Lakewood, Ohio		41		202	30	229	97
Lancaster, Pa		3	9	159	47	426	81
Lansing, Mich	1	16	6	232	85	623	220
Lawrence, Mass	3	6	3	132	61	111	185
Lexington, Ky	16	61	231	308	94	986	132
Lima, Ohio		25	6	232	65	457	165
Lincoln, Nebr		12	4	99	36	344	230
Little Rock, Ark	16	69	119	461	(1)	1,189	82
Long Beach, Calif	4	97	29	1,276	251	1,921	640
Lorain, Ohio		23	18	130	26	270	92
Los Angeles, Calif	81	1,414	452	7,301	3,381	11,074	9,233
Louisville, Ky	51	385	457	2,350	624	3,469	1,273
Lowell, Mass	1	9	8	264	53	327	170
Lower Merion Township, Pa		6		119	34	38	26
Lynchburg, Va	8	2	38	72	14	301	64
Lynn, Mass	1	39	9	476	68	983	183
Macon, Ga	23	65	133	425	39	705	167
Madison, Wis	1	13	8	70	46	389	160
Manchester, N. H		2	6	105	33	266	59
Mansfield, Ohio		24	4	163	47	360	93
Marion, Ohio		14	2	123	35	316	79
Massillon, Ohio	1	24	9	71	17	108	28
Maywood, Ill		12	8	73	21	95	10
McKeesport, Pa		58	104	92	78	122	137
Medford, Mass		19		194	25	212	45
Memphis, Tenn	36	396	768	1,099	97	902	394
Meriden, Conn	1	4		136	22	145	48
Meridian, Miss	5	12	8	313	27	232	26
Miami, Fla	39	329	796	1,621	447	1,551	449
Michigan City, Ind	1	20	15	75	18	91	35
Middletown, Conn			1	34	7	36	20
Middletown, Ohio	1	29	22	101	26	417	115
Milwaukee, Wis	9	44	55	482	237	4,154	850
Minneapolis, Minn	9	284	58	1,550	537	2,305	1,654
Mishawaka, Ind		6		74	4	166	45
Mobile, Ala	26	45	148	157	35	257	110
Moline, Ill		15	7	108	30	253	72
Monroe, La	2	24	6	102	6	287	28
Mount Vernon, N. Y		1	5	55	16	87	55
Muncie, Ind	7	8	64	137	48	325	155
Muskegon, Mich		13		128	37	365	101
Muskogee, Okla	3	31	16	169	22	428	46
Nashua, N. H	1	3		75	9	128	30
Nashville, Tenn	60	265	416	911	(1)	1,480	810
New Albany, Ind	2	4	9	41	21	291	43
Newark, N. J	39	214	587	1,051	410	3,658	1,546
Newark, Ohio	1	7	4	93	14	373	56
New Bedford, Mass	2	17	19	412	112	988	189
New Britain, Conn		43	11	328	31	337	158
New Brunswick, N. J		10	12	117	16	194	82
Newburgh, N. Y	1	1	2	59	22	120	37
New Castle, Pa		20	4	104	29	164	183
New Haven, Conn	1	34	16	857	183	1,150	448
New London, Conn	1		8	48	9	129	23
New Orleans, La	78	129	344	540	244	694	533
Newport, Ky	3	47	40	278	21	222	95
Newport, R. I	1		3	62	31	144	23
Newport News, Va	8	26	72	245	39	184	69
New Rochelle, N. Y		4	30	91	26	50	85
Newton, Mass	3	1		159	(1)	234	97
New York City, N. Y	331	1,276	2,921	3,258	(2)	(2)	7,504
Niagara Falls, N. Y	2	45	48	321	75	461	242

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 108.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1937, cities over 25,000 in population*—Continued

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
Norfolk, Va	30	119	166	933	67	1,612	458
Norristown, Pa		6	17	49	25	36	112
North Bergen Township, N. J	1	4		109	12	117	31
Norwood, Ohio		13	5	96	12	178	42
Oakland, Calif	26	307	148	1,634	222	3,626	900
Oak Park, Ill	2	41	7	304	59	345	51
Ogden, Utah	1	26	10	353	81	853	269
Oklahoma City, Okla	13	153	198	878	228	3,140	238
Omaha, Nebr	9	89	55	124	39	543	350
Orlando, Fla	4	10	65	217	19	187	63
Oshkosh, Wis		3	1	54	10	118	32
Ottumwa, Iowa		15	38	101	21	179	37
Parkersburg, W. Va		5	13	74	(1)	217	31
Pasadena, Calif	2	43	15	369	53	1,220	207
Passaic, N. J	1	35	40	320	48	227	211
Paterson, N. J	4	41	37	464	42	217	214
Pawtucket, R. I		5		169	62	631	129
Peoria, Ill	4	22	53	204	33	161	274
Petersburg, Va	5	13	56	126	28	482	14
Philadelphia, Pa	112	803	836	2,158	828	2,250	2,641
Phoenix, Ariz	8	78	36	479	194	1,009	459
Pittsburgh, Pa	40	1,655	109	1,652	784	1,648	2,391
Pittsfield, Mass	1	4	3	115	20	199	106
Plainfield, N. J	2	6	15	94	58	106	58
Pontiac, Mich	3	51	18	283	95	471	247
Port Arthur, Tex	3	6	42	56	8	61	55
Port Huron, Mich	1	7	1	65	2	226	50
Portland, Maine	2	10	87	384	(1)	442	227
Portland, Oreg	6	359	83	2,518	709	4,471	1,061
Portsmouth, Ohio	5	26	27	307	84	612	138
Portsmouth, Va	9	45	167	315	65	753	69
Poughkeepsie, N. Y		3	9	123	39	335	44
Providence, R. I	6	20	34	428	94	806	275
Pueblo, Colo	2	46	20	213	25	367	106
Quincy, Mass	1	10	10	118	29	259	94
Racine, Wis	2	10	3	105	21	256	144
Reading, Pa	2	34	37	326	94	568	113
Revere, Mass	1	29	1	264	42	304	115
Richmond, Ind	1	17	2	81	19	105	44
Richmond, Va	38	228	621	1,424	401	3,985	577
Riverside, Calif		4	6	161	11	281	59
Roanoke, Va	12	28	50	102	100	585	181
Rochester, N. Y	6	27	38	699	149	1,498	464
Rockford, Ill	3	35	7	135	70	405	96
Rock Island, Ill		21	11	136	45	389	108
Rome, N. Y		2	2	44	12	141	44
Royal Oak, Mich		6		45	20	60	43
Sacramento, Calif	8	172	60	657	147	2,175	484
Saginaw, Mich	4	42	66	328	76	1,122	156
St. Joseph, Mo	5	52	18	452	116	907	147
St. Louis, Mo	59	485	173	1,603	(1)	10,216	1,454
St. Paul, Minn	4	156	32	1,035	218	1,509	547
St. Petersburg, Fla	8	17	24	335	98	1,001	54
Salem, Mass		11	10	133	49	285	97
Salem, Oreg	1	11		100	13	195	55
Salt Lake City, Utah	3	103	18	896	83	1,350	581
San Angelo, Tex	6		35	39	3	108	21
San Antonio, Tex	32	257	239	1,334	483	2,572	840
San Bernardino, Calif	1	30	13	132	3	467	144
San Diego, Calif	7	61	17	395	93	836	519
San Francisco, Calif	28	442	276	1,943	(1)	8,173	4,237
San Jose, Calif		27	6	273	20	873	198
Santa Ana, Calif		8	11	117	13	238	93
Santa Barbara, Calif	2	14	7	194	40	601	115
Santa Monica, Calif	1	39	37	270	30	275	219
Savannah, Ga	16	19	49	136	91	1,726	115
Schenectady, N. Y	1	9	13	286	56	99	125
Scranton, Pa	2	35	49	360	73	442	307
Seattle, Wash	14	315	57	3,066	451	3,469	1,484
Sharon, Pa		1		41	13	112	47
Sheboygan, Wis	1	2	2	78	9	249	50
Shreveport, La	11	42	123	258	54	1,034	164
Sioux City, Iowa	3	36	5	226	(2)	(2)	279
Sioux Falls, S. Dak		10	1	43	27	128	91
Somerville, Mass		21	4	129	42	178	169

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 108.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1937, cities over 25,000 in population*—Continued

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over $50	Under $50	
South Bend, Ind.	2	44	2	245	85	319	189
Spartanburg, S. C.		5		129	39	345	88
Spokane, Wash.	3	119	98	768	251	2,032	377
Springfield, Ill.	2	52	4	530	4	851	261
Springfield, Mass.		10	24	388	89	1,077	301
Springfield, Mo.	3	18		291	85	899	76
Springfield, Ohio	3	53	33	334	(1)	731	195
Stamford, Conn.	1	7	3	116	56	284	97
Steubenville, Ohio	4	28		99	6	142	96
Superior, Wis.	1	19		84	13	179	74
Syracuse, N. Y.	1	23	20	433	108	952	556
Tacoma, Wash.	6	41	3	527	62	810	272
Tampa, Fla.	11	14	87	379	95	568	79
Terre Haute, Ind.	4	53	12	181	26	542	94
Toledo, Ohio	9	251	132	1,268	455	3,439	1,065
Topeka, Kans.	4	12	4	319	47	827	270
Trenton, N. J.	2	63	98	515	147	838	207
Troy, N. Y.	1	51	44	111	115	390	184
Tucson, Ariz.	1	17	17	100	44	193	150
Tulsa, Okla.	16	196	68	1,012	258	2,096	281
University City, Mo.		17	5	89	35	179	14
Utica, N. Y.	1	7	8	155	86	628	227
Waco, Tex.	5	13	117	229	45	884	73
Waltham, Mass.		11		140	39	293	98
Warren, Ohio	1	14	13	106	21	211	73
Washington, D. C.	65	980	600	3,159	1,382	7,405	2,755
Washington, Pa.		6	6	61	7	114	77
Waterbury, Conn.		9	2	203	88	292	251
Waterloo, Iowa	1	6		79		320	47
Watertown, Mass.	3	17	3	74	5	107	43
Watertown, N. Y.		2	2	120	40	614	63
Waukegan, Ill.		9	20	82	64	178	32
West Allis, Wis.	2	7	3	38	18	404	43
West Hartford, Conn.		1		55	3	38	15
West Haven, Conn.		5		35	(2)	(2)	8
West Orange, N. J.		5	1	38	17	47	20
West Palm Beach, Fla.	2	13	3	277	150	615	30
Wheeling, W. Va.	1	59	9	151	35	192	89
White Plains, N. Y.	2		17	45	44	78	29
Wichita, Kans.	5	15	13	404	48	1,788	125
Wichita Falls, Tex.	5	10	52	162	51	867	94
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.		14	19	136	55	175	131
Wilkinsburg, Pa.		6	18	66	9	107	38
Wilmington, Del.	9	46	47	379	135	672	264
Wilmington, N. C.	7	11	271	130	12	265	83
Winston-Salem, N. C.	22	48	274	438	51	762	164
Woodbridge Township, N. J.	1	2	7	70	10	116	23
Woonsocket, R. I.		1		96	14	248	67
Worcester, Mass.		34	55	499	216	247	609
Wyandotte, Mich.		4		50	10	66	15
Yonkers, N. Y.	1	11	38	147	14	325	221
York, Pa.		22	1	61	6	164	118
Youngstown, Ohio	7	257	162	531	69	1,116	641
Zanesville, Ohio		9	3	67	23	193	86

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] Not reported.

Offenses Known to Sheriffs, State Police, and Other Rural Officers, 1937.

In compiling and publishing national crime data, the Federal Bureau of Investigation distinguishes between urban and rural crimes. The figures presented in the preceding tables are based on reports from a large majority of the agencies policing urban areas (places with 2,500 or more inhabitants). Comprehensive data regarding rural crimes are not yet available, but the information on hand is shown in table 109, which is based on reports from 605 sheriffs, 75 police agencies in rural villages, and 7 State police organizations. For comparative purposes, there are presented below percentage distributions of rural and urban crimes (the urban data are based on figures shown in table 102). The percentage figures which follow should be thought of as representing an average group of 100 urban crimes and an average group of 100 rural crimes.

Offense	Percent		Offense	Percent	
	Urban	Rural		Urban	Rural
Total	100.0	100.0	Aggravated assault	3.2	5.6
			Rape	.6	2.6
Larceny	53.9	46.8	Murder	.4	1.5
Burglary	22.5	28.2	Manslaughter	.4	1.5
Auto theft	14.9	9.7			
Robbery	4.1	4.1			

The preceding comparison reveals that whereas only 4.6 percent of the urban crimes are offenses against the person (murder, manslaughter, rape, and aggravated assault), 11.2 percent of the rural crimes reported fall within those classes. This does not mean that more crimes against the person are committed in rural areas than in urban communities. The figures merely indicate that in an average group of 100 rural crimes there would be a larger number of offenses against the person than in an average group of 100 urban crimes. This may be due to the fact that some of the reports representing rural crimes indicate the possibility that they were limited to instances in which arrests were made. Incompleteness of this sort in the reports of rural crimes will tend to increase the percentage of rural crimes against the person because such offenses are much more generally followed by arrests than are the less serious offenses against property.

The percentage distribution of urban and rural crimes is also shown in figure 18.

TABLE 109.—*Offenses known, January to December, inclusive, 1937, as reported by 605 sheriffs, 7 State police organizations, and 75 village officers*

	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Offenses known	940	941	1,715	2,653	3,617	18,295	30,326	6,307

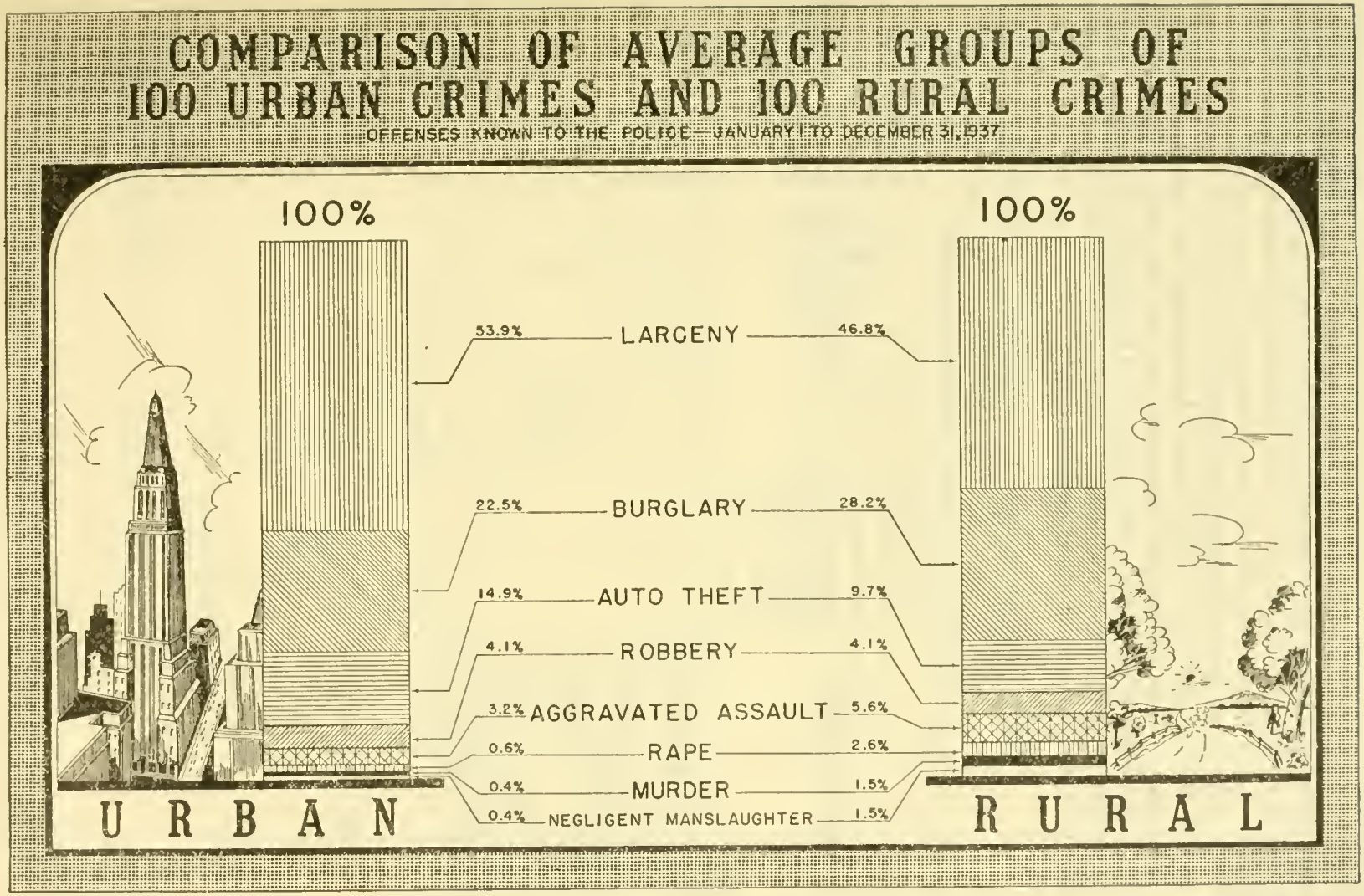
COMPARISON OF AVERAGE GROUPS OF
100 URBAN CRIMES AND 100 RURAL CRIMES
OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE—JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1937
100%
100%
53.9%
LARCENY
46.8%
22.5%
BURGLARY
28.2%
14.9%
AUTO THEFT
9.7%
4.1%
ROBBERY
4.1%
3.2%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
5.6%
0.6%
RAPE
2.6%
0.4%
MURDER
1.5%
0.4%
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
1.5%
URBAN
RURAL

FIGURE 18.

Offenses Known in Territories and Possessions of the United States.

In table 110 there are shown available data concerning the number of offenses known to law-enforcement agencies in Territories and possessions of the United States. The tabulation includes reports from Hawaii County, Honolulu (city and county), and Kauai County, Territory of Hawaii; the Canal Zone; and Puerto Rico. The figures are based on both urban and rural areas and the population figures from the 1930 decennial census are indicated in the table.

With reference to the figures presented for the Canal Zone, it should be noted that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has been advised that less than one-third of the persons arrested for offenses committed in the Canal Zone are residents thereof. It appears, therefore, that a large proportion of the crime committed in the Canal Zone is attributable to transients and other nonresidents.

TABLE 110.—*Number of offenses known in United States Territories and possessions, January to December, inclusive, 1937*

[Population figures from Federal census, Apr. 1, 1930]

Jurisdiction reporting	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Over $50	Under $50	
Hawaii:									
Hawaii County, population, 73,325; number of offenses known	4	1	5	2	16	91	12	370	23
Honolulu, city and county, population, 202,923; number of offenses known	16	7	14	13	31	954	139	1,751	228
Kauai County, population, 35,942; number of offenses known	3	2	------	------	6	7	2	23	3
Isthmus of Panama: Canal Zone, population, 39,367; number of offenses known	4	3	2	6	11	78	14	229	29
Puerto Rico: Population, 1,543,913; number of offenses known	245	127	82	40	1,844	941	114	3,691	51

Data From Supplementary Offense Reports.

In tables 111–114 there are presented the more detailed data compiled from supplementary offense reports received from the police departments of 139 cities with an aggregate population of 16,018,429. The period covered is the calendar year 1937.

Table 111 reveals that more than one-half of the rapes reported were forcible in nature. Of the 12,717 robberies reported, 7,438 (58.5 percent) were committed on city highways and 3,783 (29.7 percent) were robberies of various types of commercial establishments.

The 139 police departments represented in the tabulation reported 54,936 burglaries, 25,700 (46.8 percent) of which were committed in dwelling houses. Of the total burglaries reported, 79 percent (43,473) were committed at night and 21 percent were committed during the day. With reference to residences, however, the proportion of daytime burglaries amounted to 34 percent. Only 9 percent of the nonresidence burglaries were committed during the daytime.

The larcenies reported numbered 123,552. There were 14,234 (11.5 percent) in which the value of property stolen was $50 or more; 79,146 (64.1 percent) involving property valued at $5 to $50; and 30,172 (24.4 percent) in which the value of the property involved was less than $5 per offense. With reference to the type of theft committed, the compilation discloses that there were 1,843 (1.5 percent) cases of pocket-picking and 3,860 (3.1 percent) offenses of purse-snatching.

TABLE 111.—*Number of known offenses with divisions as to the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission, and value of property stolen, January to December, inclusive, 1937; 139 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 16,018,429, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Classification	Number of actual offenses	Classification	Number of actual offenses
Rape:		Burglary—breaking or entering—Con.	
Forcible	653	All other (store, office, etc.):	
Statutory	537	Committed during night	26,562
Total	1,190	Committed during day	2,674
Robbery:		Total	54,936
Highway	7,438	Larceny—theft (except auto theft) (grouped according to value of article stolen):	
Commercial house	2,647	Over $50	14,234
Oil station	895	$5 to $50	79,146
Chain store	226	Under $5	30,172
Residence	607	Total	123,552
Bank	15	Larceny—theft (grouped as to type of offense):	
Miscellaneous	889	Pocket-picking	1,843
Total	12,717	Purse-snatching	3,860
Burglary—breaking or entering:		All other	117,849
Residence (dwelling):		Total	123,552
Committed during night	16,911		
Committed during day	8,789		

The police departments of 139 cities reported thefts of 31,382 automobiles during the calendar year 1937. Table 112 indicates that 29,576 (94.2 percent) of the automobiles were recovered.

TABLE 112.—*Recoveries of stolen automobiles, January to December, inclusive, 1937; 139 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 16,018,429, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Number of automobiles stolen	31, 382
Number of automobiles recovered	29, 576
Percentage recovered	94. 2

The value of property stolen in connection with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft is shown in table 113 as amounting to $19,225,820.51. Recoveries totaled $12,426,895.00, which is 65 percent of the amount stolen. More than one-half of the value of stolen property consisted of automobiles. Exclusive of automobiles, the value of stolen property was $7,879,577.55 and the value of recovered property was $1,754,491.78 (22.3 percent).

The data presented in table 113 are also shown in figure 19.

TABLE 113.—*Value of property stolen and value of property recovered with divisions as to type of property involved, January to December, inclusive, 1937; 139 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 16,018,429, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Type of property	Value of property stolen	Value of property recovered	Percent recovered
Currency, notes, etc	$2, 235, 115. 07	$357, 070. 12	16. 0
Jewelry and precious metals	1, 722, 472. 91	378, 059. 66	21. 9
Furs	302, 140. 54	41, 787. 85	13. 8
Clothing	978, 099. 49	190, 037. 86	19. 4
Locally stolen automobiles	11, 346, 242. 96	10, 672, 403. 22	94. 1
Miscellaneous	2, 641, 749. 54	787, 536. 29	29. 8
Total	19, 225, 820. 51	12, 426, 895. 00	64. 6

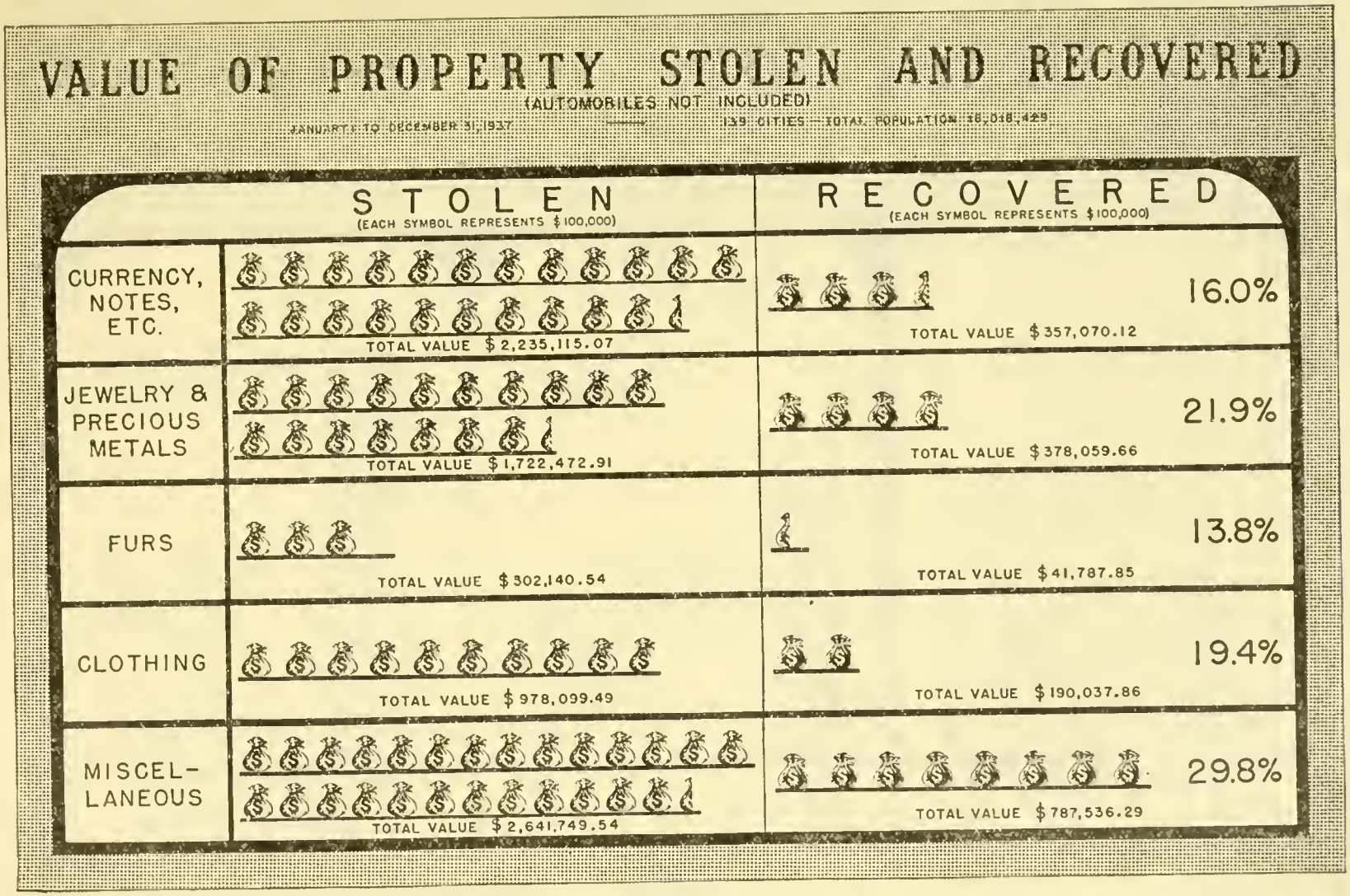
VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED
(AUTOMOBILES NOT INCLUDED)
JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1937 — 139 CITIES — TOTAL POPULATION 18,038,429
STOLEN
(EACH SYMBOL REPRESENTS $100,000)
RECOVERED
(EACH SYMBOL REPRESENTS $100,000)
CURRENCY, NOTES, ETC.
TOTAL VALUE $2,235,115.07
16.0%
TOTAL VALUE $357,070.12
JEWELRY & PRECIOUS METALS
TOTAL VALUE $1,722,472.91
21.9%
TOTAL VALUE $378,059.66
FURS
TOTAL VALUE $302,140.54
13.8%
TOTAL VALUE $41,787.85
CLOTHING
TOTAL VALUE $978,099.49
19.4%
TOTAL VALUE $190,037.86
MISCEL-LANEOUS
TOTAL VALUE $2,641,749.54
29.8%
TOTAL VALUE $787,536.29

FIGURE 19.

The value of property stolen in connection with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft is shown for individual types of crimes in table 114. It should be noted that this compilation is based on reports of 138 police departments, whereas tables 111–113 were based on reports from 139 police departments.

Exclusive of auto thefts, the average value of property stolen per offense is lowest for larceny and highest for robbery. Because of the nature of the property involved, the average value per offense of auto theft is considerably higher than for the preceding types of crimes. In this connection it should be noted that 94 percent of the stolen automobiles are recovered, whereas only 22 percent of other types of property stolen are shown in table 113 as recovered.

With reference to table 114, it should be noted that the figures representing the number of actual offenses include attempted crimes in which no thefts occurred and for which no property values are shown. This naturally has the effect of reducing the average property loss per offense.

The data presented in table 114 are also portrayed in figure 20.

TABLE 114.—*Value of property stolen, by type of crime, January to December, inclusive, 1937; 138 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 15,937,029, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Classification	Number of actual offenses	Value of property stolen	Average value per offense
Robbery	12,659	$1,131,184.23	$89.36
Burglary	54,483	3,224,792.47	59.19
Larceny—theft	122,530	3,598,189.91	29.37
Auto theft	31,235	10,412,999.96	333.38
Total	220,907	18,367,166.57	83.14

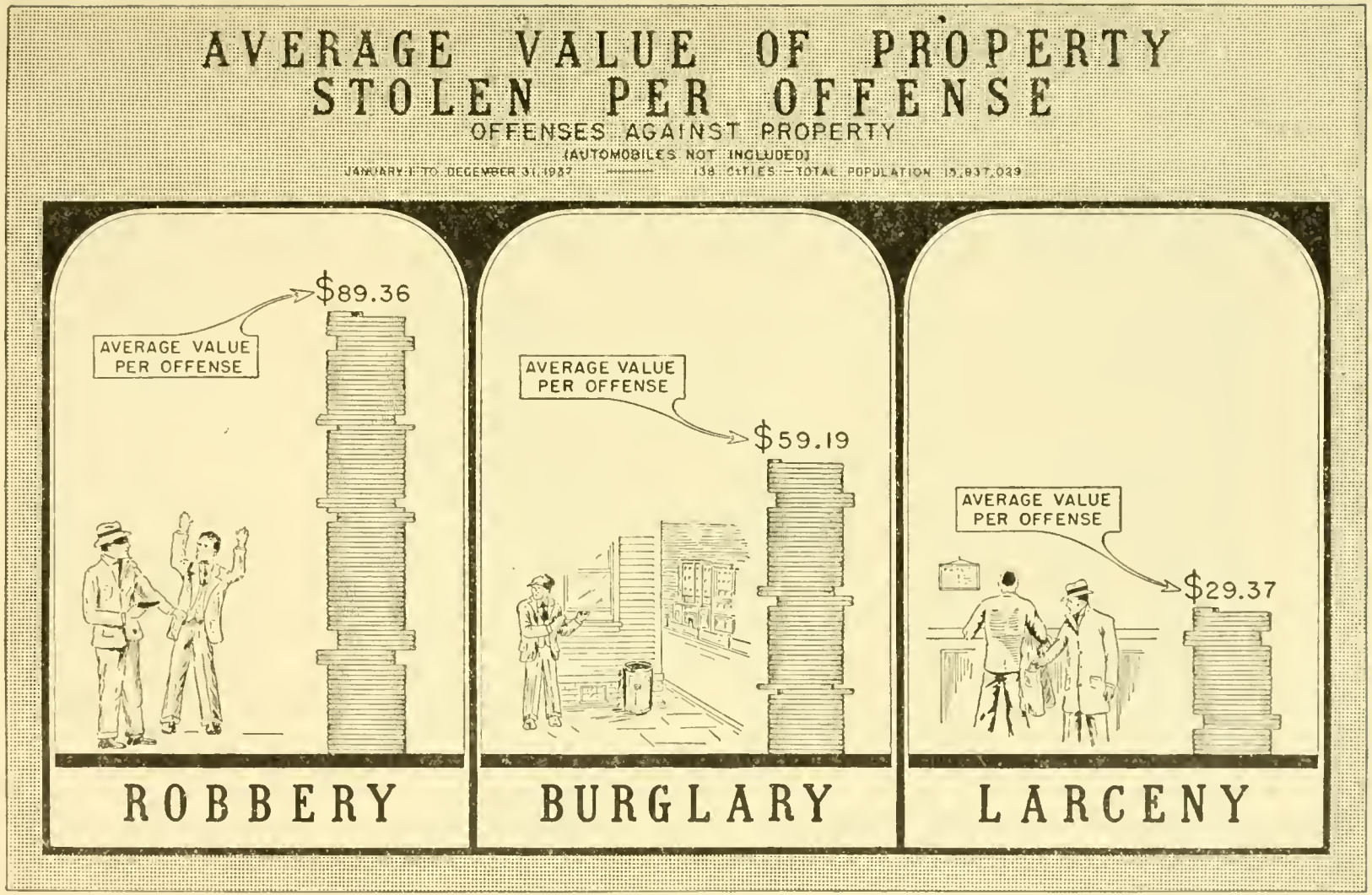
AVERAGE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN PER OFFENSE
OFFENSES AGAINST PROPERTY
(AUTOMOBILES NOT INCLUDED)
JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1937 ..... 138 CITIES — TOTAL POPULATION 15,837,039
AVERAGE VALUE PER OFFENSE
$89.36
ROBBERY
AVERAGE VALUE PER OFFENSE
$59.19
BURGLARY
AVERAGE VALUE PER OFFENSE
$29.37
LARCENY

FIGURE 20.

Estimated Number of Major Crimes in the United States, 1936–37.

Based on monthly reports received from law enforcement agencies during 1936 and 1937, there have been prepared estimates of the total number of serious crimes committed in the entire United States during those years. The population area represented by the reports on which the estimates were based is in excess of 60,000,000 for each year.

The tabulation refers to the crimes listed as major crimes. It is recognized that many of the larcenies reported were minor in character. However, it is believed that this is more than compensated for by the fact that miscellaneous types of serious crimes, such as embezzlement, fraud, receiving stolen property, forgery, counterfeiting, arson, drug violations, carrying concealed weapons, etc., have not been represented in the estimates. It is, therefore, believed that the estimated total of major crimes for each year is conservative.

The compilation reveals increases for all types of crimes except murder and aggravated assault. The estimated total of 1,415,816 major crimes for 1937 is 82,290 in excess of the 1,333,526 for 1936. This represents an increase of 6.2 percent during 1937. The daily average number of serious crimes during 1936 was 3,644 as compared with 3,879 during 1937. This indicates an increase during 1937 of 235 major crimes daily.

The data in table 115 are also presented in figures 21 and 22.

TABLE 115.—*Estimated number of major crimes in the United States, 1936–37*

Offense	Number of offenses		Offense	Number of offenses	
	1936	1937		1936	1937
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,894	7,859	Burglary	278,823	292,870
Manslaughter by negligence	5,348	5,705	Larceny	716,674	780,031
Rape	7,881	8,518	Auto theft	213,712	215,569
Robbery	55,660	59,786	Total	1,333,526	1,415,816
Aggravated assault	47,534	45,478			

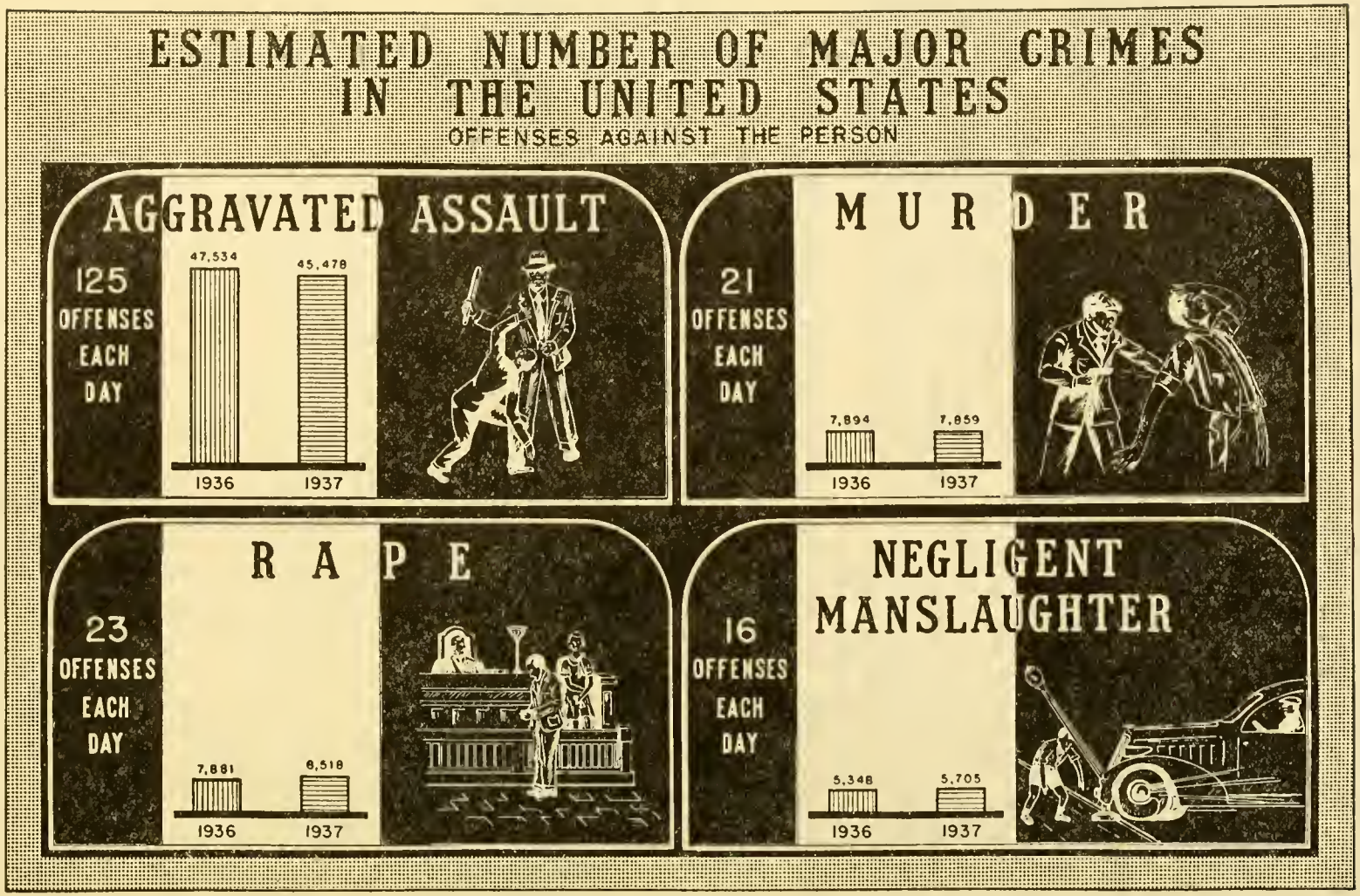
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MAJOR CRIMES IN THE UNITED STATES
OFFENSES AGAINST THE PERSON
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
125 OFFENSES EACH DAY
47,534
45,478
1936
1937
MURDER
21 OFFENSES EACH DAY
7,894
7,859
1936
1937
RAPE
23 OFFENSES EACH DAY
7,881
8,518
1936
1937
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
16 OFFENSES EACH DAY
5,348
5,705
1936
1937

FIGURE 21.

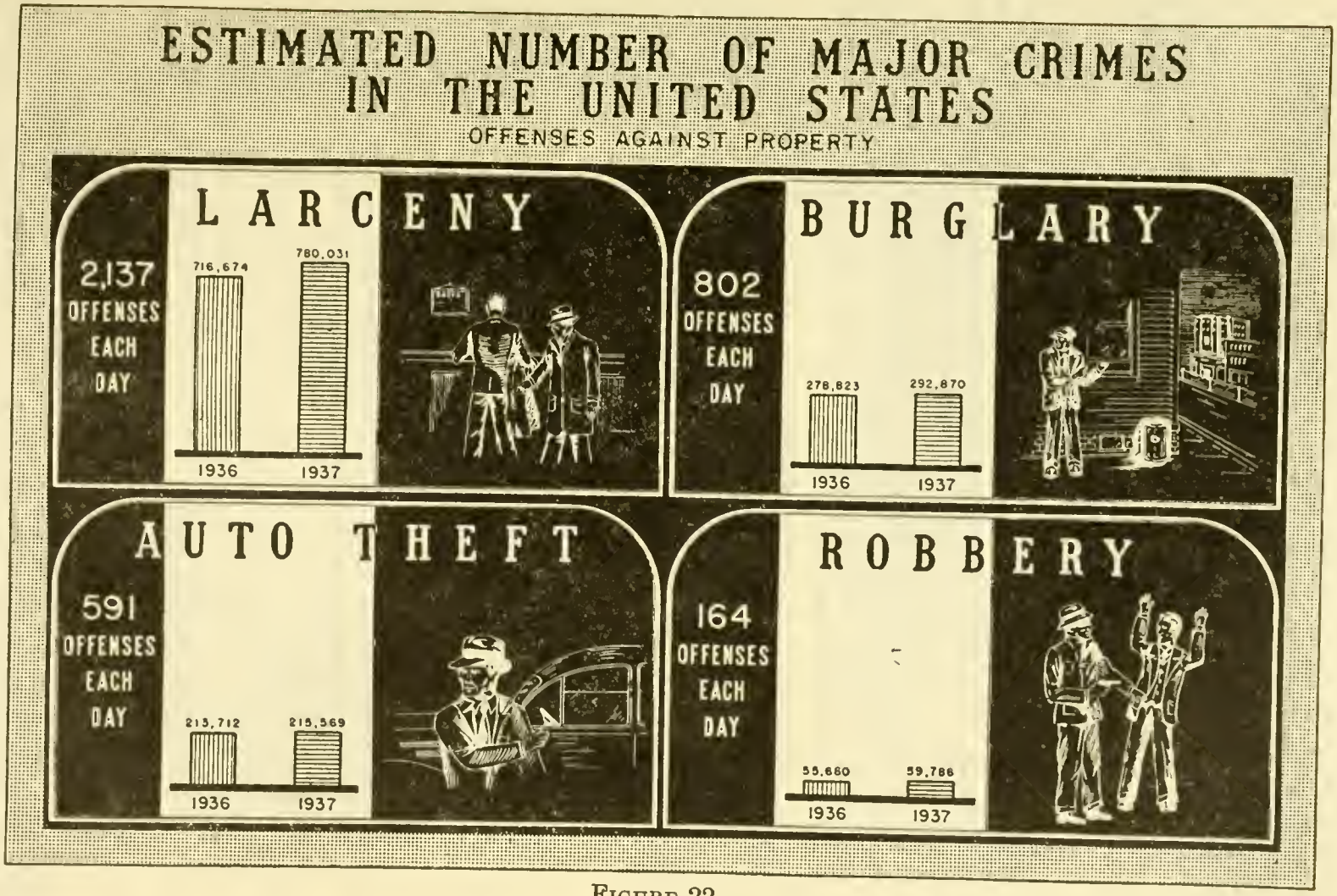
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MAJOR CRIMES IN THE UNITED STATES
OFFENSES AGAINST PROPERTY
LARCENY
2,137 OFFENSES EACH DAY
716,674
780,031
1936
1937
BURGLARY
802 OFFENSES EACH DAY
278,823
292,870
1936
1937
AUTO THEFT
591 OFFENSES EACH DAY
213,712
215,569
1936
1937
ROBBERY
164 OFFENSES EACH DAY
55,660
59,786
1936
1937

FIGURE 22.

parently lived within the
arrested subsequent to the
t 76.4 percent of the 2,802
were subsequently arrested
of the parole period.
ted while on parole,
rged with murder,

of the data
ed in the

FIGURE 22.

DATA COMPILED FROM FINGERPRINT RECORDS

Criminal History of Persons in Single Fingerprint File.

In February 1933, the F B I established a so-called single fingerprint file as an adjunct to its main file of fingerprint records. The main file contains more than 8 million sets of fingerprint records and the average rate of increase is more than 5,000 daily. However, the number of individuals represented in the single fingerprint file is definitely restricted due to certain technical reasons pertaining to criminal investigations. As of December 31, 1937, there were 13,602 persons represented in the single fingerprint file. They were selected because they had been arrested for or convicted of kidnaping, extortion, bank robbery or bank burglary, or had known gang affiliations.

The data on file contain highly interesting information concerning the previous criminal history of the persons represented. Examination of their records shows that the 13,602 individuals had been convicted of 23,869 crimes, as follows:

Offense:	*Number of convictions*
Criminal homicide	418
Rape	145
Robbery	4,871
Aggravated assault	219
Minor assault	457
Burglary	2,451
Larceny	3,325
Auto theft	894
Kidnaping	704
Blackmail	128
Extortion	939
Forgery and counterfeiting	640
Embezzlement and fraud	650
Receiving stolen property	192
Carrying concealed weapons	500
Prostitution and commercialized vice	144
Other sex offenses	101
Neglect of family and children	55
Narcotic drug laws	407
Liquor laws	1,083
Drunkenness	616
Disorderly conduct	851
Vagrancy	1,044
Gambling	151
Driving while intoxicated	68
Other traffic violations	506
Miscellaneous	1,437
Not stated	873
Total	23,869

The records show further that 2,802 of the criminals were recipients of paroles on various occasions during their careers of lawlessness. In 1,014 cases they were thereafter arrested before the expiration of the parole period. In other words, 36.2 percent of the paroles extended to these major criminals were violated by the recipients. In

addition, there were 1,126 persons who apparently lived within the law during the parole period but who were arrested subsequent to the expiration of the parole. This means that 76.4 percent of the 2,802 major criminals who were given paroles were subsequently arrested either while on parole or after the expiration of the parole period.

With reference to the 1,014 individuals arrested while on parole, the records indicate that two-thirds of them were charged with murder, rape, robbery, kidnaping, and other felonies.

For convenient reference there is set out a summary of the data pertaining to the criminal histories of the persons represented in the single fingerprint file.

1. Number of persons represented in the single fingerprint file (Dec. 31, 1937)	13, 602
2. Number who had received pardons, paroles, probationary or suspended sentences	4, 079
3. Percent who received pardons, paroles, etc	30. 0
4. Number who had received paroles	2, 802
5. Number subsequently arrested while on parole	1, 014
6. Percent of parolees arrested while on parole	36. 2
7. Number arrested after expiration of parole period	1, 126
8. Total parolees arrested on parole or subsequent to parole period	2, 140
9. Percent of parolees arrested on parole or subsequent to parole period	76. 4

It should be noted that the preceding data are probably not entirely complete, because full information concerning the previous criminal activities of the persons represented are probably not on file. The amount of information on file in the fingerprint division of the F B I is, of course, dependent upon the contribution of data pertaining to criminal activities by local officials.

Fingerprint arrest records for 1937.

During the calendar year 1937 the F B I examined 520,153 arrest records as evidenced by fingerprint cards, in order to obtain data concerning the age, sex, race, and previous criminal histories of the persons represented. The compilation has been limited to instances of arrests for violations of State laws and municipal ordinances. In other words, fingerprint cards representing arrests for violations of Federal laws or representing commitments to any type of penal institution have been excluded from this tabulation.

The number of fingerprint records examined was considerably larger than for prior years, which were as follows: 1936, 461,589; 1935, 392,251. The increase in the number of arrest records examined should not necessarily be construed as reflecting an increase in the amount of crime, nor as an increase in the number of persons arrested, since it quite probably is at least partially the result of an increase in the number of local agencies contributing fingerprint records to the Identification Division of the F B I. The number of police departments; peace officers, and law enforcement agencies throughout the United States and foreign countries voluntarily contributing fingerprints to the F B I as of December 31, 1937, was 10,674. Comparable figures for prior years are as follows: 1936, 10,229; 1935, 9,085. The tabulation of data from fingerprint cards obviously does not include all persons arrested, since there are individuals taken into custody for whom no fingerprint cards are forwarded to Washington.

Furthermore, data pertaining to persons arrested should not be treated as information regarding the number of offenses committed, since two or more persons may be involved in the joint commission of a single offense, and on the other hand one person may be arrested and charged with the commission of several separate crimes.

More than 29 percent of the arrest records examined during 1937 represented persons taken into custody for murder, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. Arrests for major violations are reflected by the following figures:

Criminal homicide	6, 945
Robbery	13, 779
Assault	29, 669
Burglary	32, 438
Larceny (except auto theft)	59, 281
Auto theft	13, 274
Embezzlement and fraud	15, 846
Stolen property (receiving, etc.)	3, 466
Forgery and counterfeiting	7, 382
Rape	5, 931
Narcotic drug laws	3, 996
Weapons (carrying, etc.)	6, 168
Driving while intoxicated	22, 385
Gambling	7, 176
Arson	839
Total	228, 575

Sex.—Of the 520,153 arrest records examined, 484,177 (93.1 percent) represented men and 35,976 (6.9 percent) represented women. For all types of crimes except commercialized vice the number of men arrested was larger than the number of women. However, a comparison of the figures representing an average group of 100 men arrested with those for an average group of 100 women arrested indicates that there were more women than men charged with murder, assault, and the use of narcotic drugs. Also, the same type of comparison indicates a somewhat larger ratio of arrests of women for larceny, but for other types of crimes against property, such as robbery, burglary, and auto theft, men predominate. The comparison further reveals that 13 of each 1,000 women arrested and fingerprinted were charged with driving while intoxicated, whereas 43 of each 1,000 men arrested were charged with that type of violation. Data for individual types of crimes may be found in the following table.

As mentioned in the preceding paragraph, 6.9 percent of the arrest records examined during 1937 represented women. This is a decrease as compared with 1936 (7.3 percent), but the 1937 figure is the same as the proportion of women arrested during 1934 and 1935.

TABLE 116.—*Distribution of arrests by sex, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Number			Percent		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Criminal homicide	6,915	6,289	656	1.3	1.3	1.8
Robbery	13,779	13,216	563	2.6	2.7	1.6
Assault	29,669	27,134	2,535	5.7	5.6	7.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	32,438	31,915	523	6.2	6.6	1.5
Larceny—theft	59,281	54,946	4,335	11.4	11.4	12.0
Auto theft	13,274	13,082	192	2.5	2.7	0.5
Embezzlement and fraud	15,846	15,169	677	3.0	3.1	1.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	3,466	3,232	234	0.7	0.7	0.6
Arson	839	771	68	0.2	0.2	0.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,382	6,939	443	1.4	1.4	1.2
Rape	5,931	5,931		1.1	1.2	
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,711	1,472	4,239	1.1	0.3	11.8
Other sex offenses	8,986	7,683	1,303	1.7	1.6	3.6
Narcotic drug laws	3,996	3,087	909	0.8	0.6	2.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	6,168	5,967	201	1.2	1.2	0.6
Offenses against family and children	6,277	6,142	135	1.2	1.3	0.4
Liquor laws	8,668	7,483	1,185	1.7	1.6	3.3
Driving while intoxicated	22,385	21,930	455	4.3	4.5	1.3
Road and driving laws	4,048	3,990	58	0.8	0.8	0.2
Parking violations	30	30		(1)	(1)	
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6,647	6,534	113	1.3	1.4	0.3
Disorderly conduct	23,073	20,337	2,736	4.4	4.2	7.6
Drunkenness	85,077	80,791	4,286	16.4	16.7	11.9
Vagrancy	45,044	42,182	2,862	8.7	8.7	8.0
Gambling	7,176	6,735	441	1.4	1.4	1.2
Suspicion	59,056	54,395	4,661	11.4	11.2	13.0
Not stated	6,007	5,612	395	1.2	1.2	1.1
All other offenses	32,954	31,183	1,771	6.3	6.4	4.9
Total	520,153	481,177	35,976	100.0	100.0	100.0

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Age.—From 1932 to the middle of 1935 age 19 was the group in which the largest number of arrests occurred. Since the middle of 1935 there have been more arrests of persons age 21 and 22 than for any other groups. During 1937 there were more arrests for age 22 than for any other single age group. In this respect the record for 1937 is the same as the record for 1936. The groups for which the largest number of arrests occurred during 1937 are as follows:

Age:	*Number of arrests*
22	22,875
21	22,244
23	21,930
19	21,642

The compilation for 1936 reflected that 17.4 percent of the persons arrested were less than 21 years old, but during 1937 the proportion was 18.0 percent. In addition to the 93,853 persons less than 21 years old arrested during 1937, there were 87,309 (16.8 percent) between the ages of 21 and 24, making a total of 181,162 (34.8 percent) less than 25 years old. Persons arrested who were between the ages of 25 and 29 numbered 87,410 (16.8 percent). This makes a total of 268,572 (51.6 percent) less than 30 years old. (With reference to the ages of persons represented by fingerprint cards received at the F B I, it should be borne in mind that the number of arrest records is doubtless incomplete in the lower age groups, because in some jurisdictions the practice is not to fingerprint youthful individuals.)

The number of arrests for ages 16–24 is shown in figure 23.

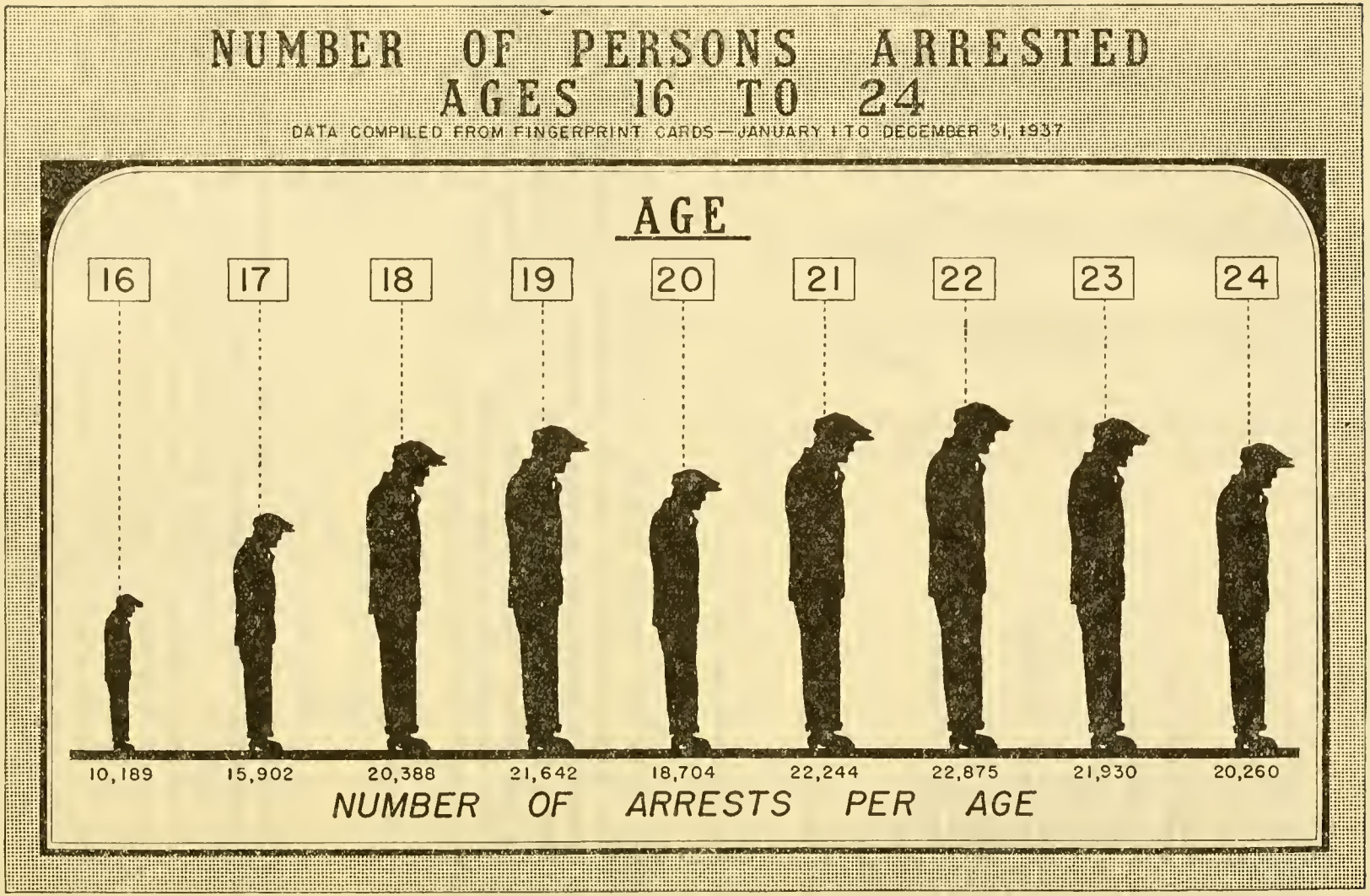
NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED
AGES 16 TO 24
DATA COMPILED FROM FINGERPRINT CARDS—JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1937
AGE
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
10,189
15,902
20,388
21,642
18,704
22,244
22,875
21,930
20,260
NUMBER OF ARRESTS PER AGE

FIGURE 23.

TABLE 117.—*Arrests by age groups, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Age																		Total, all ages
	Not known	Under 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50 and over	
Criminal homicide	9	18	22	57	115	187	261	242	274	317	297	304	1,384	1,041	831	558	407	621	6,945
Robbery	23	34	82	366	614	870	1,020	898	966	943	837	791	2,748	1,676	1,031	486	212	182	13,779
Assault	44	53	66	281	469	671	824	892	1,110	1,202	1,283	1,311	5,911	4,618	3,879	2,657	1,865	2,533	29,669
Burglary—breaking or entering	62	839	713	2,196	2,810	2,730	2,489	1,884	1,792	1,701	1,544	1,297	4,640	3,063	2,070	1,199	688	721	32,438
Larceny—theft	88	1,076	765	2,442	3,462	3,728	3,616	2,854	2,869	2,679	2,474	2,263	9,006	6,789	5,691	3,720	2,459	3,300	59,281
Auto theft	14	195	370	1,043	1,475	1,552	1,316	921	880	753	658	523	1,678	863	534	270	124	105	13,274
Embezzlement and fraud	20	6	16	51	103	246	292	340	584	621	624	596	2,748	2,470	2,466	1,877	1,260	1,526	15,846
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1	14	20	75	111	147	150	118	139	133	145	122	552	444	407	296	228	364	3,466
Arson	2	3	7	17	25	21	23	25	24	20	29	31	126	91	116	90	70	119	839
Forgery and counterfeiting	6	10	26	90	183	234	301	289	299	331	295	284	1,317	1,079	992	713	439	494	7,382
Rape	5	12	22	91	212	341	358	391	372	381	327	275	1,086	655	454	299	211	439	5,931
Prostitution and commercialized vice	6	1	4	16	49	104	165	202	262	408	409	336	1,454	891	669	331	210	194	5,711
Other sex offenses	19	16	21	129	188	275	313	283	363	374	340	373	1,486	1,165	1,069	750	611	1,211	8,986
Narcotic drug laws	4	1	3	15	31	83	74	104	116	140	153	172	685	630	639	463	290	393	3,996
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	11	14	12	100	199	244	259	262	283	298	306	252	1,173	796	751	494	287	427	6,168
Offenses against family and children	5	-------	1	6	14	31	75	111	169	229	256	230	1,249	1,175	1,103	764	442	417	6,277
Liquor laws	13	11	17	36	70	148	166	177	257	289	321	301	1,517	1,320	1,255	990	684	1,096	8,668
Driving while intoxicated	20	4	6	23	55	188	311	368	627	773	793	820	4,190	3,869	3,531	2,708	1,843	2,256	22,385
Road and driving laws	4	2	5	27	68	166	235	201	302	278	249	204	813	540	385	256	150	163	4,048
Parking violations	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	2	-------	2	1	1	1	4	6	8	2	1	-------	2	30
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	9	11	13	58	153	288	339	344	416	431	413	332	1,313	891	638	439	282	277	6,647
Disorderly conduct	23	62	87	231	481	796	857	791	1,070	1,069	1,038	963	4,082	3,229	2,824	1,899	1,407	2,164	23,073
Drunkenness	138	16	29	122	322	748	1,206	1,216	1,917	2,105	2,294	2,292	12,455	13,045	13,826	11,056	8,463	13,827	85,077
Vagrancy	63	84	100	557	1,086	1,759	2,052	1,601	2,305	2,282	2,103	1,901	7,543	5,879	5,085	3,373	2,609	4,662	45,044
Gambling	10	4	7	35	75	109	118	118	178	222	223	248	1,257	1,218	1,274	831	529	720	7,176
Suspicion	91	528	513	1,051	1,943	2,743	2,866	2,386	2,796	2,985	2,750	2,544	10,604	7,926	6,497	4,090	2,792	3,951	59,056
Not stated	24	49	48	107	176	221	235	213	243	250	309	259	1,046	872	734	486	308	427	6,007
All other offenses	34	551	439	967	1,413	1,756	1,721	1,471	1,630	1,660	1,459	1,232	5,341	3,845	3,259	2,230	1,578	2,368	32,959
Total	748	3,614	3,414	10,189	15,902	20,388	21,642	18,704	22,244	22,875	21,930	20,260	87,410	70,088	62,012	43,326	30,448	44,959	58

Youths less than 21 years old were frequently charged with offenses against property, particularly robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. This is clearly indicated by the following tabulation:

Percentage distribution of arrests by age groups

Age group	All offenses	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft
Under 21	18.0	13.0	28.2	42.1	30.3	51.8
21–29	33.6	37.1	45.6	33.9	32.5	33.8
30–39	25.4	27.0	19.6	15.8	21.1	10.5
40–49	14.2	13.9	5.1	5.8	10.4	3.0
50 and over	8.6	8.9	1.3	2.2	5.6	.8
Unknown	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

NOTE.—The data in the preceding compilation are also shown in fig. 24.

The predominance of youthful persons among those charged with offenses against property is further indicated by the fact that during 1937 there were 146,305 persons of all ages arrested for crimes against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, auto theft, embezzlement and fraud, forgery and counterfeiting, receiving stolen property, and arson), and that 45,303 (31.0 percent) of them were less than 21 years old. During 1936 28.5 percent of the total crimes against property were committed by persons under 21 years of age. This indicates an increase in the proportion of such crimes committed by youths.

Further indication of the large part played by youthful persons in the commission of crimes against property is seen in the figures showing that 34.8 percent of all persons arrested were less than 25 years of age. However, persons less than 25 years old numbered 53.9 percent of those charged with robbery, 61.6 percent of those charged with burglary, 47.6 percent of those charged with larceny, and 73 percent of those charged with auto theft. One-half of all persons arrested for crimes against property during 1937 were under 25 years of age.

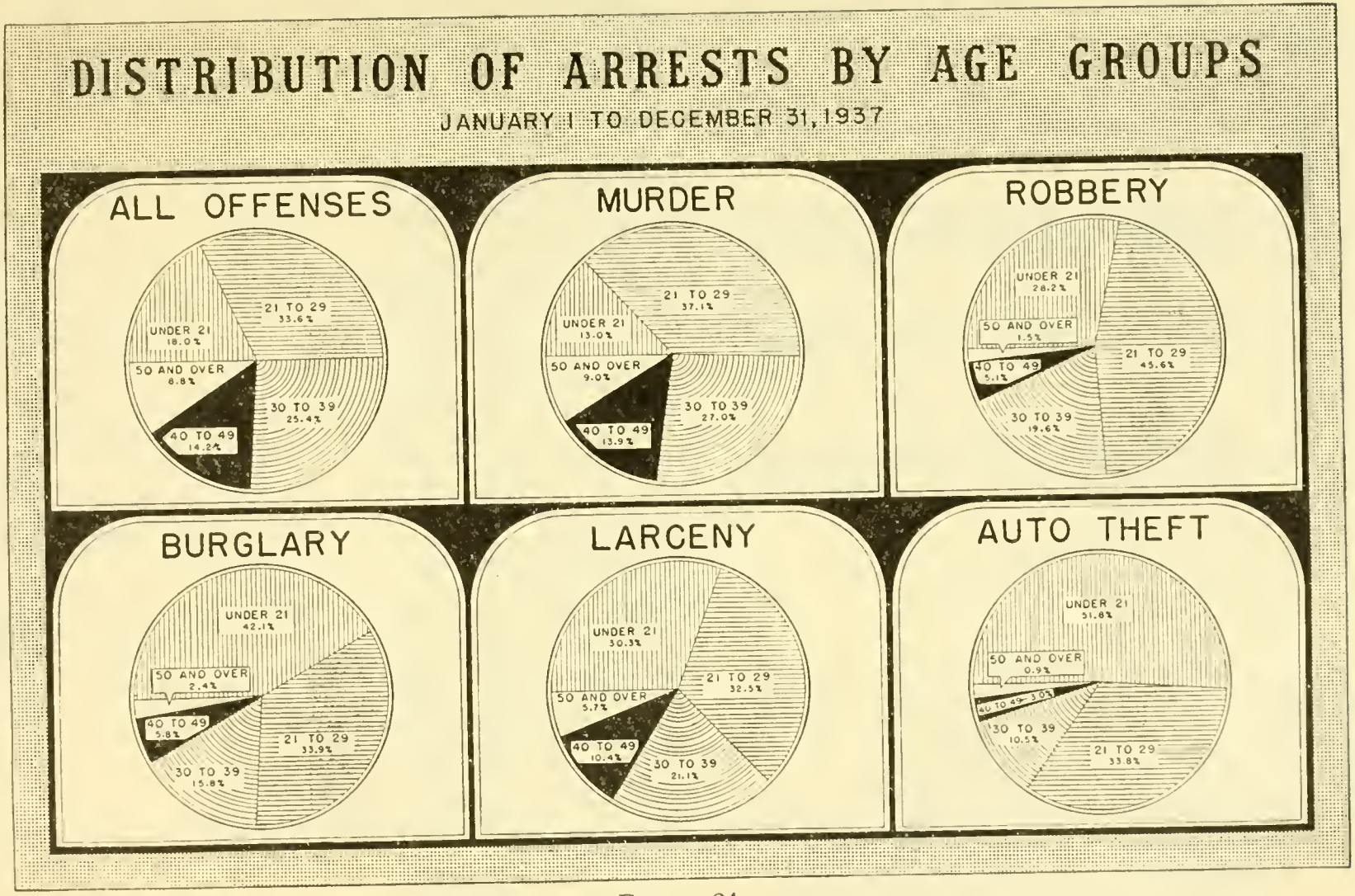
DISTRIBUTION OF ARRESTS BY AGE GROUPS
JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1937
ALL OFFENSES
UNDER 21 18.0%
21 TO 29 33.6%
30 TO 39 25.4%
40 TO 49 14.2%
50 AND OVER 8.8%
MURDER
UNDER 21 13.0%
21 TO 29 37.1%
30 TO 39 27.0%
40 TO 49 13.9%
50 AND OVER 9.0%
ROBBERY
UNDER 21 28.2%
21 TO 29 45.6%
30 TO 39 19.6%
40 TO 49 5.1%
50 AND OVER 1.5%
BURGLARY
UNDER 21 42.1%
21 TO 29 33.9%
30 TO 39 15.8%
40 TO 49 5.8%
50 AND OVER 2.4%
LARCENY
UNDER 21 30.3%
21 TO 29 32.5%
30 TO 39 21.1%
40 TO 49 10.4%
50 AND OVER 5.7%
AUTO THEFT
UNDER 21 51.8%
21 TO 29 33.8%
30 TO 39 10.5%
40 TO 49 3.0%
50 AND OVER 0.9%

FIGURE 24.

TABLE 118.—*Number and percentage of arrests of persons under 25 years of age, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Total number of persons arrested	Number under 21 years of age	Total number under 25 years of age	Percentage under 21 years of age	Total percentage under 25 years of age
Criminal homicide	6,945	902	2,094	13.0	30.2
Robbery	13,779	3,884	7,421	28.2	53.9
Assault	29,669	3,256	8,162	11.0	27.5
Burglary—breaking or entering	32,438	13,661	19,995	42.1	61.6
Larceny—theft	59,281	17,943	28,228	30.3	47.6
Auto theft	13,274	6,872	9,686	51.8	73.0
Embezzlement and fraud	15,846	1,054	3,479	6.7	22.0
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	3,466	635	1,174	18.3	33.9
Arson	839	121	225	14.4	26.8
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,382	1,133	2,342	15.3	31.7
Rape	5,931	1,427	2,782	24.1	46.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,711	541	1,956	9.5	34.2
Other sex offenses	8,986	1,225	2,675	13.6	29.8
Narcotic drug laws	3,996	311	892	7.8	22.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	6,168	1,090	2,229	17.7	36.1
Offenses against family and children	6,277	238	1,122	3.8	17.9
Liquor laws	8,668	625	1,793	7.2	20.7
Driving while intoxicated	22,385	955	3,968	4.3	17.7
Road and driving laws	4,048	704	1,737	17.4	42.9
Parking violations	30	4	11	13.3	36.7
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6,647	1,206	2,798	18.1	42.1
Disorderly conduct	23,073	3,305	7,445	14.3	32.3
Drunkenness	85,077	3,659	12,267	4.3	14.4
Vagrancy	45,044	7,239	15,830	16.1	35.1
Gambling	7,176	466	1,337	6.5	18.6
Suspicion	59,056	12,030	23,105	20.4	39.1
Not stated	6,007	1,049	2,110	17.5	35.1
All other offenses	32,954	8,318	14,299	25.2	43.4
Total	520,153	93,853	181,162	18.0	34.8

The age distribution of males arrested during 1937 is substantially the same as that for all persons arrested, due to the fact that males constitute more than 93 percent of the total arrest records examined. For females, the largest number of arrests occurred at age 22. In this respect the age distribution for females is similar to the distribution representing all persons arrested. However, the proportion of women arrested between the ages of 21 and 29 was 44.3 percent, whereas for all persons it was only 33.6 percent. Similarly, of all persons arrested, 51.6 percent were found to be less than 30 years old, but 62.3 percent of the women arrested were under 30 years of age.

TABLE 119.—*Arrests by age groups, male, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Age																		Total all ages
	Not known	Under 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50 and over	
Criminal homicide	7	13	20	49	109	168	238	220	242	284	263	282	1,234	940	726	516	378	600	6,289
Robbery	23	33	82	357	603	841	984	869	934	906	790	746	2,605	1,605	986	470	205	177	13,216
Assault	39	42	52	241	415	590	717	788	1,011	1,081	1,138	1,173	5,286	4,242	3,542	2,531	1,784	2,462	27,134
Burglary—breaking or entering	62	826	703	2,182	2,772	2,699	2,457	1,862	1,761	1,661	1,505	1,272	4,551	3,005	2,028	1,173	680	716	31,915
Larceny—theft	83	1,052	735	2,319	3,307	3,489	3,376	2,677	2,667	2,472	2,295	2,073	8,133	6,190	5,200	3,452	2,300	3,126	54,946
Auto theft	13	193	367	1,036	1,455	1,537	1,297	909	864	739	646	507	1,647	853	524	266	124	105	13,082
Embezzlement and fraud	19	6	16	48	90	229	271	319	549	591	589	565	2,623	2,365	2,363	1,821	1,224	1,481	15,169
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1	14	17	74	107	140	143	114	133	122	131	108	511	403	371	276	212	355	3,232
Arson	2	2	6	16	23	19	19	25	23	18	25	31	119	87	110	76	66	104	771
Forgery and counterfeiting	5	7	25	80	163	206	283	272	278	313	275	256	1,237	1,018	927	695	420	479	6,939
Rape	5	12	22	91	212	341	358	391	372	381	327	275	1,086	655	454	299	211	439	5,931
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2			2	7	8	16	22	43	60	54	48	305	274	256	151	100	124	1,472
Other sex offenses	15	13	17	96	145	187	245	231	276	279	261	302	1,203	998	953	690	578	1,194	7,683
Narcotic drug laws	2		1	3	14	38	47	68	66	79	92	101	483	523	532	404	267	367	3,087
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	11	13	11	100	197	237	255	250	277	290	292	246	1,119	765	722	484	278	420	5,967
Offenses against family and children	5		1	5	10	27	69	106	161	217	250	217	1,218	1,158	1,085	758	441	414	6,142
Liquor laws	9	11	16	32	61	132	141	154	223	255	278	258	1,252	1,091	1,079	856	619	1,016	7,483
Driving while intoxicated	20	4	6	20	52	181	305	360	615	754	771	795	4,079	3,792	3,445	2,667	1,820	2,244	21,930
Road and driving laws	4	2	4	25	65	166	231	200	298	276	245	202	797	532	380	253	150	160	3,990
Parking violations						2		2	1	1	1	4	6	8	2	1		2	30
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	8	10	12	58	153	282	331	339	410	419	408	325	1,295	877	626	430	276	275	6,534
Disorderly conduct	18	51	64	192	395	665	720	670	859	856	830	827	3,479	2,886	2,582	1,795	1,332	2,116	20,337
Drunkenness	122	15	25	97	284	666	1,083	1,119	1,778	1,899	2,097	2,102	11,505	12,380	13,099	10,696	8,226	13,598	80,791
Vagrancy	58	80	89	516	1,008	1,572	1,879	1,447	2,135	2,042	1,900	1,701	6,923	5,532	4,857	3,261	2,554	4,628	42,182
Gambling	10	3	6	32	70	103	106	114	167	208	206	230	1,183	1,138	1,185	794	492	688	6,735
Suspicion	84	487	482	954	1,804	2,510	2,573	2,153	2,509	2,685	2,452	2,306	9,603	7,367	6,067	3,892	2,640	3,827	54,395
Not stated	23	44	44	97	169	202	218	195	220	233	282	240	954	823	690	473	292	413	5,612
All other offenses	31	500	383	866	1,301	1,639	1,617	1,415	1,542	1,591	1,375	1,170	5,079	3,646	3,085	2,140	1,516	2,287	31,183
Total	681	3,433	3,206	9,588	14,991	18,876	19,979	17,291	20,414	20,712	19,778	18,362	79,515	65,153	57,876	41,320	29,185	43,817	484,177

TABLE 120.—*Arrests by age groups, female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Age																		Total all ages
	Not known	Under 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50 and over	
Criminal homicide	2	5	2	8	6	19	23	22	32	33	34	22	150	101	105	42	29	21	656
Robbery		1		9	11	29	36	29	32	37	47	45	143	71	45	16	7	5	563
Assault	5	11	14	40	54	81	107	104	99	121	145	138	625	376	337	126	81	71	2,535
Burglary—breaking or entering		13	10	14	38	31	32	22	31	40	39	25	89	58	42	26	8	5	523
Larceny—theft	5	24	30	123	155	239	240	177	202	207	179	190	873	599	491	268	159	174	4,335
Auto theft	1	2	3	7	20	15	19	12	16	14	12	16	31	10	10	4			192
Embezzlement and fraud	1			3	13	17	21	21	35	30	35	31	125	105	103	56	36	45	677
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc			3	1	4	7	7	4	6	11	14	14	41	41	36	20	16	9	234
Arson		1	1	1	2	2	4		1	2	4		7	4	6	14	4	15	68
Forgery and counterfeiting	1	3	1	10	20	28	18	17	21	18	20	28	80	61	65	18	19	15	443
Rape																			0
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4	1	4	14	42	96	149	180	219	348	355	288	1,149	617	413	180	110	70	4,239
Other sex offenses	4	3	4	33	43	88	68	52	87	95	79	71	283	167	116	60	33	17	1,303
Narcotic drug laws	2	1	2	12	17	45	27	36	50	61	61	71	202	107	107	59	23	26	909
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc		1	1		2	7	4	12	6	8	14	6	54	31	29	10	9	7	201
Offenses against family and children				1	4	4	6	5	8	12	6	13	31	17	18	6	1	3	135
Liquor laws	4		1	4	9	16	25	23	34	34	43	43	265	229	176	134	65	80	1,185
Driving while intoxicated				3	3	7	6	8	12	19	22	25	111	77	86	41	23	12	455
Road and driving laws			1	2	3		4	1	4	2	4	2	16	8	5	3		3	58
Parking violations																			0
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	1	1	1			6	8	5	6	12	5	7	18	14	12	9	6	2	113
Disorderly conduct	5	11	23	39	86	131	137	121	211	213	208	136	603	343	242	104	75	48	2,736
Drunkenness	16	1	4	25	38	82	123	97	139	206	197	190	950	665	727	360	237	229	4,286
Vagrancy	5	4	11	41	78	187	173	154	170	240	203	200	620	347	228	112	55	34	2,862
Gambling		1	1	3	5	6	12	4	11	14	17	18	74	80	89	37	37	32	441
Suspicion	7	41	31	97	139	233	293	233	287	300	298	238	1,001	559	430	198	152	124	4 661
Not stated	1	5	4	10	7	19	17	18	23	17	27	19	92	49	44	13	16	14	395
All other offenses	3	51	56	101	112	117	104	56	88	69	84	62	262	199	174	90	62	81	1,771
Total	67	181	208	601	911	1,512	1,663	1,413	1,830	2,163	2,152	1,898	7,895	4,935	4,136	2,006	1,263	1,142	35,976

Recidivism.—There were 220,304 (42.4 percent) of the 520,153 persons arrested during 1937 who already had prior fingerprint cards on file in the Identification Division of the F B I. In addition, there were 9,279 current records bearing notations relative to prior criminal activities of persons arrested during 1937, although their fingerprints had not previously been on file. This makes a total of 229,583 persons arrested during 1937 concerning whom there was information on file dealing with prior criminal activities, and the records showed that 149,091 had been convicted previously of one or more crimes. This number is 64.9 percent of the 229,583 records containing data concerning prior criminal activities, and 28.7 percent of the 520,153 arrest records examined.

In more than one-half of the cases the previous convictions were based on major violations as indicated by the following figures:

Criminal homicide	1, 234
Robbery	5, 600
Assault	7, 336
Burglary	16, 228
Larceny (and related offenses)	34, 930
Arson	180
Forgery and counterfeiting	4, 410
Rape	1, 067
Narcotic drug laws	2, 684
Weapons (carrying, etc.)	1, 683
Driving while intoxicated	3, 258
Total	78, 610

There were 29 persons arrested for murder or manslaughter during 1937 whose criminal history revealed that they had on a prior occasion been convicted of criminal homicide in some degree. As already indicated, more than one-half of the total prior convictions reflected in the tabulation were based on major crimes, and the tabulation further indicates a general tendency for recidivists to repeat the same type of crime.

The 149,091 persons whose records revealed one or more prior convictions were found to have been convicted of a total of 356,675 offenses. In 160,253 instances the convictions were of major crimes, and in 196,422 cases the convictions were of less serious violations of the law.

Of the 35,976 females arrested, only 31 percent had previous fingerprint cards on file, as compared with 42.4 percent for all persons arrested during 1937. Similarly, women represented only 4.6 percent of the 149,091 previous convictions found in the records. Since women represented 6.9 percent of the total persons whose arrest records were examined during the year, the percentage of women among those whose records showed previous convictions is comparatively low.

TABLE 121.—*Number with previous fingerprint records, arrests, Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Total		Male		Female	
	Number arrested	Previous finger-print record	Number arrested	Previous finger-print record	Number arrested	Previous finger-print record
Criminal homicide	6,945	1,677	6,289	1,581	656	96
Robbery	13,779	7,040	13,216	6,778	563	262
Assault	29,669	10,562	27,134	10,010	2,535	552
Burglary—breaking or entering	32,438	14,004	31,915	13,887	523	117
Larceny—theft	59,281	24,263	54,946	23,034	4,335	1,229
Auto theft	13,274	5,358	13,082	5,309	192	49
Embezzlement and fraud	15,846	7,259	15,169	7,053	677	206
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	3,466	1,114	3,232	1,076	234	38
Arson	839	207	771	201	68	6
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,382	3,665	6,939	3,551	443	114
Rape	5,931	1,737	5,931	1,737		
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,711	2,799	1,472	662	4,239	2,137
Other sex offenses	8,986	2,448	7,683	2,170	1,303	278
Narcotic drug laws	3,996	2,526	3,087	2,137	909	389
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	6,168	2,109	5,967	2,062	201	47
Offenses against family and children	6,277	2,064	6,142	2,051	135	13
Liquor laws	8,668	3,359	7,483	3,079	1,185	280
Driving while intoxicated	22,385	6,102	21,930	6,013	455	89
Road and driving laws	4,048	1,037	3,990	1,030	58	7
Parking violations	30	8	30	8		
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6,647	2,154	6,534	2,125	113	29
Disorderly conduct	23,073	9,347	20,337	8,624	2,736	723
Drunkenness	85,077	39,406	80,791	37,859	4,286	1,547
Vagrancy	45,044	26,198	42,182	25,012	2,862	1,186
Gambling	7,176	1,984	6,735	1,925	441	59
Suspicion	59,056	25,570	54,395	24,392	4,661	1,178
Not stated	6,007	2,541	5,612	2,416	395	125
All other offenses	32,954	13,766	31,183	13,360	1,771	406
Total	520,153	220,304	484,177	209,142	35,976	11,162

TABLE 122.—*Percentage with previous fingerprint records, arrests, male and female, Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense	Percent	Offense	Percent
Narcotic drug laws	63.2	Assault	35.6
Vagrancy	58.2	Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	34.2
Robbery	51.1	Offenses against family and children	32.9
Forgery and counterfeiting	49.6	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	32.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	49.0	Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	32.1
Drunkenness	46.3	Rape	29.3
Embezzlement and fraud	45.8	Gambling	27.6
Suspicion	43.3	Driving while intoxicated	27.3
Burglary—breaking or entering	43.2	Other sex offenses	27.2
All other offenses	41.8	Parking violations [1]	26.7
Larceny—theft	40.9	Road and driving laws	25.6
Disorderly conduct	40.5	Arson	21.7
Auto theft	40.4	Criminal homicide	21.1
Liquor laws	38.8		

[1] Only 30 fingerprint cards were received representing arrests for violation of parking regulations.

TABLE 123.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show the persons arrested had previously been convicted one or more times, male and female, Jan 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted														
	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft	Embezzlement and fraud	Stolen property	Arson	Forgery and counterfeiting	Rape	Prostitution and commercialized vice	Sex offenses	Drug laws	Weapons
Criminal homicide	29	88	113	119	147	32	18	7	7	13	9	12	12	9	29
Robbery	35	632	267	763	933	244	79	24	6	104	33	52	47	53	89
Assault	135	301	1,190	698	1,099	161	62	42	11	113	65	104	99	79	145
Burglary—breaking or entering	59	424	401	2,922	2,269	462	109	73	14	212	55	39	53	84	113
Larceny—theft	90	560	605	2,362	5,569	575	378	106	23	483	105	127	119	286	164
Auto theft	13	129	116	535	822	552	45	28	3	92	22	7	25	13	32
Embezzlement and fraud	27	126	127	261	738	127	808	22	2	553	24	32	33	46	36
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	9	22	28	130	178	24	10	25	3	11	5	8	5	11	16
Arson	3	5	15	16	28	2	2		6	7	1	4	2	2	1
Forgery and counterfeiting	15	77	57	194	424	93	267	9	4	694	23	17	18	18	13
Rape	14	64	79	161	224	46	20	12	4	25	72	5	27	6	21
Prostitution and commercialized vice	11	28	59	32	146	10	14	2		13	4	827	39	61	8
Other sex offenses	17	47	94	137	215	47	35	4	6	32	38	49	236	17	13
Narcotic drug laws	3	48	39	115	250	25	28	4	1	34	8	79	14	916	16
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	26	108	132	207	225	44	14	11	2	33	7	10	17	18	78
Offenses against family and children	9	19	117	82	134	26	33	7		34	17	5	27	5	15
Liquor laws	31	55	125	132	204	38	17	15		27	7	32	24	26	37
Driving while intoxicated	30	107	189	267	432	113	67	19	6	98	25	24	40	26	52
Road and driving laws	6	12	37	66	96	33	7	2		10	12	4	3	2	11
Parking violations		1				1									1
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6	41	91	129	253	53	29	9	1	30	13	9	17	4	14
Disorderly conduct	52	196	463	520	955	110	88	32	4	110	54	110	105	61	86
Drunkenness	168	481	1,114	1,362	2,800	341	411	52	21	406	143	158	285	207	220
Vagrancy	113	564	567	1,531	2,756	368	364	83	13	383	74	215	186	289	130
Gambling	21	31	61	82	126	16	33	11	1	16	2	19	15	32	22
Suspicion	169	821	670	1,966	3,110	547	498	88	15	530	139	181	168	300	174
Not stated	27	106	68	234	329	75	73	13	2	85	17	19	21	23	17
All other offenses	116	507	512	1,205	1,533	322	180	59	25	262	93	66	113	90	130
Total	1,234	5,600	7,336	16,228	25,995	4,487	3,689	759	180	4,410	1,067	2,214	1,750	2,684	1,683

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted													
	Family and children	Liquor laws	Driving while intoxicated	Road and driving laws	Parking	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	Disorderly conduct	Drunkenness	Vagrancy	Gambling	Suspicion	Not stated	All other offenses	Total
Criminal homicide	6	70	16	10	1	16	49	56	27	22	5	3	76	1,001
Robbery	16	161	39	21		53	184	282	276	49	19	7	288	4,756
Assault	58	400	139	48		126	612	691	275	122	30	18	383	7,206
Burglary—breaking or entering	41	193	89	44		78	302	539	452	60	23	27	607	9,744
Larceny—theft	78	430	191	113	1	191	685	1,241	1,030	76	70	36	981	16,675
Auto theft	10	75	74	23		44	115	194	139	15	7	10	265	3,405
Embezzlement and fraud	34	120	91	30		39	116	280	270	38	18	17	233	4,248
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	4	50	3	6	1	10	28	43	31	13	5	5	57	741
Arson		19	3	1		1	5	19	3				9	154
Forgery and counterfeiting	28	59	38	11		19	38	127	53	5	8	9	96	2,414
Rape	10	37	16	22		15	55	80	38	15	6	3	94	1,171
Prostitution and commercialized vice	6	63	11	2		9	118	89	172	11	10	2	57	1,804
Other sex offenses	22	53	28	8		21	119	165	114	25	9	1	90	1,642
Narcotic drug laws	1	43	7	2		5	66	53	125	14	11	1	32	1,940
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	11	70	25	10		23	101	117	57	16	7	3	85	1,460
Offenses against family and children	162	56	49	9		28	75	137	28	11	3	2	87	1,177
Liquor laws	11	843	33	22		16	75	133	53	68	7	5	107	2,143
Driving while intoxicated	25	330	669	99		82	130	896	112	30	10	6	173	4,057
Road and driving laws	3	49	30	57		35	22	83	27	8	4	3	39	661
Parking violations							1			1			1	6
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	12	71	91	35		117	77	140	41	16	2	1	101	1,403
Disorderly conduct	49	200	117	41		73	1,080	1,060	523	44	17	9	377	6,536
Drunkenness	147	1,103	990	161		147	1,187	14,487	2,012	168	67	28	1,117	29,783
Vagrancy	75	397	171	40	1	61	725	2,328	3,806	82	114	27	1,180	16,613
Gambling	9	148	16	5		11	45	46	52	226	6	7	48	1,107
Suspicion	94	506	170	83	1	113	592	1,641	1,758	92	138	35	1,076	15,675
Not stated	14	74	22	11		16	65	128	112	11	8	10	114	1,694
All other offenses	131	298	130	54		102	423	942	627	52	42	544	1,287	9,845
Total	1,057	5,918	3,258	968	5	1,451	7,093	25,997	12,213	1,290	646	819	9,060	149,091

TABLE 124.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show the persons arrested had previously been convicted one or more times, male, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted														
	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft	Embezzlement and fraud	Stolen property	Arson	Forgery and counterfeiting	Rape	Prostitution and commercialized vice	Sex offenses	Drug laws	Weapons
Criminal homicide	25	86	111	117	143	32	17	7	7	11	9	4	10	7	26
Robbery	34	625	260	756	909	244	79	23	6	103	33	19	35	48	88
Assault	127	298	1,141	694	1,058	160	59	42	10	112	65	54	83	76	143
Burglary—breaking or entering	58	420	400	2,916	2,247	462	107	72	13	212	55	23	52	77	113
Larceny—theft	85	545	584	2,344	5,256	573	364	102	22	471	105	40	99	262	163
Auto theft	13	128	115	534	821	552	45	28	3	90	22	5	22	13	32
Embezzlement and fraud	26	126	124	261	718	127	784	21	2	535	24	27	32	44	36
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	8	22	28	129	174	24	10	25	3	11	5	4	4	11	16
Arson	3	5	15	16	27	2	2		6	7	1	3	1	2	1
Forgery and counterfeiting	15	77	53	194	413	93	261	9	4	675	23	12	15	15	13
Rape	14	64	79	161	224	46	20	12	4	25	72	5	27	6	21
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5	22	37	26	46	9	8	2		8	4	44	5	9	5
Other sex offenses	17	47	86	133	205	47	31	4	6	32	38	8	215	13	13
Narcotic drug laws	3	43	34	112	228	23	27	4	1	30	8	13	7	834	15
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	24	108	130	207	222	44	14	11	2	33	7	8	15	18	77
Offenses against family and children	9	19	116	82	134	26	33	7		34	17	4	26	5	15
Liquor laws	31	55	118	131	200	38	17	14		25	7	24	23	25	37
Driving while intoxicated	29	106	189	266	428	113	67	19	6	98	25	19	37	25	52
Road and driving laws	6	12	37	66	96	33	7	2		10	12	2	3	2	11
Parking violations		1				1									1
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6	41	89	128	252	53	29	8	1	30	13	9	17	4	14
Disorderly conduct	49	192	436	513	914	110	85	31	4	108	54	40	87	56	84
Drunkenness	166	478	1,078	1,358	2,734	338	405	51	20	402	143	67	238	193	217
Vagrancy	111	551	556	1,522	2,674	367	356	81	13	379	74	78	161	262	129
Gambling	21	31	61	82	125	16	33	11	1	15	2	16	15	32	22
Suspicion	160	811	644	1,959	3,004	543	485	85	15	522	139	75	151	274	172
Not stated	25	103	67	234	318	75	73	13	2	83	17	10	17	22	17
All other offenses	113	503	504	1,201	1,515	322	171	58	25	257	93	32	98	82	129
Total	1,183	5,519	7,092	16,142	25,085	4,473	3,589	742	176	4,318	1,067	645	1,495	2,417	1,662

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted													
	Family and children	Liquor laws	Driving while intoxicated	Road and driving laws	Parking	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	Disorderly conduct	Drunkenness	Vagrancy	Gambling	Suspicion	Not stated	All other offenses	Total
Criminal homicide	6	65	14	10	1	16	40	53	24	21	4	3	74	943
Robbery	16	158	36	21		52	161	277	260	49	17	7	284	4,603
Assault	53	382	138	48		123	555	653	256	116	30	17	372	6,865
Burglary—breaking or entering	41	193	87	44		77	298	532	445	60	23	27	604	9,658
Larceny—theft	77	415	186	112	1	186	619	1,202	971	75	65	32	955	15,911
Auto theft	10	72	74	23		44	113	189	137	15	7	10	264	3,381
Embezzlement and fraud	34	119	90	29		38	113	274	263	38	17	17	228	4,147
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	4	46	3	6	1	10	27	41	30	13	5	4	55	719
Arson		17	3	1		1	5	17	3				8	146
Forgery and counterfeiting	28	55	36	11		19	35	126	51	5	8	8	94	2,348
Rape	10	37	16	22		15	55	80	38	15	6	3	94	1,171
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4	39	8	2		9	25	28	41	8	2	2	25	423
Other sex offenses	22	51	27	8		20	97	140	90	24	8	1	88	1,471
Narcotic drug laws	1	39	5	2		5	50	47	90	14	9	1	30	1,675
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	11	65	25	10		22	100	114	56	15	7	3	83	1,431
Offenses against family and children	162	56	49	9		28	74	136	28	11	3	2	85	1,170
Liquor laws	11	768	31	21		16	68	119	47	61	7	5	102	2,001
Driving while intoxicated	25	323	660	98		81	124	889	110	30	10	6	171	4,006
Road and driving laws	3	48	30	57		35	22	82	26	8	4	3	39	656
Parking violations							1			1			1	6
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	12	70	91	34		117	74	138	39	16	2	1	100	1,388
Disorderly conduct	48	188	116	40		72	981	957	475	43	14	9	358	6,064
Drunkenness	147	1,076	969	159		147	1,086	13,878	1,936	163	63	25	1,102	28,639
Vagrancy	74	382	168	39	1	59	691	2,261	3,643	80	108	26	1,159	16,005
Gambling	9	144	16	5		11	42	46	52	218	6	7	47	1,086
Suspicion	93	488	169	82	1	112	540	1,574	1,678	92	130	31	1,017	15,076
Not stated	13	72	21	11		15	57	124	104	11	8	10	106	1,628
All other offenses	126	290	126	54		100	404	918	607	52	40	477	1,257	9,554
Total	1,040	5,658	3,194	958	5	1,430	6,460	24,895	11,500	1,254	603	737	8,832	142,171

TABLE 125.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show the persons arrested had previously been convicted one or more times, female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted														
	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft	Embezzlement and fraud	Stolen property	Arson	Forgery and counterfeiting	Rape	Prostitution and commercialized vice	Sex offenses	Drug laws	Weapons
Criminal homicide	4	2	2	2	4		1			2		8	2	2	3
Robbery	1	7	7	7	24			1		1		33	12	5	1
Assault	8	3	49	4	41	1	3		1	1		50	16	3	2
Burglary—breaking or entering	1	4	1	6	22		2	1	1			16	1	7	
Larceny—theft	5	15	21	18	313	2	14	4	1	12		87	20	24	1
Auto theft		1	1	1	1					2		2	3		
Embezzlement and fraud	1		3		20		24	1		18		5	1	2	
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1			1	4							4	1		
Arson					1							1	1		
Forgery and counterfeiting			4		11		6			19		5	3	3	
Rape															
Prostitution and commercialized vice	6	6	22	6	100	1	6			5		783	34	52	3
Other sex offenses			8	4	10		4					41	21	4	
Narcotic drug laws		5	5	3	22	2	1			4		66	7	82	1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	2		2		3							2	2		1
Offenses against family and children			1									1	1		
Liquor laws			7	1	4			1		2		8	1	1	
Driving while intoxicated	1	1		1	4							5	3	1	
Road and driving laws												2			
Parking violations															
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws			2	1	1			1							
Disorderly conduct	3	4	27	7	41		3	1		2		70	18	5	2
Drunkenness	2	3	36	4	66	3	6	1	1	4		91	47	14	3
Vagrancy	2	13	11	9	82	1	8	2		4		137	25	27	1
Gambling					1					1		3			
Suspicion	9	10	26	7	106	4	13	3		8		106	17	26	2
Not stated	2	3	1		11					2		9	4	1	
All other offenses	3	4	8	4	18		9	1		5		34	15	8	1
Total	51	81	244	86	910	14	100	17	4	92		1,569	255	267	21

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted													
	Family and children	Liquor laws	Driving while intoxicated	Road and driving laws	Parking	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	Disorderly conduct	Drunkenness	Vagrancy	Gambling	Suspicion	Not stated	All other offenses	Total
Criminal homicide		5	2				9	3	3	1	1		2	58
Robbery		3	3			1	20	5	16		2		4	153
Assault	5	18	1			3	57	38	19	6		1	11	341
Burglary—breaking or entering			2			1	4	7	7				3	86
Larceny—theft	1	15	5	1		5	66	39	59	1	5	4	26	764
Auto theft		3					2	5	2				1	24
Embezzlement and fraud		1	1	1		1	3	6	7		1		5	101
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc		4					1	2	1			1	2	22
Arson		2						2					1	8
Forgery and counterfeiting		4	2				3	1	2			1	2	66
Rape														0
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2	24	3				93	61	131	3	8		32	1,381
Other sex offenses		2	1			1	22	25	24	1	1		2	171
Narcotic drug laws		4	2				16	6	35		2		2	265
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc		5				1	4	3	1	1			2	29
Offenses against family and children							1	1					2	7
Liquor laws		75	2	1			7	14	6	7			5	142
Driving while intoxicated		7	9	1		1	6	7	2				2	51
Road and driving laws		1						1	1					5
Parking violations														0
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws		1		1			3	2	2				1	15
Disorderly conduct	1	12	1	1		1	99	103	48	1	3		19	472
Drunkenness		27	21	2			101	609	76	5	4	3	15	1,144
Vagrancy	1	15	3	1		2	34	67	163	2	6	1	21	638
Gambling		4					3			8			1	21
Suspicion	1	18	1	1		1	52	67	80		8	4	29	599
Not stated	1	2	1			1	8	4	8				8	66
All other offenses	5	8	4			2	19	24	20		2	67	30	291
Total	17	260	64	10		21	633	1,102	713	36	43	82	228	6,920

TABLE 126.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show one or more prior convictions, and the total of prior convictions disclosed by the records, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Number of records showing one or more prior convictions	Number of prior convictions of major offenses	Number of prior convictions of minor offenses	Total number of prior convictions disclosed
Criminal homicide	1,001	1,103	812	1,915
Robbery	4,756	6,877	4,591	11,468
Assault	7,206	7,846	7,701	15,547
Burglary—breaking or entering	9,744	15,250	8,536	23,786
Larceny—theft	16,675	25,642	19,222	44,864
Auto theft	3,405	4,646	2,708	7,354
Embezzlement and fraud	4,248	6,235	3,555	9,790
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	741	968	710	1,678
Arson	154	152	134	286
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,414	4,237	1,528	5,765
Rape	1,171	1,361	889	2,250
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1,804	2,281	1,498	3,779
Other sex offenses	1,642	1,867	1,631	3,498
Narcotic drug laws	1,940	4,812	2,016	6,828
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	1,460	1,720	1,383	3,103
Offenses against family and children	1,177	1,050	1,009	2,059
Liquor laws	2,143	1,307	2,669	3,976
Driving while intoxicated	4,057	2,551	4,623	7,174
Road and driving laws	661	503	627	1,130
Parking violations	6	9	11	20
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	1,403	1,191	1,491	2,682
Disorderly conduct	6,536	5,602	10,147	15,749
Drunkenness	29,783	15,022	60,893	75,915
Vagrancy	16,643	15,430	27,172	42,602
Gambling	1,107	1,150	909	2,059
Suspicion	15,675	18,730	17,055	35,785
Not stated	1,694	2,238	1,615	3,853
All other offenses	9,845	10,473	11,287	21,760
Total	149,091	160,253	196,422	356,675

Race.—Whites were represented by 383,306 of the records examined and Negroes by 113,524. The remaining races were represented as follows: Indian, 2,787; Chinese, 1,120; Japanese, 228; Mexican, 16,897; all others, 2,291.

The significance of the figures showing the number of Negroes arrested as compared with the number of whites can best be indicated in terms of the number of each in the general population of the country. Exclusive of those under 15 years of age, there were according to the 1930 decennial census, 8,041,014 Negroes, 13,069,192 foreign-born whites, and 64,365,193 native whites in the United States. Of each 100,000 Negroes, 1,412 were arrested and fingerprinted during 1937, whereas the corresponding figure for native whites was 517 and for foreign-born whites 212. Figures for individual types of violations may be found in the following tabulations. It should be observed in connection with the foregoing data that the figure for native whites includes the immediate descendants of foreign-born individuals. Persons desiring to make a thorough study of the comparative amounts of crime committed by native whites and foreign-born whites should employ available compilations showing the number of instances in which offenders are of foreign or mixed parentage.

TABLE 127.—*Distribution of arrests according to race, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Race							Total all races
	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Mexican	All others	
Criminal homicide	4,258	2,399	27	5	8	204	44	6,945
Robbery	9,294	3,871	47	9	7	415	136	13,779
Assault	16,198	12,118	116	19	18	953	247	29,669
Burglary—breaking or entering	23,032	8,422	106	9	7	720	142	32,438
Larceny—theft	41,161	16,188	228	20	6	1,463	215	59,281
Auto theft	10,956	1,780	74	1	4	431	28	13,274
Embezzlement and fraud	13,638	1,738	48	12	8	351	51	15,846
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc.	2,427	918	7	8	------	90	16	3,466
Arson	697	121	2	------	------	19	------	839
Forgery and counterfeiting	6,583	654	29	5	15	74	22	7,382
Rape	4,413	1,155	53	9	2	231	68	5,931
Prostitution and commercialized vice	3,966	1,600	40	4	1	82	18	5,711
Other sex offenses	7,421	1,252	35	21	2	212	43	8,986
Narcotic drug laws	2,193	797	18	609	1	303	75	3,996
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	3,370	2,502	14	8	5	191	78	6,168
Offenses against family and children	5,217	834	17	------	2	184	23	6,277
Liquor laws	4,873	3,655	20	15	4	93	8	8,668
Driving while intoxicated	19,355	1,561	218	5	21	1,165	60	22,385
Road and driving laws	2,850	929	32	------	3	198	36	4,048
Parking violations	26	3	------	------	------	1	------	30
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	4,974	1,367	22	5	4	237	38	6,647
Disorderly conduct	16,099	5,903	153	7	5	799	107	23,073
Drunkenness	69,372	9,654	849	14	67	4,979	142	85,077
Vagrancy	31,388	8,630	208	48	8	1,526	236	45,044
Gambling	4,088	2,680	4	207	11	85	101	7,176
Suspicion	42,792	14,563	255	52	7	1,202	185	59,056
Not stated	4,703	1,162	37	5	------	77	23	6,007
All other offenses	24,962	7,068	128	23	12	612	149	32,954
Total	383,306	113,524	2,787	1,120	228	16,897	2,291	520,153

TABLE 128.—*Distribution of arrests according to race, male, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Race							Total all races
	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Mexican	All others	
Criminal homicide	4,038	1,979	21	4	8	197	42	6,289
Robbery	8,999	3,624	43	9	7	404	130	13,216
Assault	15,613	10,194	110	19	18	937	243	27,134
Burglary—breaking or entering	22,728	8,217	103	9	7	709	142	31,915
Larceny—theft	38,820	14,308	209	20	6	1,397	186	54,946
Auto theft	10,807	1,746	70	1	4	426	28	13,082
Embezzlement and fraud	13,120	1,587	46	12	8	347	49	15,169
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc.	2,324	791	7	8	------	86	16	3,232
Arson	652	100	1	------	------	18	------	771
Forgery and counterfeiting	6,243	559	28	5	13	69	22	6,939
Rape	4,413	1,155	53	9	2	231	68	5,931
Prostitution and commercialized vice	965	458	5	4	1	23	16	1,472
Other sex offenses	6,433	958	28	19	2	203	40	7,683
Narcotic drug laws	1,536	595	11	603	1	262	74	3,087
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	3,301	2,371	14	8	5	190	78	5,967
Offenses against family and children	5,115	805	16	------	2	181	23	6,142
Liquor laws	4,517	2,834	20	15	4	85	8	7,483
Driving while intoxicated	18,941	1,532	215	5	21	1,156	60	21,930
Road and driving laws	2,812	909	32	------	3	198	36	3,990
Parking violations	26	3	------	------	------	1	------	30
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	4,887	1,344	22	5	4	234	38	6,534
Disorderly conduct	14,503	4,815	137	7	5	771	99	20,337
Drunkenness	66,331	8,582	786	14	65	4,877	136	80,791
Vagrancy	32,338	7,940	177	48	7	1,444	228	42,182
Gambling	3,954	2,373	4	207	11	85	101	6,735
Suspicion	39,569	13,224	220	50	7	1,162	163	54,395
Not stated	4,409	1,069	35	5	------	76	18	5,612
All other offenses	23,709	6,590	119	22	11	593	139	31,183
Total	361,103	100,662	2,532	1,113	222	16,362	2,183	484,177

TABLE 129.—*Distribution of arrests according to race, female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Offense charged	Race							Total all races
	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Mexican	All others	
Criminal homicide	220	420	6	1	------	7	2	656
Robbery	295	247	4	------	------	11	6	563
Assault	585	1,924	6	------	------	16	4	2,535
Burglary—breaking or entering	304	205	3	------	------	11	------	523
Larceny—theft	2,341	1,880	19	------	------	66	29	4,335
Auto theft	149	34	4	------	------	5	------	192
Embezzlement and fraud	518	151	2	------	------	4	2	677
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	103	127	------	------	------	4	------	234
Arson	45	21	1	------	------	1	------	68
Forgery and counterfeiting	340	95	1	------	2	5	------	443
Rape	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	0
Prostitution and commercialized vice	3,001	1,142	35	------	------	59	2	4,239
Other sex offenses	988	294	7	2	------	9	3	1,303
Narcotic drug laws	657	202	7	1	------	41	1	909
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	69	131	------	------	------	1	------	201
Offenses against family and children	102	29	1	------	------	3	------	135
Liquor laws	356	821	------	------	------	8	------	1,185
Driving while intoxicated	414	29	3	------	------	9	------	455
Road and driving laws	38	20	------	------	------	------	------	58
Parking violations	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	0
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	87	23	------	------	------	3	------	113
Disorderly conduct	1,596	1,088	16	------	------	28	8	2,736
Drunkenness	3,041	1,072	63	------	2	102	6	4,286
Vagrancy	2,050	690	31	------	1	82	8	2,862
Gambling	134	307	------	------	------	------	------	441
Suspicion	3,223	1,339	35	2	------	40	22	4,661
Not stated	294	93	2	------	------	1	5	395
All other offenses	1,253	478	9	1	1	19	10	1,771
Total	22,203	12,862	255	7	6	535	108	35,976

TABLE 130.—*Number of arrests of Negroes and whites in proportion to the number of each in the general population of the country, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937, rate per 100,000 of population*

[Excluding those under 15 years of age]

Offense charged	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
Criminal homicide	5.6	4.1	29.8
Robbery	12.8	2.8	48.1
Assault	20.1	21.0	150.7
Burglary—breaking or entering	33.0	7.3	104.7
Larceny—theft	58.6	18.6	201.3
Auto theft	16.0	2.1	22.1
Embezzlement and fraud	17.7	6.9	21.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	2.9	3.7	11.4
Arson	.8	1.0	1.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	9.3	2.4	8.1
Rape	6.0	3.1	14.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5.7	1.1	19.9
Other sex offenses	9.6	7.4	15.6
Narcotic drug laws	3.1	1.0	9.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	4.4	3.4	31.1
Offenses against family and children	7.1	4.1	10.4
Liquor laws	6.4	5.0	45.5
Driving while intoxicated	26.8	8.7	19.4
Road and driving laws	4.1	1.1	11.6
Parking violations	(1)	------	(1)
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	7.0	2.3	17.0
Disorderly conduct	21.8	12.8	73.4
Drunkenness	86.7	36.7	120.1
Vagrancy	46.8	16.4	107.3
Gambling	4.8	3.5	33.3
Suspicion	58.6	19.1	181.1
Not stated	6.6	2.5	14.5
All other offenses	35.0	14.1	87.9
Total	517.4	212.2	1,411.8

[1] Less than 1/10 of 1 per 100,000.

TABLE 131.—*Number of native whites, number of foreign-born whites and number of Negroes arrested and fingerprinted by age groups, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Age	Number arrested			Number of arrests per 100,000 of the general population of the United States		
	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
15	2,301	38	914	116.2	98.9	380.1
16	6,997	148	2,682	346.3	289.8	1,040.6
17	10,769	219	4,157	552.4	335.5	1,696.8
18	13,929	216	4,711	707.9	269.7	1,750.4
19	14,785	264	4,984	791.1	294.1	2,091.9
20	12,982	196	4,163	714.9	183.3	1,610.2
21	14,844	244	4,944	810.6	209.4	2,165.5
22	15,159	288	5,113	850.8	223.3	2,050.2
23	14,261	296	5,232	833.4	205.4	2,231.2
24	13,726	335	5,032	821.7	202.5	2,164.7
25–29	55,153	1,932	22,354	730.2	189.2	2,085.7
30–34	44,791	2,753	15,991	652.7	220.8	1,849.7
35–39	38,652	3,666	13,765	589.9	221.7	1,515.1
40–44	27,241	4,494	7,706	494.9	265.3	1,121.0
45–49	18,290	4,450	4,709	381.4	284.3	747.4
50 and over	26,841	8,152	5,520	185.4	165.9	386.3
Unknown	232	24	199	343.7	244.3	1,449.3
Total	330,953	27,715	112,176	511.2	212.1	1,395.0

TABLE 132.—*Percentage distribution of arrests by age, of native whites, foreign-born whites and Negroes, male and female, Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 1937*

Age	Number arrested			Percent		
	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
15 and under 21	61,763	1,081	21,611	18.7	3.9	19.3
21–24	57,990	1,163	20,321	17.5	4.2	18.1
25–29	55,153	1,932	22,354	16.7	7.0	19.9
30–34	44,791	2,753	15,991	13.5	9.9	14.2
35–39	38,652	3,666	13,765	11.7	13.2	12.3
40–44	27,241	4,494	7,706	8.2	16.2	6.9
45–49	18,290	4,450	4,709	5.5	16.1	4.2
50 and over	26,841	8,152	5,520	8.1	29.4	4.9
Unknown	232	24	199	.1	.1	.2
Total	330,953	27,715	112,176	100.0	100.0	100.0

At the end of December 1937, there were 7,988,636 fingerprint records and 9,262,061 index cards containing the names and aliases of individuals on file in the Identification Division of the F B I. Of each 100 fingerprint cards received during 1937, more than 55 were identified with those on file in the Bureau. Fugitives numbering 6,307 were identified through fingerprint records during this same period, and interested law enforcement officials were immediately notified of the whereabouts of those fugitives. As of December 31, 1937, there were 10,674 police departments, peace officers, and law-enforcement agencies throughout the United States and foreign countries voluntarily contributing fingerprints to the F B I.

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